

## **DELIVERY UTILISING AUTONOMOUS UAVs**

A TRANSFORMATIONAL TECHNOLOGY OPPORTUNITY

## ACP-2021-025 Initial Assessment Meeting June 2021



## **AGENDA**

- Introduction
- Statement of need
  - SATE Project
  - WR participation
- Issues and opportunities arising from proposed change
  - Use cases
  - ULTRA UAS technology
  - Airspace
- Process requirements (CAA)
- Stakeholder Engagement Strategy
- Provisional timescale
- Next steps
- AOB



## STATEMENT OF NEED



## SUSTAINABLE AVIATION TEST ENVIRONMENT (SATE)

## **OBJECTIVE**

To create the UK's first operationally based, low-carbon aviation test centre at Kirkwall Airport in the Orkney Islands in Scotland and to help decarbonise the aviation industry.

#### CONSORTIUM



























#### **FEATURES**

- Flight trials demonstrated in a real-life context
- Trials including low-carbon aircraft using electric, hydrogen and Sustainable Aviation Fuels (SAF) as well as Unmanned Autonomous Vehicles (UAV)
- Airport infrastructure improvements
- Improved regional air connections
- Local supply chain and employment impacts
- Contribute to Net-Zero aviation goal by 2040



# PART FUNDED BY UK RESEARCH AND INNOVATION (UKRI) THROUGH THE INDUSTRIAL STRATEGY CHALLENGE FUND

- Based at Kirkwall Airport.
- Industrial and community based use cases for alternatively fuelled and alternatively piloted aircraft.
- Outcomes:
  - Road-mapping reports: technology, legislation, regulation and policy.
  - Contribution to decarbonising aviation, lower cost operations, new applications.
  - Develop test environment: physical, digital and operational airport infrastructure.

- The Future Flight Challenge is investing up to £125 million to develop greener ways to fly, such as all-electric aircraft and deliveries by drone, by advancing electric and autonomous flight technologies. The investment is matched by £175 million from industry.
- The challenge aims to bring together technologies in electrification, aviation systems and autonomy to create new modes of air travel and capability.



Innovate UK Project No: 75903



## **OPORTUNITIES**



# ULTRA UAS COULD FILL IN THE EXISTING GAP IN THE LOGISTICS FOR ISLAND POPULATIONS

#### Use-cases (routes) identification meetings



#### **NHS**

- On-demand delivery of urgent pharmaceuticals and high cost portable medical equipment
- Regular direct service to remote health centres

#### Logistic providers

 Reliable service to remote communities affected by reduced and discontinuous logistics

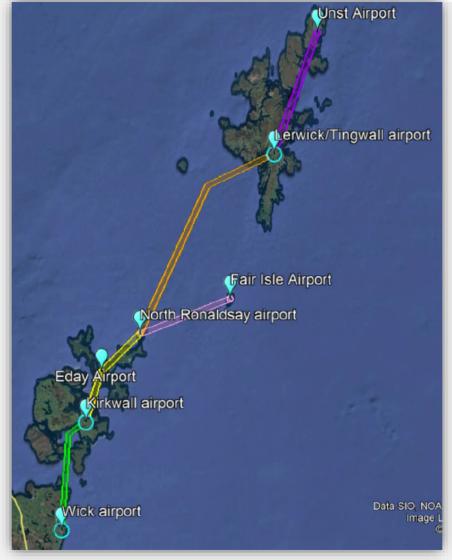
#### **Local business**

- Food and Drink Association, Oil & Gas, Shell fish
- Flexible and on-demand delivery

# ULTRA SATE OPERATIONS WILL CONNECT MAINLAND SCOTLAND, THE ORKNEY AND SHETLAND ISLANDS

- Demonstrate capability of the ULTRA UAS to deliver on-demand supplies to remote communities that suffer from limited logistics
- Routes:
  - Wick Kirkwall
  - Kirkwall Eday North Ronaldsay
  - Kirkwall Fair Isle
  - Kirkwall Lerwick
  - Kirkwall Unst
- Implementation Summer/Autumn 2021





## ULTRA UAS HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND BUILT FOR ROBUSTNESS AND RELIABILITY

- MTOW
- payload
- cargo capacity
- Wingspan
- Fully autonomous mission capability remotely controlled from GCS
- Independent Health Monitoring System
- flight control system
- Multiple redundancy of critical systems
- Electronic conspicuity













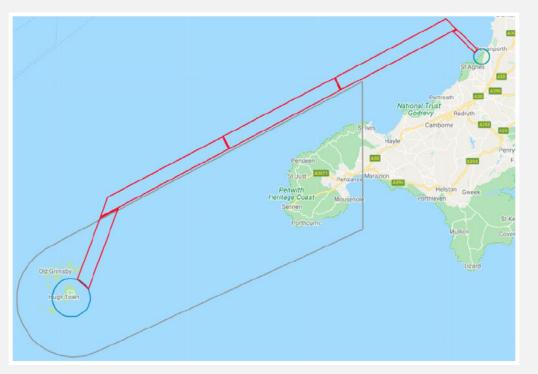
On 9<sup>th</sup> May 2020 First point-to-point BVLOS flight in the UK

ULTRA UAS completed a BVLOS flight between mainland England and the Isle of Wight



December 2020

27 Nm (50 km) BVLOS flight completed in December 2020 between Lands' End and the Isles of Scilly







## ISLES OF SCILLY AIRBRIDGE

- airbridge service delivering parcels to the Isles of Scilly
- Scheduled flights four days per week over four weeks (April/May 2021)
- Completing 211 km flight distance and unloading in the Isles of Scilly in under two hours
- Limited time window for return flights



## OTHER OPPORTUNITIES

- Proven technology and type of operation
- Low ground risk scenario
- Active participation of ATSUs
- Involvement of local operators from planning
- LARS availability



## ISSUES (AND SOLUTIONS)



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Busy airspace Spatial and time separation between UAS and

scheduled crewed flights

Active short periods of time

Lack of flexibility of TDA DAAIS/DACS service availability

Separation procedures

Changes on schedules Activation periods to include time buffer

Tactical deconfliction

Non scheduled flights (rotary and GA) Procedures to 'give way' to crewed flights

Logistics (crews and ground equipment) Schedule of UAS flights



## PROCESS REQUIREMENTS (CAA)

## STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT STRATEGY

#### **OBJECTIVES**

Reach all the stakeholders that could have interest on the use of the airspace

Inform all stakeholder of any changes to the ACP in a timely manner

Provide permanent channels of communication

Collate and process all feedback, and take action when necessary

Make our UAS operations as flexible as possible to reduce impact on current aerial activities

## Preliminary engagement:

 Project socialised with use cases and local airspace stakeholders.

## Formal stakeholder engagement:

- Request for feedback from ALL airspace stakeholders: local authorities, NATMAC list, known users
- Work with KEY stakeholders
  - ATSUs, Airports, local GA, Operators
- Keep broad group of stakeholders informed and provide channels of communication.

#### Live impact assessment:

- Provide channels of communication before, during and after implementation.
- KEY stakeholder CHECKPOINT meetings.



## PROVISIONAL TIMESCALE



## **CONTINGENCY TIMESCALE**

#### 25<sup>th</sup> January September - 17<sup>th</sup> 2021 16th July 27th May 13<sup>th</sup> Informal October 15<sup>th</sup> June stakeholder End of Start formal August **Operations** Stakeholder Stakeholder Decide Application engagement UAS-45065 PHASE I Engagement Engagement Gateway start 26th 23<sup>th</sup> 8<sup>th</sup> June 8<sup>th</sup> July 23<sup>nd</sup> July March-Application UAS-44953 March Initial September April 2022 ACP final Implement Operations Assessment Statement proposal PHASE 2 Meeting of Need submission Formal Stakeholder Engagement: 36 business days Application to UAS Sector: 73 business days



## **NEXT STEPS**



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#### CAA

- Approval of ACP timeline
- Agree on UAS OSC application timeline
- Increase period of implementation (>90 days)
- Meeting with ATSUs
  - Clear requirements for provision of DAAIS and DACS – CAP774.
  - When can other aircraft cross the TDA

#### **SPONSOR**

- LofA to define ATSUs participation and ConOps
- Submission of ACP and engagement summary
- Continue working on application towards UAS-OA
- Ofcom licensing



## AOB

## THANK YOU