CAP1616 Gateway documentation Stage 1: Define Gateway

Design Principles

Realignment of Q36 and Q37 to accommodate Dublin Runway 2

V1.1

NATS

NATS Uncontrolled

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Publication history

Issue	Month/Year	Change Requests in this issue
Issue 1.0	Oct 2019	First issue submitted to the CAA
Issue 1.1	Oct 2019	 Updated following feedback from the CAA; the following sections were updated: The DPs have been numbered, as per the draft DPs sent out to stakeholders Generic SARG/ DfT design requirements removed, could cause confusion against the Design Principles Updated wording in Sections 1.4 – 1.5 to explain the required ANSP agreement Appendix A updated to include the email which was sent out to stakeholders

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1. Introduction

1.1 This document forms part of the document set required in accordance with the requirements of the CAP1616 airspace change process.

1.2 This document aims to provide adequate evidence to satisfy Stage 1 Define Gateway, Step 1B Design Principles.

1.3 This project relates to ATS Routes Q36 and Q37 which are contained in UK airspace and end at COP LIFFY, on the UK-Ireland FIR boundary.

1.4 As part of this cross-border collaboration, there are ongoing negotiations and inter-ANSP operational development agreements between NATS and the Irish Aviation Authority (IAA). NATS have undertaken design work in consideration of the planned Dublin implementation timescales. Following early engagement with MOD and at their request NATS have commenced two ACPs for work associated with Dublin Airspace project (this ACP for Q36/37 and another for changes to Y124).

1.5 There must be agreement between both the IAA and NATS that the design concept being progressed suits all operations.

1.6 The following Statement of Need was submitted to the CAA in October 2018:

In order to meet the interface requirements for new SIDs proposed by the IAA from the new Dublin Runway 2 (EIDW 28R/10L) routes Q36 & Q37 will need to be realigned to new points on the FIR boundary (instead of LIFFY).



Figure 1: Current Q36 and Q37 location

2. Airspace Design Principles (DP)

2.1 Safety

DP 0 - Safety is always the Maintain or enhance current levels of safety.

Many of the factors below are motivated by ensuring the utmost safety. A change to airspace will only be approved by the CAA if it is as least as safe as current operations. Where possible we will always strive to improve safety.

2.2 Operational

number one priority (A)



DP 1 - Resilience (B)	The proposed airspace design will maintain or enhance operational resilience of the ATC network.
DP 2 - Capacity (B)	The proposed airspace design will enhance benefits from additional systemisation.
DP 3 - Support of Dublin Runway 2 (B)	The proposed amendments to the route structure will provide a compatible interface with the Dublin second parallel runway project (Dublin SIDs and COP alignment).
DP 9 - Training (B)	The design minimises operational impact to airspace users i.e. minimal impact for ATC/Airlines.
2.3 Environmental	
DP 4 - CO ₂ emissions (B)	The proposed route amendments will facilitate the reduction of CO_2 emissions per flight (removal of confluence of airways). As all changes are above 7,000ft, the reduction of CO_2 emissions will be prioritised.
DP 5 - Impact to stakeholders on the ground (C)	Minimise environmental impacts to stakeholders on the ground (all changes are above 7,000ft and over the sea so noise impact is not a primary consideration for this ACP).
2.4 Technical	
DP 6 - MoD requirements (B)	The proposed route amendments will have minimal MoD operational impact.
DP 7 - Minimise CAS (B)	The proposed changes are contained within the extant airspace (no additional airspace required).
DP 8 - Use of PBN (B)	The airspace will enhance the use of PBN (new Dublin RNAV SIDs linking to the existing UK RNAV1 route structure). The use of modern navigation standards will reduce controller and pilot workload via the reduction of tactical intervention.

3. Stakeholder Engagement in Developing Design Principles

A group of targeted stakeholders were sent a set of draft Design Principles on 6th August 2019 (see Figure 2 below); the stakeholders are listed below. They were asked to provide comments by 30th August (see Appendix A for engagement evidence) and send them to the NATS Airspace Consultation mailbox. The deadline for comments was extended by a week to the 6th September and a prompt email was sent to all stakeholders on the 3rd September for final comments.



Stakeholders contacted:

<u>Airlines</u>

Airlines UK, British Airline Pilots Association (BALPA), British Airways (BA), easyJet, Low Fare Airlines, Virgin

Aviation Stakeholders

Airspace 4 All, BAE Systems, British Helicopter Association (BHA), Defence Airspace and Air Traffic Management (DAATM), Guild of Air Traffic Control Officers (GATCO), Gulf Aviation Academy (GAA), Light Aircraft Association (LAA)

Environmental Stakeholders Aviation Environment Federation (AEF)

General Aviation Stakeholders

Aircraft Owners and Pilot Association (AOPA), Association of Remotely Piloted Aircraft Systems (ARPAS), British Business and General Aviation Association (BBGA), British Gliding Association (BGA)

There were three responses received from this engagement which can be found in Appendix B below.

- BAE Systems confirmed that they had no comments on the draft Design Principles.
- British Helicopter Association confirmed that they had no comments on the draft Design Principles.
- A response was received from the MoD with a number of comments which NATS responded to:
 - Clarity was sought on the Design Principle priorities. NATS confirmed the order of priority (A C).
 - The MoD suggested that DP3 (compatible interface with Dublin) should be a lower priority than DP6 (minimal MoD operational impact). NATS explained that the priority reflects the fact that the accommodation of dual runway operations at Dublin is the driver behind this ACP. However, minimal operational impact for the MoD is equally important hence the same priority.
 - The MoD suggested that NATS seek assurance that there is no dependency between this ACP and the Y124 ACP and whether this would require a change to existing adjacent airspace.
 NATS noted this and confirmed that the two submissions are independent but will take the other design into account.
 - \circ ~ The MoD replied that they were content with the responses provided by NATS.

Table 1 below gives a summary of the ongoing engagement that has taken place and is planned, between NATS and aviation stakeholder groups.

Date	Meeting	Attended by
20/06/2018	NATS – IAA Dublin Runway 2	IAA, NATS
27/06/2019	Meeting at NATS Prestwick	IAA, NATS
07/08/2019	Email Engagement Response	Email from British
		Helicopter Association
28/08/2019	Email Engagement Response	Email from MoD
09/09/2019	Email Engagement Response	Email from BAE Systems

Table 1: Summary of Stakeholder Engagement Activity

During this series of engagement, Design Principles have been discussed and this dialogue has influenced the Design Principles stated in section 2. Design Principles were first presented to the IAA on the 27th June 2019,



for which there was no objections. There was general agreement to the Design Principles from stakeholders during the engagement activities, hence no "differing views" which needed to be reconciled (ref. CAP1616 para 114).

4. Appendix A: Stakeholder Engagement Evidence

From: Sent: 06 August 2019 15:20
To: Definition Definit
Dear Sir
Please find attached two sets of Design Principles in respect of forthcoming NATS Airspace Change Proposals under CAP1616.
Additional information for each proposal can be found within the link.
Realignment of Q36 and Q37 to accommodate Dublin Runway 2
Bevised Position of Y124
Please forward any comments on the above by 30 th August 2019 to : <u>airspaceconsultation@nats.co.uk</u>
Regards
NATS
Manager Systemised Airspace Development Prestwick Centre

Figure 2: Stakeholder Engagement Email Evidence

NATS

5. Appendix B: Stakeholder Engagement Feedback



Figure 3: BAE Systems Response



Figure 4: British Helicopter Association Response



Ministry of Defence	Defence Airspace & CAA Aviation Hous Gatwick Airport Sor West Sussex RH6 0YR Telephone:		lent	
	Email:		@mod.gov.uk	
Manager Systemised Airspace Developme 4000 Parkway, Whiteley Fareham Hants PO15 7FL	nt 28 Aug 19		-	
Dear				
MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (MOD) RESPONSE TO NATS ACPs: Y124 AND Q36/Q37				
 Thank you for your recent correspondence regarding the design principles for ACPs: Realignment of Q36 and Q37 to accommodate Dublin Runway 2 and the revised position of Y124. Specific comments related to each of the design principles for both ACPs can be found at Annex A and Annex B respectively. 				
 Given the information provided, it is unclear the priority that each design principle will be given. It is assumed that group A is top priority, followed by those in Group B and the Group C. It 				
 The MOD welcomes continued engagement on both ACPs. If you require any further information, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned. 				
Yours faithfully,				
[signed electronically]				
Squadron Leader SO2 Airspace Plans				

Figure 5: MoD Response Header (references to the separate Y124 ACP have been removed)



	Annex A to MOD Response to NATS ACPs Y124 and Q36/Q37 Dated 28 Aug 19
MOD RESPONSE TO DESIGN PRINCIPLES FOR Q36/Q37 ROL THE FIR BOUNDARY ACP	JTE AND COP CHANGES AT
DP0 Safety (A) Maintain or enhance current levels of safety. Agree.	
DP1 Operational (Resilience) (B) The proposed airspace design will maintain or enhance operation MOD has no comment.	al resilience of the ATC network.
DP2 Operational (Capacity) (B) The proposed airspace design will enhance benefits from additionations comment.	al systemisation. MOD has no
DP3 Operational (Dublin Rwy 2) (B) The proposed amendments to the route structure will provide a co Dublin 2 nd parallel runway project (Dublin SIDs and COP alignment lower priority than DP6.	
DP4 Environmental (CO2 Emissions) (B) The proposed route amendments will facilitate the reduction of CC of confluence of airways) MOD has no comment.	02 emissions per flight (removal
DP5 Environmental (Impact to Stakeholders on the Ground) Minimise environmental impacts to stakeholders on the ground (a over the sea) MOD has no comment.	(C) Il changes are above 7000ft and
DP6 Technical (MoD Requirements) (B) The proposed route amendments will have minimal MoD operation	nal impact Agree.
DP7 Technical (Minimise CAS) (B) The proposed changes are contained within the extent airspace (n MOD broadly agree, however seek assurance that there is no dep that there no change or amendment required to existent adjacent a	endency re the Y124 ACP and
DP8 Technical (Use of PBN) (B) The airspace will enhance the use of PBN (Dublin RNAV SIDs line structure) MOD has no comment.	king to existing RNAV 1 route
DP9 Operational (Training) (B) The design minimises operational impact to airspace users (ATC MOD has no comment.	C/ Airlines – Minimal Training)
L Figure 6: MoD Response	