

CAA CAP 1616 Options Appraisal Assessment (Phase III Final)

Title of Airspace Change Proposal:	Norfolk Vanguard and Norfolk Boreas Windfarms		
Change Sponsor:	Vattenfall (NATS)		
ACP Project Ref Number:	ACP-2018-03		
Case study commencement date:	02/03/2021	Case study report as at:	22/06/2021

Account Manager: [Redacted]	
[Redacted]	

Airspace Regulator (Engagement & Consultation): [Redacted]	
[Redacted]	

IFP: [Redacted]	
[Redacted] (Economist): [Redacted]	

[Redacted]	
ATM (Inspector ATS Ops): [Redacted]	

Instructions
To aid the SARG project leader’s efficient project management, please highlight the “status” cell for each question using one of the four colours to illustrate if it is:

Resolved - GREEN
 Not Resolved – AMBER
 Not Compliant – RED
 Not Applicable - GREY

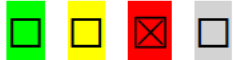
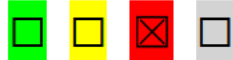
Guidance
The broad principle of economic impact analysis is **proportionality**; is the level of analysis involved proportionate to the likely impact from that ACP? There are three broad levels of economic analysis; qualitative discussion, quantified through metrics, and monetised in £ terms. The more significant the impact, the greater should be the effort by sponsors to quantify and monetise the impact.

1. Background – Identifying the Do Nothing (DN) /Do Minimum (DM) scenarios		Status
1.1	Are the outcomes of DN/DM scenarios clearly outlined in the proposal?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
1.1.1	<p>Has the change sponsor produced an Options Appraisal (Phase III - Final) which consists of the Full appraisal with any refinements or changes made as a result of the Stage 3 formal consultation with stakeholders? [E24]</p> <p>Yes, the change sponsor has produced the Final Options Appraisal which summarises the outcome of the consultation feedback received from stakeholders. The sponsor stated there are no changes to the final proposal as a result of consultation response.</p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

2. Direct impact on air traffic control		Status																														
2.1	Are there direct cost impacts on air traffic control / management systems? If so, please provide below details of the factors considered and the level in which this has been analysed.	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																														
2.1.1	<i>Examples of costs considered (please add costs that have been discussed, and any reasonable costs that the Airspace Regulator (Technical) feels have NOT been addressed)</i>																															
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Not applicable</th> <th>Qualitative</th> <th>Quantified</th> <th>Monetised</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2.1.2</td> <td>Infrastructure changes</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.1.3</td> <td>Deployment</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.1.4</td> <td>Training</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.1.5</td> <td>Day-to-day operational costs / workload / risks</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.1.6</td> <td>Other (provide details)</td> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td>N/A</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Not applicable	Qualitative	Quantified	Monetised	2.1.2	Infrastructure changes	X			2.1.3	Deployment	X			2.1.4	Training	X			2.1.5	Day-to-day operational costs / workload / risks	X			2.1.6	Other (provide details)		X	N/A
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2.1.6	Other (provide details)		X	N/A																												
2.1.7	<p>Comments: The Sponsor stated there are no known costs which would be imposed on commercial aviation except routine AIRAC updates to FMS and flight planning systems.</p>																															
2.2	Are there direct beneficial impacts on air traffic control / management systems? If so, please provide details and how they have been addressed:	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																														

2.2.1	<i>Examples of benefits considered</i>	Not applicable	Qualitative	Quantified	Monetised
2.2.2	Reduced work-load		X	N/A	N/A
2.2.3	Reduced complexity / risk	X			
2.2.4	Other (provide details)	X			
2.2.5	Comments: No discernible benefits to ATC however by not implementing the blanking area there would be negative impact to ATC radar systems and displays and as a result a reduction in safety margins.				
2.3	Where monetised, what is the net monetised impact on air traffic control (in net present value) over the project period? N/A				
2.4	Are the direct impacts on air traffic management analysed accurately and proportionately? All the criteria listed under CAP 1616 are addressed in the IOA and qualitatively analysed in comparison with the do-nothing option which suffices for a scalable Level 2B proposal.				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

3. Changes in air traffic movements / projections					Status
3.1	What is the impact of the ACP on the following and has it been addressed in the ACP proposal?				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
		Not applicable	Qualitative	Quantified	Monetised
3.1.1	Number of aircraft movements		X	N/A	N/A
3.1.2	Type of aircraft movement		X	N/A	N/A
3.1.3	Distance travelled		X	N/A	N/A
3.1.4	Area flown over / affected		X	N/A	N/A
3.1.5	Other impacts	X			
3.1.6	Comments: The sponsor indicated there would be no increase in effective capacity and further explained that relative difference in capacity between each of the option is not likely to affect ATC sector monitor values.				

	<p>In terms of GA access, the FOA states GA users without an operating transponder will have a one-off cost to access the TMZ. The cost will comprise the cost to purchase a transponder and will be circa £2,000. However, the anticipated demand from GA aircraft without a transponder is minimal given the offshore location which is 47km from Norfolk coastline and the aircraft subject to change that are not transponder equipped are 1% which means the vast majority of the GA aircraft will not be impacted by this airspace change.</p>				
3.2	<p>Has the forecasting of traffic done reasonably using best available guidance (e.g. DfT WebTAG, the Green Book, Academic sources...etc?)</p> <p>No impact expected on the volume of transponding traffic in the vicinity of the windfarm proposal site. Based on a representative traffic sample taken in 2019 only 0.16% of traffic did not operate a transponder and therefore would be expected to be impacted by this ACP.</p>				
3.3	<p>What is the impact of the above changes (3.1) on the following factors?</p> <p>This ACP concerns the introduction of a RAG (Radar blanking) and TMZ Primary Radar mitigation Scheme and is not expected by the sponsor to have any impact on transponder equipped aircraft. Work carried out as part of this ACP has been permitted to use a traffic sample taken from 1 – 14th August 2019 as representative this is accepted to be sufficient given the nature of this ACP.</p>				
		Not applicable	Qualitative	Quantified	Monetised
3.3.1	Noise	X			
3.3.2	Fuel Burn		X	N/A	N/A
3.3.3	CO2 Emissions		X	X	N/A
3.3.4	Operational complexities for users of airspace		X	N/A	N/A
3.3.5	Number of air passengers / cargo	X			
3.3.6	Flight time savings / Delays	X			
3.3.7	Air Quality	X			
3.3.8	Tranquillity	X			
3.4	<p>Are the traffic forecast and the associate impact analysed proportionately and accurately according to available guidelines (e.g. WebTAG or the Green Book?)</p> <p>No traffic forecast provided, no expected change to fuel burn for commercial airlines GA users may incur increased fuel burn if they do not have the relevant equipage, however the likely volume of this traffic is estimated to be ~1 per day based on Primary Radar returns from which no further details is retrievable. The location of the proposed change, (47 Km</p>				

	offshore of the Norfolk Coast).	
3.5	What is the total monetised impact of 3.3? (Provide comments) N/A	

4. Benefits of ACP		Status			
4.1	Does the ACP impact refer to the following groups and how they are impacted by the ACP?				
		Not applicable	Qualitative	Quantified	Monetised
4.1.1	Air Passengers	X			
4.1.2	Air Cargo Users	X			
4.1.3	General aviation users		X	X	N/A
4.1.4	Airlines		X	N/A	N/A
4.1.5	Airports	X			
4.1.6	Local communities	X			
4.1.7	Wider Public / Economy		X	N/A	N/A
4.1.8	Comments: This Proposal concerns a development located 47km off the coast of Norfolk therefore no impact on local communities can, in addition to the location just 1 aircraft per day is expected to be impacted.				
4.2	How are the above groups impacted by the ACP, especially (but not exclusively) looking at the following factors: below:				
4.2.1	Improved journey time for customers of air travel	N/A			
4.2.2	Increase choice of frequency and destinations from airport	N/A			
4.2.3	Reduced price due to additional competition because of new capacity	N/A			
4.2.4	Wider economic benefits	The introduction of the wind farm is anticipated to provide CO2e benefits of c. 6 million tonnes per annum. However, this benefit is			

		not directly an airspace change related benefit but will only be realised if the airspace change is implemented.
4.2.5	Other impacts	The introduction of the wind farm is anticipated to provide CO2e benefits of c. 6 million tonnes per annum over its 25-year life. However, this benefit is not directly an airspace change related benefit but will only be realised if the airspace change is implemented.
4.2.6	Comments: As this change is located 47Km offshore and is predicted to impact just 1 aircraft per day communities are not expected to be impacted.	
4.3	What is the overall monetised impacts associated with 4.1 and 4.2 the above? N/A	
4.4	What are the non-monetised but quantified impacts of the above? (Insert details of description) The only quantification is available for the portion (<%1) of non-transponder equipped GA aircraft which will be impacted by this airspace change.	
4.5	What are the qualitative / strategic impacts described above? The design proposal is for the implementation of radar blanking alongside a TMZ to provide mitigation solution for significant radar clutter on radar displays.	
4.6	What is the overall monetised benefits-costs ratio (BCR) of the policy? Is it more than 1? N/A	
4.7	Have the sponsors provided reasonable justification for the proportionality of analysis above? The sponsor stated in the FOA that the environmental impact assessment has been conducted on the basis of CO2 emissions in line with the requirements for a Level 2B change and added it is not sponsor's anticipation that air traffic patterns would be impacted by the change so there would be no noise impact to stakeholders on the ground due to the location of the airspace change and therefore no analysis has been undertaken.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
4.8	If the BCR is less than 1, are the quantitative and qualitative strategic impacts proportional to the costs of the ACP? N/A	

5. Other aspects	
5.1	Nil

6. Summary of Assessment of Economic Impacts & Conclusions		
6.1	The sponsor's Final Options Appraisal fulfils the minimum requirement for the options appraisal for level 2B change by providing the qualitative analysis for all relevant criteria. The proposed option (Option D) would have no significant impact and underlined that the overall CO2e benefits from the windfarm project will outweigh the negligible fuel burn costs to GA aircraft. The sponsor stated the optimum solution to mitigate the impact of the Norfolk Vanguard and Boreas WTGs on the Cromer primary surveillance radar system would be Option D as it best meets the design principles and no update was required to the design following consultation.	
Outstanding issues?		
Serial	Issue	Action required
1	-	-
2		

CAA Initial Options Appraisal Completed by	Name	Signature	Date
Airspace Regulator (Economist)	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	02/03/2021
Airspace Regulator (Environmental)	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	04/06/2021
Airspace Regulator (Technical)	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	01/06/2021
ATM – Inspector ATS (Ops)	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	11/06/2021