Manchester Airport Departure Routes Information Pack

WESTERLY DEPARTURES IN EASTERLY OPERATIONS (ROUTE ASMIM1S)

Flying over: Heald Green / Didsbury / Sale / Streford / Urmston

This document explains how we operate and provides some information about the number of aircraft and passengers currently flying from Manchester Airport.







Manchester Airport Group is the largest UK owned airport group with three airports.



MAG **East Midlands**

MAG London Stansted

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CARBON ACCREDITATION

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VOLUNTEERING

9,270 volunteer hours in the community, from 558 volunteers, in 2018/2019.

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1939 saw 7,600 passengers per year...

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FLYING TO 220 DESTINATIONS



With new flights to Dhaka, Beijing, LA, Boston and Shanghai, from over 60 Airlines.

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PASSENGERS

visiting Manchester Airport station have access to:

- 140 trains a day to over 100 destinations;
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HOW WE OPERATE

USE OF RUNWAYS

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As the number of flights has increased, we have needed to extend the times during which we use both runways. This happened in July 2018. The changes will reduce delays and increase efficiency. For more information about this see our web page at www.manchesterairport.co.uk/dualrunwayuse.

We have a Night Noise Policy which means that we do operate at night, but flights are restricted. You can read more about our Night Noise Policy at www.manchesterairport.co.uk/nightnoise.

TIMES WHEN TWO RUNWAYS USED
Summer season from 30 March 2020
6.15am to 8pm
6.15am to 4pm
6.15am to 9.30pm and 1pm to 8pm

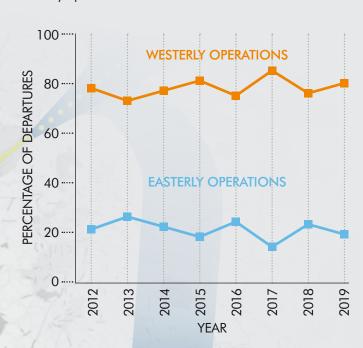
LANDING PATHS

RUNWAY DIRECTION

For safety reasons, aircraft must land and take off into the wind. At Manchester Airport the wind usually blows from the west, meaning aircraft approach from the east (over Stockport and Heald Green) and take off to the west (towards Knutsford). This is known as 'westerly operations'.

Sometimes the wind direction changes and moves to the east. In this case, aircraft approach from the west (over Knutsford) and take off to the east (over Heald Green and Stockport). This is known as 'easterly operations'.

On average, between 70% and 80% of our departures each year will be westerly operations. In 2019, 80% of flights were westerly operations and 20% of flights were easterly operations.



The wind direction may change several times in a day, so we may change our direction of operations to reflect this. The table above shows the percentage of movements in each direction over the last eight years.



5,000 ---NUMBER OF EASTERLY ASMIM1S **DEPARTURES EACH** 31% 29% **ROUTES** DESIG1S **MONTH DURING 2019** 4,000 ----39% 41% **DEPARTING** TO THE EAST There are three routes with easterly departures shown on this diagram. These are used for an average of 20% of our 3,000 ---flights. In 2019 there were 6,167 departures on the ASMIM1S route - 31% of all easterly departures. Our information is based on the most recent complete year, which was 2019, and our busiest month in that year, April. 2,000 ----LISTO2S The following graphics focus on the 30% 30% ASMIM1S route travelling to the USA and Scotland. 1,000 ----**RUNWAY USE (%)** Actual summer 2019 31% ASMIM1S Predicted summer 2020 July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec NUMBER OF DAYS EASTERLY DEPARTURES USED BY YEAR Maximum 200 165 **TOTAL NUMBER** 172 Minimum NUMBER OF DEPARTURES 2013 OF DEPARTURES 148 PER HOUR IN 150 -2014 **APRIL 2019** To understand the effect a 115 2015 route has on the community it 100 flies over, we have highlighted the number of days each month, over several 2016 50 · years, when easterly departure routes were used. 2017 0



POSITION OF AIRCRAFT **ALONG ROUTE ASMIM1S**

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The accuracy with which an aircraft navigates depends on the following.

- The size of the aircraft - What technology the aircraft has on board - Weather conditions

- The weight of the aircraft

The map opposite shows the general position and spread of flights using the ASMIM1S route in April 2019. The colours show the position of aircraft on the route in April 2019. The key shows how frequently areas were flown over during April 2019.

PARTINGTON

CHANGES IN THE FUTURE

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MODERNISING AIRSPACE

In February 2017, the Department for Transport published 'Upgrading UK Airspace'. This document reviewed how modern aircraft can use the new technology on board for greater efficiency and reduced noise. The current departure routes for aircraft are based on navigation equipment on the ground. Modern aircraft can replace this method of navigation by using satellites. Satellite-based routes enable aircraft to more accurately follow the centre lines of departure routes while maintaining safety.

The Government has said that all UK airports must make these changes, and in December 2017 the CAA issued guidance on how airports should manage change in a document called Airspace Design CAP1616. This is available on the CAA website.

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The changes relate to three levels of airspace.

- High level over 7,000 feet where aircraft are travelling to or from their final destination
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the airport to join the high level routes

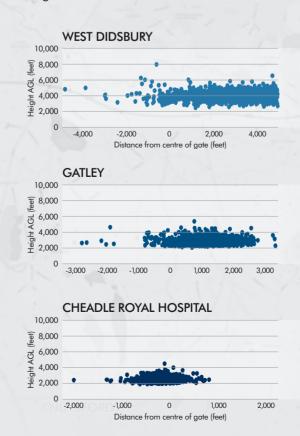
ARRIVALS

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If aircraft need to wait, they currently go into a 'holding pattern' away from the airfield. As a part of this project, NATS will examine if this is the best way to control aircraft approaching the airfield before they land.

There is more information about arriving aircraft in our runway data sheet www.manchesterairport.co.uk/ runwaydatasheet.

The graphics below show the height of aircraft on the ASMIM1S route at the places marked on the route. They show the concentration of aircraft in the centre of the route and the height above sea level.

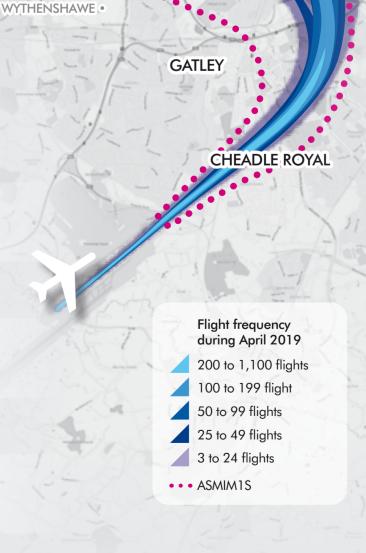


WESTERLY// EASTERLY

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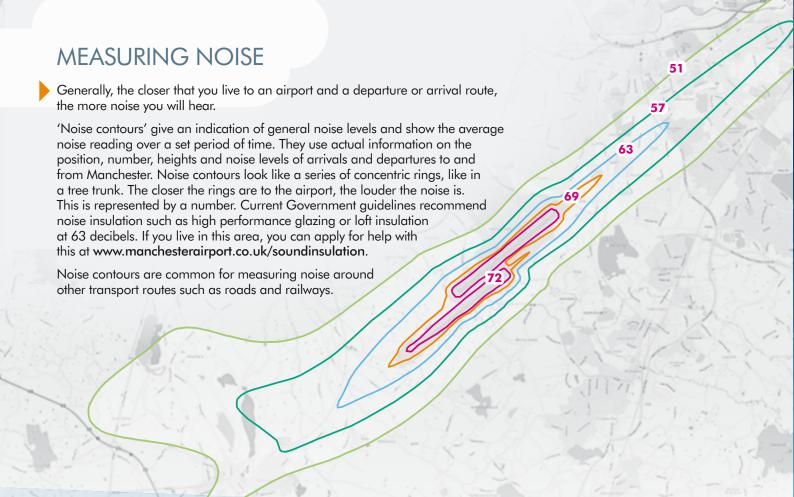
compared

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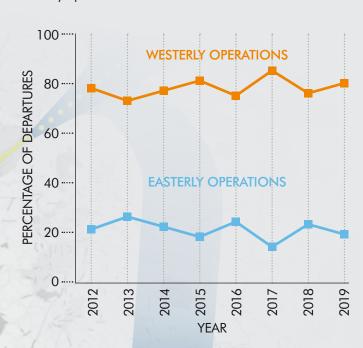
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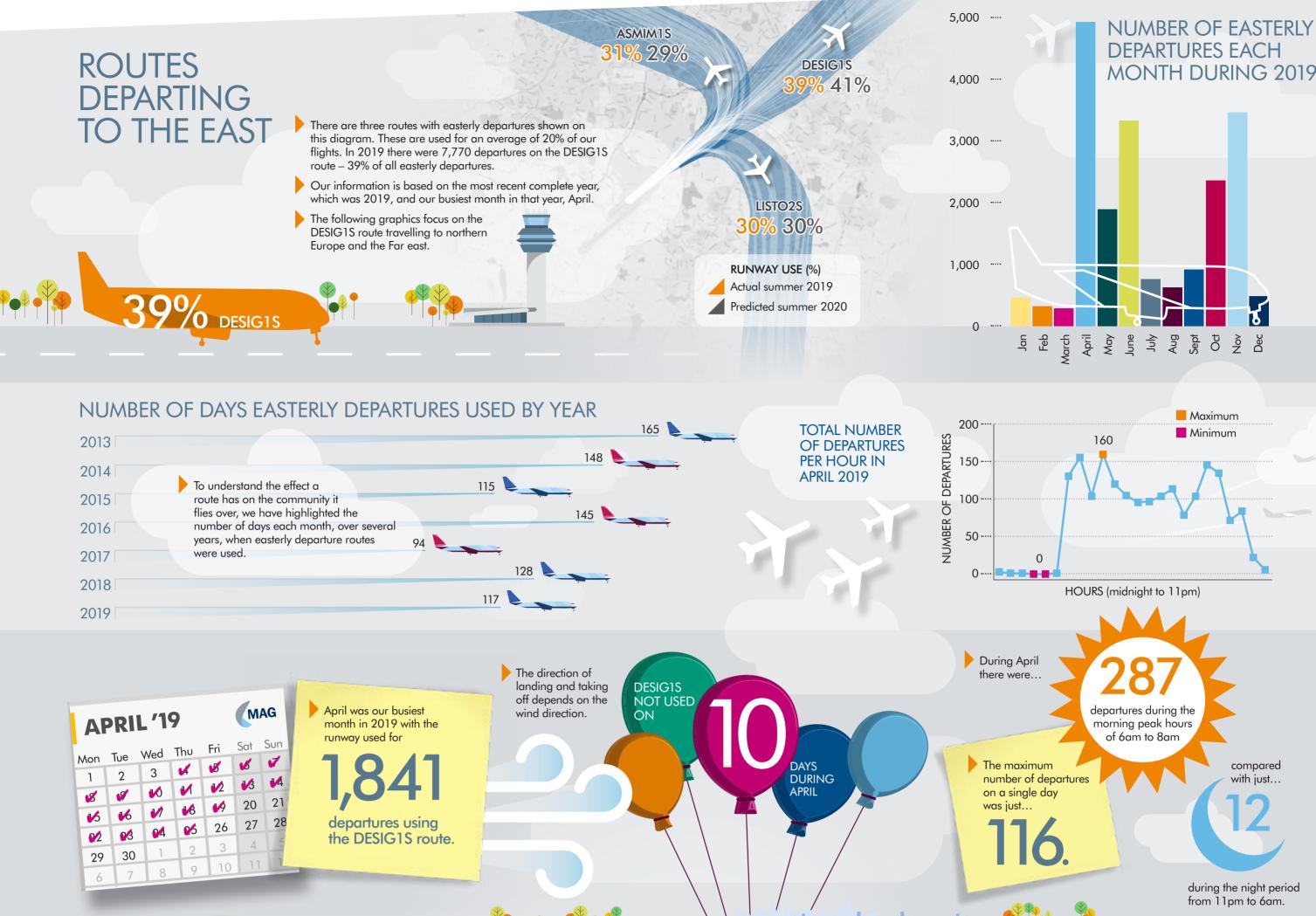
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CHANGES IN THE FUTURE

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AIRSPACE LEVELS

A review of upper airspace (above 24,500 feet) is taking place. This will reposition some of the main airways over the UK to increase efficiency and improve the customer experience with less time in hold, more timely arrivals and departures and reduced emissions. This review process will also enable us to create the best possible design to make sure we can achieve Manchester Airport's potential by securing further routes to destinations around the world. This will create more jobs and boost the region's economy.

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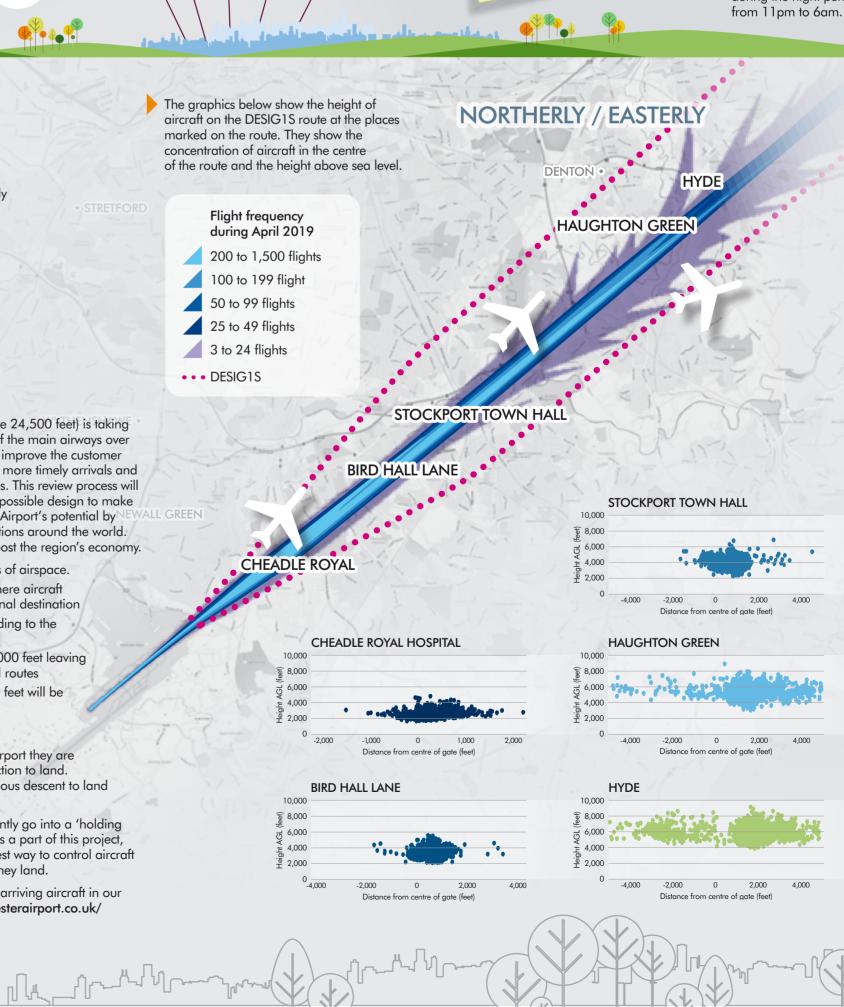
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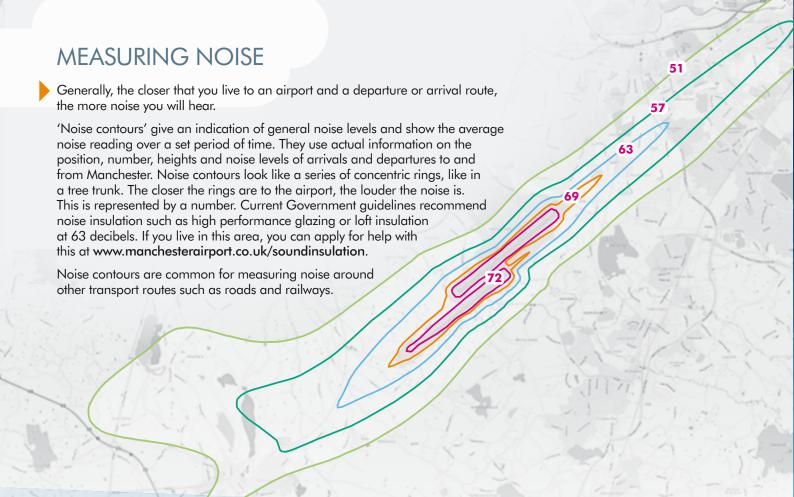
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SOUTH TURN IN EASTERLY OPERATIONS (ROUTE LISTO2S)

Flying over: Heald Green / Cheadle / Cheadle Hulme / Bramhall / Woodford / Mottram / Prestbury / Henbury

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SUNDAY	6.15am to 9.30pm and 1pm to 8pm

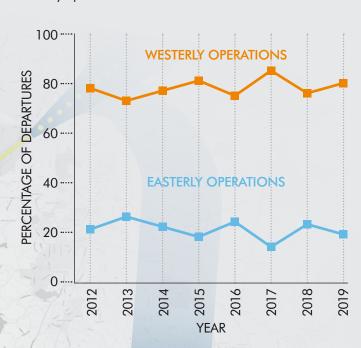
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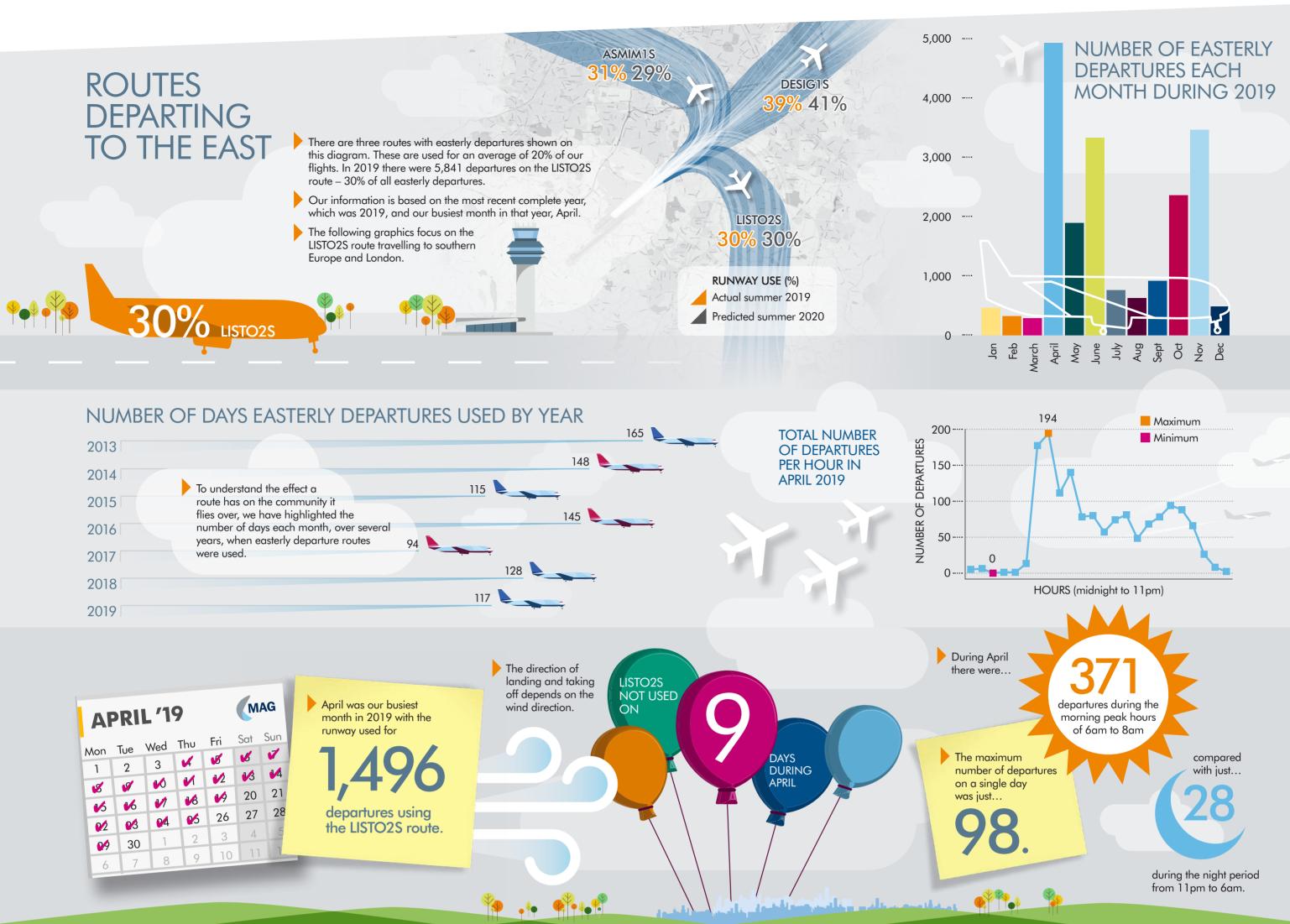
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SOUTHERLY / EASTERLY

Flight frequency during April 2019

200 to 1,400 flights

100 to 199 flight

50 to 99 flights

25 to 49 flights

3 to 24 flights

· · · LISTO2S

BRUNTWOOD PARK

BRAMHALL PARK

WOODFORD

MOTTRAM HALL

MACCLESFIELD

NEWALL GREEN

POSITION OF AIRCRAFT **ALONG ROUTE LISTO2S**

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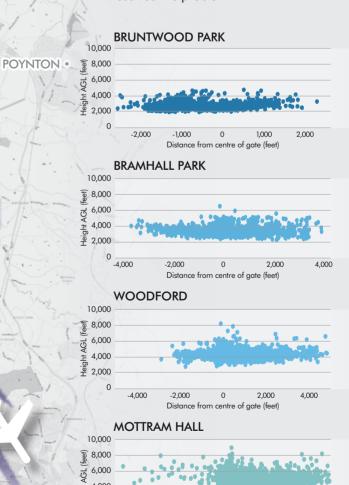
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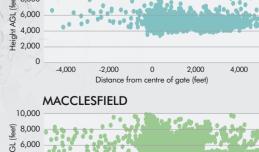
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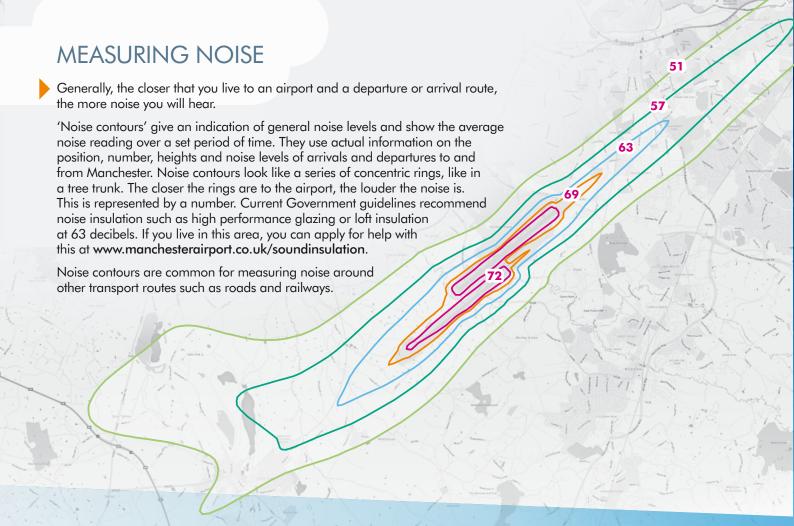
You can see some aircraft from one airline turned south outside of the LISTO2S route. Our environment department noticed this and working together with the airline have resolved the problem.







-4,000 -2.000 2.000



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