QINETIQ GENERAL





ACP-2021-12

Enabling Sounding Rocket Launch from Spaceport - 1

Stage 3 – CONSULT CONSULTATION RESPONSE

11 July 2024

145 pages

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Administration Page

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1. Introduction

1.1 Background

1.1.1 The report is compiled as part of the Airspace Change Proposal (ACP) process prescribed in Civil Aviation Publication (CAP) 1616 edition 4¹ for a permanent airspace change. ACP-2021-12 was commenced in order to establish segregated airspace to facilitate sub-orbital rocket launch from the Spaceport 1 (SP-1) launch site on the Outer Hebrides as shown in Figure 1, by mid-2025. This ACP is for a small additional fillet of segregated airspace over the Spaceport-1 launch site, the size of which has little consequence on other stakeholders. However, it is recognised the establishment of this airspace will provide connectivity to the existing Ministry of Defence (MOD) Hebrides Range D701 Danger Areas and it is the activation of these areas for commercial rocket launch that has the greatest impact. The Sponsor has acknowledged this from the start of the ACP process and has included the activation of D701 in the engagement and consultation processes.

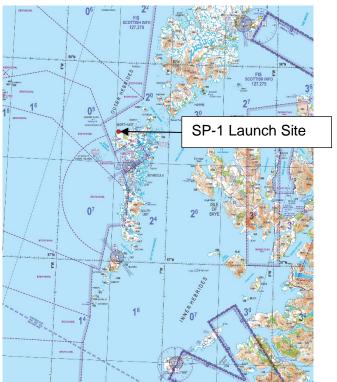


Figure 1: SP-1 Launch site location depicted on CAA 1:500000 chart

1.1.2 The aim of this document is to provide evidence that the Airspace Change Sponsor (QinetiQ Ltd) has adhered to the guidelines laid down in CAP 1616. The document demonstrates that:

¹ The CAA have directed that ACP-2021-12 shall follow the provisions prescribed in edition 4 until commencement of Stage 4 of the ACP process where edition 5 must then be followed. This report is the concluding part of Stage 3.



- the Sponsor provided sufficient materials (documentation) and commentary whilst consulting a wide stakeholder group, including non-aviation stakeholders, seldom heard groups and other interested parties; all were requested to provide feedback on the ACP ('we asked');
- the Sponsor collated and categorised responses and listened to stakeholder feedback identifying key themes ('you said'); and,
- the Sponsor took action to update the proposal as appropriate following consultation, ('we did').

1.1.3 The main aim of the consultation was to ensure anyone likely to be affected by the airspace change and associated use of existing segregated airspace structures (EG D701 Danger Areas), were consulted on the proposed airspace change to ascertain what if any impact the change would have on their operations. The objective was to gain feedback that would help inform the final airspace design and operating procedures.

1.1.4 A common set of Consultation materials were provided to enable all stakeholders, including non-aviation stakeholders, to understand the requirements for the airspace change, how the proposal had developed through the various stages of the ACP process and how it may impact on them. All materials were made available on the CAA Airspace Portal and Citizen Space platform; the latter contained a number of Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs), notes from the Public Drop in Event held on North Uist, and the online stakeholder feedback questionnaire. Supporting documents, including environmental and socioeconomic studies were made available to stakeholders via the Comhairle nan Eilean Siar (CnES)² website.

1.1.5 A single 'drop in' event was held on North Uist and flyers distributed to advertise the event as well as directing individuals to Citizen Space and the Airspace Portal. A local press and media campaign was also undertaken.

2. Consultation (We Asked)

2.1 Consultation Materials

- 2.1.1 The three main consultation documents were:
 - the 'Consultation Strategy' that included details on the scale of the consultation (which organisations and individuals will be contacted), the nature of the consultation (how we planned to perform the consultation); and, the timescale for consultation;
 - a single 'Consultation Document' that could be understood by stakeholders without technical aviation knowledge or experience; the document explained the ACP process and how the SP-1 airspace design had developed through the various stages. Furthermore, the document aimed to help stakeholders understand the impact the airspace change may have on them; and,

² Comhairle nan Eilean Siar (CnES) are the SP-1 Project Board lead authority.



 an 'Options Appraisal (Phase II-Full³), which described in more technical detail how the airspace change had evolved from the initial statement of need, design principles and initial options appraisal. This document provided the information on potential environmental impacts both direct and indirect as well as monetising them where appropriate. Moreover, the document contained information on the preferred airspace solution and associated safety assessment process used in the airspace design.

2.1.2 Other consultation materials included the production and distribution of 'flyers' to both advertise the 'drop in' event and how to provide feedback through the Citizen Space platform or Airspace Portal.

2.1.3 A limited number of hard copies of the three consultation documents were made available at the CnES Council Offices and at the 'drop in' event, as well as being available to stakeholders on request.

2.1.4 One request for hard copies of all three documents was received on the 22nd March and these were subsequently dispatched a few days later.

2.2 Consultation Approach

2.2.1 The consultation period ran for nine and a half weeks commencing 20th March 2024 and concluding on the 24th May 2024. Due to the relatively small size of the actual airspace change and limited number of affected stakeholders, it was considered proportional to reduce the consultation period from the 'normal'⁴ 12 weeks to 8 weeks however this was extended by a week and a half to account for the Easter holidays.

2.2.2 In creating a comprehensive list of stakeholders the Sponsor considered all stakeholders previously engaged in Stage 1 and 2 of the ACP process, this included all members of the National Air Traffic Management Advisory Committee (NATMAC), other aviation stakeholders and some local Additionally, other local community groups/interested parties, local authorities and aroups. environmental groups were contacted along with locally elected members of parliament plus additional representatives who may be impacted by the airspace change or have an interest in or be influenced by the SP-1 activity. It was recognised that there had been extensive consultation activities as part of the planning process for the launch site at Scolpaig and many of the stakeholders involved in the planning process were contacted again as part of the ACP process. However, this was considered important in order to target those 'seldom heard' groups as well as those not directly impacted (positively or negatively) by the airspace change but who nevertheless have an interest. In targeting certain groups the lead point of contact was identified with the expectation that the information was cascaded amongst the group such that everyone had the opportunity to digest the consultation material and provide feedback/questions as appropriate. The number of stakeholders contacted, by category, is detailed in Table 1 below. A full list of stakeholders contacted is contained at Appendix F.

³ Options Appraisal Phase I 'Initial', was completed under Stage 2 Step 2B of the ACP process; full details can be found at: <u>Airspace change proposal public view (caa.co.uk)</u>.

⁴ CAP 1616 specifies the normal consultation duration to be 12 weeks.



Aviation Stakeholders	
NATMAC	41
Local Aviation Operators	7
Other Aviation Stakeholders	4
MOD	2
Airports	3
Air Navigation Service Providers (ANSPs)	3
Non-Aviation Stakeholders	
Authorities	23
Other Local Stakeholders	6
Members of Parliament (MPs)	2
Environmental Organisation	5
Stakeholder Total	96
Media Organisations Contacted	30

Table 1: Stakeholder category and numbers contacted directly

2.2.3 The consultation 'launch email' contained a high level overview of the process, the purpose of the consultation and the necessary details on how to respond including links to the CAA airspace portal, Citizen Space platform and the Comhairle nan Eilean Siar (CnES) Council⁵ web-site for supporting documents.

2.2.4 To assist stakeholders in providing feedback the three main consultation documents detailed at 2.1.1 were uploaded to the Citizen Space platform on 20th March 2024 together with a list of FAQs and details of the public drop in event on North Uist. The consultation documents were similarly uploaded to the CAA airspace portal.

2.2.5 The single drop in event at Hosta Hall North Uist was held on 17th April 24. This event was facilitated by CnES SP-1 project board with a representative from QinetiQ, the latter providing the airspace and aviation safety Subject Matter Expertise (SMEs) while the former fielded any non-airspace related questions. These individuals were available to assist people with the feedback questionnaire and providing responses as well as being on hand to answer any questions relevant to the airspace change. A short Power Point Presentation was projected onto the wall of the small meeting room. A record was kept of key airspace related questions raised, these were summarised and published on the Citizen Space platform along with responses. The general consensus from the attendees was that they felt they had been kept well informed on the airspace change process and were comfortable that it was being handled correctly – there was general appreciation that the Sponsor had made the effort to travel to the Outer Hebrides and be available to answer questions and explain the process. The choice of location for the event was driven by local residents who had previously suggested Hosta Hall as an appropriate consultation venue given its proximity to the SP-1 launch site.

2.2.6 Commencement of the consultation process saw a total of 30 local press and media (TV and radio) agencies being notified of the ACP consultation process through a press release. The press release provided information on how the consultation documentation could be accessed electronically, where to obtain hard copies and how to provide feedback via the Citizen Space portal, emailing the Sponsor or sending written copies (for those unable to use electronic means) to the CnES Council

⁵ The Council are the lead for the SP-1 Project Board.



offices Benbecula. Furthermore, details of the Public Drop in Event at Hosta Hall on Wednesday 17th April were also promoted. The press release was reissued on 16th April and 22nd May (the latter removing details of the drop in event that occurred on 17th April), to act as a reminder to stakeholders to provide feedback. Evidence of the press release items and flyer are contained at Appendix D.

2.2.7 **Consultation Reassessment** – This was conducted at the end of week 6 of the consultation period. From the responses received on Citizen Space, it was evident that a broad cross section of stakeholders had been reached including both aviation and individual stakeholders, and a variety of different organisations. The press release had been picked up by one of the main local papers, the 'Am Paipears' that ran a detailed article on the SP-1 project and ACP including a copy of the flyer promoting feedback and the public drop in event. The success of the media campaign was further evidenced by the number of people (21) who attended the public drop in event (given the very sparse population of North Uist), and their feedback concerning how they had discovered the event (and ACP consultation process) through various media outlets.

Date	Activity	Remarks
20 Mar 24	Commenced formal consultation	9 ¹ / ₂ week period (covering Easter weekend)
20 Mar 24	Documents uploaded to Citizen Space	Consultation Strategy; Consultation Document & Options Appraisal Phase II (Full)
20 Mar 24	Emails Sent	Email contained an overview of the ACP process, consultation period and how to provide feedback, with links to Citizen Space and the ACC Airspace Portal. Distribution to all NATMAC members; previously identified aviation stakeholders; non-aviation stakeholders; local Councils; members of Parliament and other political organisations; and, environmental organisations.
20 Mar 24	Press release	Sent to media (30)
20 Mar – 24 May 24	FAQ updated on Citizen Space	
21 Mar 24	Sponsor sent email to all stakeholders	Additional non-aviation stakeholders identified and emailed accordingly with an overview of the ACP process, consultation timeline and how to provide feedback with links to Citizen Space and the Airspace Portal
10 Apr 24	Sponsor sent email reminder to stakeholders	All previous email addresses sent a reminder of the ACP consultation timeline and how to provide feedback
16 Apr 24	Council sent email reminder to media	All 30 media contacts sent a press release reminder that included details of the drop in event for the following day
17 Apr 24	Public Drop in Event	One day event held at Hosta Hall from 1300- 1930. Presentation provided, Question and Answer (Q&A) session and hard copies of Consultation Documentation made available
7 May 24	Progress Assessment	Evaluation of responses

2.2.8 **Consultation Activities** – The main consultation activities are detailed in Table 2 below.



8 May 24	Public Drop in Event Q&A	Public Drop in Event Q&A uploaded to Citizen Space together with power point presentation
8 May 24	Sponsor sent second email reminder to all stakeholders	All previous email addresses sent a reminder of the ACP consultation, closing date and how to provide feedback
22 May 24	Council sent email reminder to media	All 30 media contacts sent a press release reminder that consultation would end on 24 May 24
24 May 24	Consultation ends	33 responses collated and categorised
20 Mar – 9 Jul	Sponsor sends email response	Sponsor responds to Stakeholders whom
24	to feedback received	provided any detailed feedback where appropriate

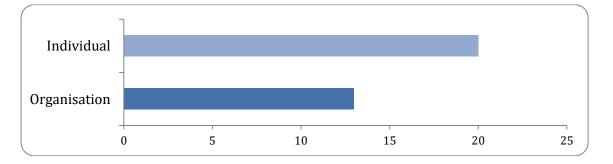
Table 2: Consultation activity

3. Summary of Consultation Responses (You Said)

3.1 Feedback from Questionnaire on Citizen Space

3.1.1 There were a total of 33 completed questionnaires on Citizen Space; it should be noted that one individual did respond twice using a slightly different title but retaining the same feedback information/statements (Unique ID 1021977268 & 779096160). Furthermore, the Icelandic ANSP Isavia, response was evidently in response to the SaxaVord consultation and not SP-1 as the airspace areas detailed in their response were well outside the Area of Interest (AOI) for SP-1 (but very relevant to SaxaVord). Isavia did not update their response despite being contacted by the Sponsor to point out their error. It is worth noting that, during Stage 2 of the ACP process, Isavia did state⁶ that: *"The area doesn't affect the Reykjavik FIR/CTA so we feel that we shouldn't have an opinion on the option to choose".* Full details of the feedback received and the Sponsor's response and categorisation is contained at Appendix B.

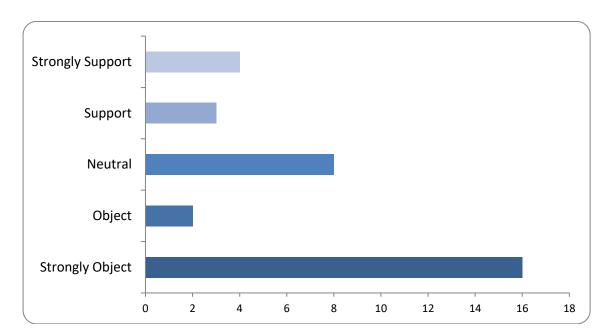
3.1.2 From the 33 responses received 20 were from individuals and 13 from organisations. An overview of the feedback received is contained in Table 3 with a full summary report at Appendix A.



⁶ As evidenced at Appendix C.



Option	Total	Percent
Individual	20	60.61%
Organisation	13	39.39%
Not Answered	0	0.00%



Option	Total	Percent
Strongly Support	4	12.12%
Support	3	9.09%
Neutral	8	24.24%
Object	2	6.06%
Strongly Object	16	48.48%
Not Answered	0	0.00%

Table 3: Summary of Citizen Space Questionnaire Feedback

3.1.3 From the 13 'organisations' that responded one 'strongly supported'; two 'supported'; eight were neutral; one 'objected'; and, two 'strongly objected' to the airspace change. The 'strongly objected' feedback was the Fisherman's federation who voiced concern about the risk to fishermen and marine pollution (but not specifically airspace related), and the chair of 'Scottish Rural Action' whose concern was based on the risk to indigenous cultural practice and further militarisation of the Outer Hebrides; again this respondent did not offer any suggested changes to the proposed airspace design. The 'objection' was from 'Spacewatch UK' where the concern was focused on the environmental impact, militarisation of space, validity of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and, orbital operations



and associated space debris (despite the ACP only covering sub-orbital launches); there were no concerns directly related to the proposed airspace design.

3.1.4 From the 20 'individuals' who responded, over 75% objected to the airspace change. The majority of those objecting were residents from the North Uist community who strongly oppose the development of a Spaceport at Scolpaig. They voiced concerns primarily based on the potential environmental impact, the safety of local people, perceived further militarisation of the islands and disturbing the regional equilibrium. These objections also included criticism of the planning process undertaken, the EIA, Supplementary Environmental Information (SEI) and socioeconomic reports. However, these objections did not provide any constructive feedback on the proposed airspace design or suggest any changes to the airspace. The remaining respondents (those who supported the airspace change or were neutral) similarly did not offer any feedback that would suggest the proposed airspace design (Option 3) should be altered or that a different Option should be taken forward.

3.2 Other Feedback

3.2.1 The Sponsor received three 'no comment' emails from different organisations which declined to complete the questionnaire. No hard copy responses or formal responses via email were received. It is therefore determined that all feedback is contained in the Citizen Space questionnaire as detailed above at paragraph 3.1 and at Appendix 6.B.

3.3 Common Themes

3.3.1 **Safety** – The main objectors had safety concerns regarding local populous living in the vicinity of the launch site, the proximity of the main (and only) road to the North of the Island as well as access to the area during launch preparations and launch windows. Several of those objecting referenced Federal Aviation Authority (FAA) documents regarding ground safety distances and suggested that the launch site at Scolpaig would exceed those distances detailed. No concerns were raised regarding aviation safety or size of the proposed airspace.

3.3.2 **Environmental** – A strong theme amongst those who objected to the airspace change was the perceived environmental impact that rocket launch would have on the local area as well as the potential increase in Carbon Dioxide (CO_2) emissions caused by any rerouting of transatlantic air traffic. The main environmental concerns centre on disturbance of the local wildlife, in particular rare birds, and aquatic creatures where the rocket launch results in marine deposits of material or harmful chemicals. Several feedback comments challenged the EIA and SEI, claiming that there had been insufficient consultation regarding the development of these documents, their findings and proposed mitigations. The CO_2 emissions stated in the EIA were also challenged as they did not include the impact on the North Atlantic (NAT) air traffic flow as revealed during the ACP process and detailed in the consultation documentation.

3.3.3 **Disruption to North Atlantic air traffic** – The increase in CO_2 emissions caused by rerouting NAT traffic was a concern of several respondents and was the main focus for NATS (the ANSP most affected by the airspace change). NATS consider any increase in use of D701 as a further impact on the NAT air traffic flow and UK Air Traffic Control (ATC) network.

3.3.4 NATS also raised additional points including the question over prioritisation of spaceflight, resourcing the UK Airspace management Cell (AMC), impact on their 'environmental score' due to rocket launches and the lack of a commercial space launch descriptor in the Aeronautical Information Publications (AIP), to name a few. Most of these issue are out with the gift of the Sponsor to rectify



especially those actions targeting the CAA; full details of the NATS feedback and the Sponsor's responses can be found at Appendix B (Unique ID 115026295).

3.3.5 **Airspace Management and Letters of Agreement (LoA)** – Both NATS and Highlands and Islands Airports Ltd (HIAL) emphasised the importance of careful coordination, communication and consideration of existing operations. It was identified that the correct airspace management agreements and LoAs will need to be in place before the airspace can be implemented.

3.4 Suggested 'alterations' to Improve the Airspace Change Proposal

3.4.1 At question 8 stakeholders were asked; *"If you support this proposal, please provide any alterations that would further improve it for you?"* There were 7 respondents who supported the proposed airspace change however, none of them provided any suggested changes to the proposed airspace design.

3.5 **Proposed Mitigations or Alterations to the Proposal**

3.5.1 At question 10; "While ensuring SP-1 has the necessary airspace to safely enable sub-orbital rocket launch the Sponsor is keen to minimise the impact on other airspace users. Can you suggest any mitigation or alterations that would resolve your oppositions whilst achieving this?" The Sponsor received very few suggestions regarding any additional mitigations other than the need for close coordination with Benbecula airport, consideration given to establishing a 'common maximum usage days' framework for D701, and launch timings to be carefully coordinated and deconflicted from peak traffic flows.

3.6 Other General Considerations

3.6.1 Question 11 invited stakeholders to consider; *"any other general considerations that you would like the Sponsor to consider in relation to this airspace change proposal?"* There were a number of requests for the Spaceport-1 project to be cancelled or moved to an alternate location away from the Outer Hebrides. Other common themes included the appropriate LoAs and other agreed processes and procedures to be developed with key stakeholders, namely MOD, NATS and HIAL.

Categorisation of Consultation Responses (We Did)

4.1 CAP 1616 Requirements

4.1.1 CAP 1616 stipulates that during Stage 3 Step 3D the change Sponsor categorises the consultation results into the following:

- **Responses which may impact the final proposal** these are the responses that have the potential to impact the final airspace change submission and are divided into two further elements namely:
 - Impacted A proposal from a stakeholder that would impact the management of airspace or alter the size, shape or construct of the final design that has not already been considered; and,



- Not Impacted A proposal from a stakeholder that would impact the management of airspace or alter the size, shape or construct of the final design that has already been considered, discounted or implemented at an earlier stage of this ACP
- **Responses that do not change the final airspace proposal** This category is for those responses that did not include new information or ideas that could lead to an adaptation in the airspace design option or a new design option.

4.2 Responses Which May Impact the Final Proposal

4.2.1 All issues highlighted below that may impact the final proposal will be considered and appropriate actions taken as part of the final proposal at Stage 4B.

4.2.2 **Impacted** - There was only one response placed in this category and this was from NATS with regard to several issues related to the additional activation of D701 to accommodate commercial rocket launch from SP-1:

- Prioritisation of Spaceflight "The CAA has yet to determine the prioritisation of Spaceflight. Therefore, any other activity which requires this airspace or adjacent airspace that impacts the availability to book this airspace will take precedence. When agreement is reached, the overall impact on the UK network will need to be considered when launch dates are agreed." The Sponsor recognises that this remains a key concern for ANSPs and Airline Operators (AOs) alike and will need to be appropriately addressed prior to approving rocket launch. However, this is known by the regulator (CAA) but is out with the gift of the Sponsor to resolve.
- UK AMC NATS & MOD Joint and Integrated Function "Without agreement from the MoD to fully and continuously support commercial use of Special Use Airspace (SUA), the AMC may not have the resource to manage the airspace on behalf of SP1. Furthermore, the commercial use of SUA is not catered for in the Joint and Integrated agreement, which underpins UK ASM policy. Without the appropriate governance and authority to segregate airspace for commercial use, the AMC will have to defer the decision for each request to the CAA." The Sponsor acknowledges that this issue which has previously been identified, remains an ongoing matter not just for SP-1 but all other Spaceports and 'New Entrants' who need access to airspace. The Sponsor stands by to collaborate on the development of the appropriate governance and authority to segregate airspace for commercial use hor type to segregate airspace for commercial use but would argue that this has to be Government authority led.
- Tactical Airspace Management "Further refinement is needed in tactical management, as the traffic management assessment lacks consideration for additional time and separation buffers. Typically, this would extend activity by a minimum of 30 minutes and require a 30nm lateral expansion within Shanwick." The Sponsor is conscious that ANSPs apply time and lateral separation Buffers to any SUA. The impact analysis conducted by the Sponsor did consider the lateral separation criteria of 30nm around the D701 areas as detailed at paragraph 3.5.7 and Figure 22 (shaded red area outside the D701 areas) of the Options Appraisal Phase II (full) report⁷. Time buffers were not considered as these tend to vary depending upon the size of the SUA restriction and it was considered that there were too many variables to

⁷ Available at: <u>Airspace change proposal public view (caa.co.uk)</u>



accurately assess this. Notwithstanding, the Sponsor would be fully supportive in enabling any refinement of the tactical management of the airspace whether this were more precise launch windows or, a reduction in the time and/or lateral separation buffers applied by ANSPs which, in their current form, appear overly restrictive.

- Updating LoA and Impact on NATS 'Environmental Performance' Score "The Sponsor, NATS and the CAA will need to agree on an update to the D701 LoA as to how the Airspace will be activated and deactivated. This may result in an increased (i.e. worse) 3Di (environmental performance) score, Oceanic Condition 11 KPIs and possible delays or regulations applied. NATS and the CAA will need to agree as to how these increased 3Di scores or attributable delays will be applied against the already agreed NERL performance targets." The Sponsor acknowledges that an update to the existing LoA is integral to the airspace management processes associated with SP-1 launches – the Sponsor is keen to work with NATS, CAA, MOD and AirNav Ireland to agree changes to the existing LoA. However, the Sponsor has no remit over NATS' performance targets and this is considered a matter wholly for the CAA.
- D701 UK AIP Entry for Rocket Launch "EG D701 is currently allocated in the UK AIP for use by "Target Towing / Unmanned Aircraft System (VLOS/BVLOS) / High Energy Manoeuvres / Ordnance, Munitions and Explosives / Para Dropping / Balloons / Electronic/Optical Hazards". Commercial space launch is not within the current permitted uses and will need to be added via an ACP before it can be used by Spaceport 1." It is recognised that there is no descriptor in the UK AIP for space/rocket launch therefore D701 cannot have such a descriptor where one does not exist. The Sponsor has highlighted this discrepancy to the CAA who have responded by suggesting that until such time there is a suitable descriptor for space/rocket launch in place then commercial space/rocket launch will be considered as 'Ordnance, Munitions and Explosives' (OME) as is the current practice for MOD sponsored rocket launches from the MOD Hebrides Range.
- Space Launch Descriptor UK AIP "Space launches are not listed as an activity type in ENR 1.1. The safety case for the size of associated FBZ for each Danger Area is based on the level of risk associated with each of these activities. The CAA would need to update the UK AIP and determine the appropriate FBZ required to mitigate any risk." As highlighted in the bullet above, this omission had already been flagged to the CAA whom it is believed are working on developing a suitable descriptor.

4.3 Responses That Do Not Change the Final Airspace Proposal

4.3.1 This category applies to all responses that do not have a relevance to the final airspace proposal either in terms of the airspace design or the airspace management procedures pertaining to the operation of the airspace or that of the existing D701 Danger Areas. There were 32 responses in this category. Where feedback comments have been received, the airspace change Sponsor will provide a response thereby ensuring all comments received have been appropriately considered. Any feedback response that did not provide comments, regardless of whether they support the ACP or not, also fall into this category.

4.3.2 While categorising the responses the Sponsor conducted a qualitative assessment using the approach 'we asked, you said, we did'. We considered each response in turn to ascertain whether it impacted or suggested any refinement to the airspace design; full details of each response to the ACP



questionnaire can be found at Appendix 6.B.1 together with the Sponsor's remarks and categorisation justification. As detailed at 3.3 above the most common themes included:

- Safety Although the safety of aviation was not raised as a concern by respondents, there were many comments relating to the safety of individuals on the ground and operating on the water in the vicinity of the launch site. Several respondents focused on FAA safety guidelines and safety distances and suggested that the SP-1 launch site, given its proximity to the main road and some dwellings/public access areas, would be unable to comply. The Sponsor would suggest that the FAA and CAA approach to safety distances is different. The UK regulator does not currently specify blanket distances, preferring instead to licence launches and locations on the basis of the data of each bespoke Launch Vehicle (LV) and propellant composition data. This is considered a more accurate approach given the need to scrutinise every launch. If the LV provider cannot adequately demonstrate that their LV (in a worst-case catastrophic failure event), will be contained within this ground (and sea) and airspace safety areas, then they will not receive an approval or licence to operate from the Spaceport-1 launch site.
- SUA and Ground Safety Footprint With regard to safety of persons on the ground beneath the proposed new SUA, the Sponsor would reiterate that⁸: "the process to determine the size of airspace necessary to ensure no additional risk to other airspace users is different to that regarding the 'land safety footprint' and risk to 3rd parties on the ground, and to the process used to establish the risk to maritime 3rd parties. The airspace safety requirements consider a large aircraft with a high number of passengers travelling at high speed therefore, to reach an acceptable level of risk, the segregated airspace area has to be significantly bigger than the land or sea space safety areas. The airspace area therefore does not denote an area of risk to personnel on the ground; there are many UK Danger Areas over land that are there to safeguard aviation and do not indicate that a threat to personnel on the ground exists. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd parties on the ground is evaluated differently and restrictions/warnings are put in place accordingly. In effect, any additional risk caused by SP-1 activities to 3rd parties on the ground has to be contained well within the SP-1 site area." It should be further noted that the ground safety footprint (and that over the sea space) is not evaluated under the ACP process; this is addressed separately by the CAA through the Spaceport and Rocket/LV Operators licences and approvals. Here both the Spaceport operator and the rocket LV provider will need to satisfactorily demonstrate to the CAA that they have a robust safety case, safety management processes and evidence to show the operation is safe and risk to 3rd Parties on the ground or sea is tolerable and within the regulated safety margins - the CAA will only issue the respective licences/approvals when these strict safety criteria are met.
- Items Jettisoned into the Sea and Safety of Fishermen Regarding concern over items jettisoned into the sea; this will be covered by the Marine Management Organisation (MMO) who may decide the LV operator will need to obtain a marine licence prior to launch, this is a requirement detailed in the Space Industry Act 2018 and in supporting guidance

⁸ Extract from Options Appraisal Phase II (Full) available at: <u>Airspace change proposal public view</u> (caa.co.uk)



documentation. The safety of anyone operating on the sea will fall under the 'Clear Range^{9'} procedures for each launch. This is where those responsible for the launch will need to ensure that the LV or components thereof, poses no additional risk to those operating in the adjacent sea areas. These 'Clear Range' procedures will not be dissimilar to those successfully operated at the MOD Hebrides Range over many years. 'Clear Range' procedures will also be subject of scrutiny by the CAA Space Team.

- Environmental Many local respondents were concerned about the potential environmental impact rocket launch could have on individuals living close to the launch site and wildlife in the local area including marine wildlife. Concern was also raised that the EIA had not fully considered the CO₂ emissions associated with the potential rerouting of transatlantic aircraft around the D701 areas when active for rocket launch. The Sponsor would argue that at the time of the EIA development the airspace options were not known or understood as the ACP process followed the planning process and as such the EIA was based on the best and most up to date information available at the time. Furthermore, there are distinct licensing processes for spaceports, launch operators and range operators under the Space Industry Act (SIA) 2018. Safety and environmental impact are fundamental considerations in determining whether licences are granted and when assessing environmental impact. In summary, the EIA and ACP environmental assessments are just some of the building blocks, (with more to follow) needed to satisfy the regulatory processes before the first launch can occur.
- Consideration of Other Spaceports & Danger Areas One respondent questioned whether the impact of the activation of other adjacent Danger Areas, such as D712 or the Cape Wrath Air Weapons Range area had been considered. The Sponsor is fully cognisant with the potential impact the activation of several coincident SUAs can have on the UK's Air Traffic Management (ATM) network. For this reason the Sponsor is proposing to use the same airspace management arrangements that are in place for D701, for the SP-1 airspace and associated D701 activations – these existing arrangements take into account adjacent SUA activity. Moreover, separate agreements will need to be implemented for all 'New Entrant' airspace users with the appropriate protocols defined for all Spaceports (as highlighted by NATS (see para 4.2.2)).
- Use of D701 for Commercial Use One respondent raised the question regarding the use of D701 for commercial rocket launch, this point has also been raised by NATS in the past. The Sponsor has engaged at length with the MOD on this topic and the MOD are content for D701 to be utilised for commercial use under certain conditions/agreements. These conditions/agreements will be negotiated under the QinetiQ/MOD Long Term Partnering Agreement (LTPA) and contained in the appropriate LoA. It should be noted that commercial use of MOD sponsored Danger Areas is not unusual and the precedent has already been set at MOD Aberporth (D201).
- Liaison with the UK Space Operations Centre SpOC The requirement to liaise with the UK SpOC is well understood and is a mandatory requirement pertaining to the LV licence/approval to operate.

⁹ Clear Range procedures are part of the overall safety processes adopted prior to and during the launch. Personnel conducting 'Clear Range' activities employ any number of resources and methods to ensure the Range safety area where a hazard may exist due to rocket launch, is clear of 3rd Parties.



- Benbecula Airport Operations During Stage 2 of the ACP process it was acknowledged that the new additional 'fillet' of airspace is unlikely to have a negative impact on Benbecula Airport operations. The Sponsor recognises that the activation of certain D701 areas such as D701Y/C/E can impact on some types of approaches however, this is largely mitigated through the maintenance of established lines of communication between Benbecula Air Traffic Service (ATS) and Range Control and the ability to coordinate air traffic against Range activity. Further details can be found in the Options Appraisal Phase II (Full) at paragraph 3.9¹⁰. Furthermore, it is anticipated that the current arrangements for access to D701 as contained in the relevant LoA, will be mapped across for SP-1 use.
- **Militarisation of SP-1** Several responses raised concerns that SP-1 would be used by the military thereby expanding the military footprint on the Outer Hebrides. The SP-1 Project board confirmed that regardless of which company becomes the SP-1 operator, the Spaceport will remain a Commercial Spaceport.

5. Post Consultation Summary & Next Stage

5.1 Consultation Summary

5.1.1 The Change Sponsor advocates that the Consultation period was a success and met the objectives it aimed to achieve by reaching a broad range of stakeholders and enabling timely feedback on the airspace change proposal. Feedback was received from a diverse representation of stakeholder groups demonstrating that the media launch and public drop in event were a success with the consultation material providing the necessary information to enable all stakeholders to understand the process and why the airspace change is needed.

5.1.2 Despite nearly 55% of respondents objecting to the ACP, overall the majority of feedback comments were related to the perceived environmental impact of rocket launch and associated safety concerns; none of the objections were specifically airspace related. It is evident that most of those objecting to the airspace change are from the local community and strongly object to the Spaceport project in its entirety. Responses from aviation groups either supported, or were neutral towards the airspace change and most of the issues raised have already been addressed as part of the consultation material and ongoing engagement. However, several wider concerns were raised and although known to the Sponsor, they are largely out with the Sponsor's remit as they cover all 'New Entrants' access to airspace and necessitate governmental decisions and CAA/Department for Transport(Dft) input.

5.1.3 The following actions will be taken forward for further consideration in Stage 4 and the final proposal:

- Addressing the LoAs with NATS, HIAL and MOD
- Formalising use of D701 under the LTPA
- Working collaboratively with ANSPs, UK AMC, MOD and CAA to establish airspace protocols

¹⁰ Available at: <u>Airspace change proposal public view (caa.co.uk)</u>



5.1.4 As a result of the Consultation feedback, the airspace change Sponsor has determined that the airspace design proposed at Stage 3 (Option 3), does not require refinement and no further Consultation on the airspace design is necessary.

5.2 Next Stage

5.2.1 The next Stage of the ACP process is Stage 4 'Update & Submit'; this is where the Sponsor completes the Final Options Appraisal that will take into account considerations at paragraph 4.2. The airspace change Sponsor will seek confirmation from the CAA as to whether another Consultation is required and that the appraisal has not fundamentally changed. Should this be the case, the ACP will progress to the last Step in Stage 4 and the final ACP will be submitted to the CAA for their process overview and assessment during Stage 5. It is during Stage 5 that the CAA will make their decision whether to approve the airspace change or not.



6. Glossary of Terms

Acronym	Meaning		
ACP	Airspace Change Proposal		
AIP	Aeronautical Information Publication		
AMC	Airspace Management Cell		
ANSP	Air Navigation Service Provider		
AOI	Area Of Interest		
ASM	Airspace Management		
ATC	Air Traffic Control		
ATS	Air Traffic Service		
CAA	Civil Aviation Authority		
CAP	Civil Aviation Publication		
CnES	Comhairle nan Eilean Siar		
CO ₂	Carbon Dioxide		
Dft	Department for transport		
EG D	UK Segregated Airspace Designator and Danger Area		
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment		
FAA	Federal Aviation Authority		
FAQs	Frequently Asked Questions		
FBZ	Flight planning Buffer Zone		
HIAL	Highlands & Islands Airports Ltd		
HIE	Highlands & Islands Enterprises		
km	Kilometre		
LoA	Letter of Agreement		
LTPA	Long Term partnering Agreement		
LV	Launch Vehicle		
MMO	Marine Management Organisation		
MOD	Ministry of Defence		
NAT	North Atlantic		
NATMAC	National Air Traffic Management Advisory Committee		
NLB	Northern Lighthouse Board		
NM	Nautical Mile		
NOTAM	Notice To Aviation		
OEPs	Oceanic Entry Points		
OME	Other Munitions & Explosives		
OWAs	Other Works Approvals		
Q&A	Questions and Answers		
RSPB	Royal Society for the Protection of Birds		
SEI	Supplementary Environmental Instruction		
SIA	Space Industry Act		
SMEs	Subject Matter Experts		
SUA	Special Use Airspace		
SP-1	Spaceport 1		



A Appendix A – Citizen Space Consultation Summary Report

Spaceport-1 ACP Stage 3 Consultation

https://consultations.airspacechange.co.uk/qinetiq-ltd/spaceport-1-acp-stage-3-consultation

This report was created on Tuesday 11 June 2024 at 08:44 The activity ran from 20/03/2024 to 24/05/2024 Responses to this survey: **33**

1: What is your name?

Name

There were 33 responses to this part of the question.

2: What is your email address? (by entering your email address you will receive an acknowledgement email)

Email

There were 33 responses to this part of the question.

3: What is your post code (most relevant to your response e.g. home / work / organisation etc)

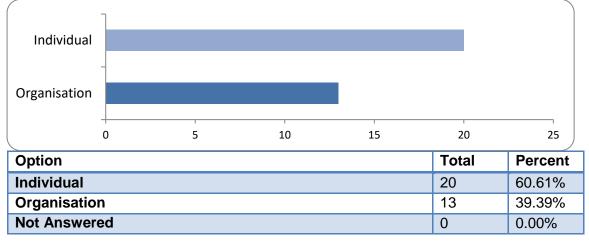
Post Code

There were 32 responses to this part of the question.

4: Are you responding as an individual or do you represent an organisation? (Please select one)

individual/organisation

There were 33 responses to this part of the question.





5: Name of organisation (if applicable)

Name of organisation (If required)

There were 18 responses to this part of the question.

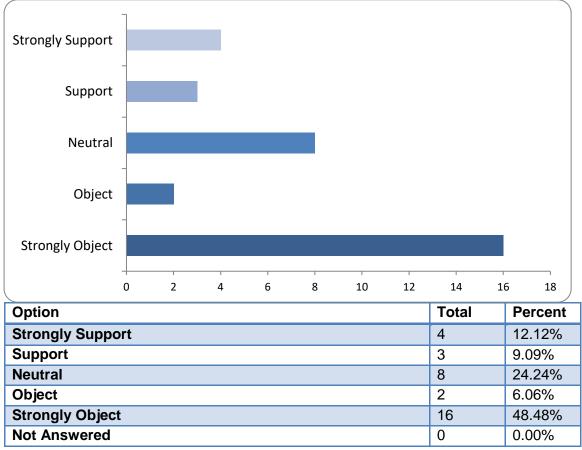
6: If you are responding on behalf of an organisation, what is your position/title?

What is your position or title

There were 21 responses to this part of the question.

7: Do you support the airspace change? Please range your response (Please select only one) Range your response to the airspace design

There were 33 responses to this part of the question.



8: If you support this proposal, please provide any alterations that would further improve it for you.

Please provide any alterations that would further improve it for you There were 11 responses to this part of the question.

9: If you oppose this proposal, please explain why



If you oppose this proposal, please explain why

There were 25 responses to this part of the question.

10: While ensuring SP-1 has the necessary airspace to safely enable sub-orbital rocket launch the Sponsor is keen to minimise the impact on other airspace users. Can you suggest any mitigation or alterations that would resolve your opposition whilst achieving this?

Can you suggest any mitigation or alterations that would resolve your opposition whilst achieving this?

There were 26 responses to this part of the question.

11: Are there any other general considerations that you would like the Sponsor to consider in relation to this airspace change proposal?

Are there any other general considerations that you would like the Sponsor to consider in relation to this airspace change proposal?

There were 22 responses to this part of the question.

12: In accordance with the UK Civil Aviation Authority's CAP 1616 airspace change process, consultation responses will be published on Citizen Space via the Airspace Change Portal. Responses will be subject to moderation by the Civil Aviation Authority (CAA). If you wish your response to be published anonymously your personal details (Name, Address & Position) will be redacted and only be seen by the CAA.

Consent Question

There were 33 responses to this part of the question.

Yes - I want my response to be published with my details.											
No - I want my response to be published anonymously.		1	- 1	-		T	1	1	1	- 1	
	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
Option							Тс	otal		Per	rcent
Yes - I want my response to be publ	ish	ed w	/ith I	ny c	leta	ils.	14			42.	42%
No - I want my response to be publis	she	d an	ony	mou	ısly.		19			57.	58%



B Appendix B - Summary of Stakeholder Consultation Responses

B.1 Feedback Questionnaire

The questionnaire contained at Table 4 was made available on the Citizen Space platform in electronic format; in both the main consultation and consultation strategy documents and, as hard copies held at the Council offices on North Uist and at the public drop in event.

Q1	What is your name? (Required)	Q2	What is your email address? (Required)	Q3	Please enter your postcode (home / work / organisation / etc.) (Required)			
Q4	Are you responding as an individual or do you represent an organisation? (Required)	Q5	Name of organisation	Q6	If you are responding on behalf of an organisation, what is your position/title?			
Q7	Do you support the proposed airspa	ace ch	ange proposal? (Required)					
Q8	If you support this proposal, please provide any alterations that would further improve it for you							
Q9	If you oppose this proposal, please explain why							
Q10					cket launch the Sponsor is keen to minimise is that would resolve your oppositions whilst			
Q11	Are there any other general considerations that you would like the Sponsor to consider in relation to this airspace change proposal?							
Q12	on Citizen Space via the Airspace C	Chang be pu	e Portal. Responses will be subj ublished anonymously, please in	ect to r dicate	n), consultation responses will be published moderation by the Civil Aviation Authority below and your personal details (Name, t only one) (Required)			

Table 4: Stakeholder Questionnaire

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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B.2 Feedback Received and Sponsor Response

Unique ID 267222459	Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4	Organisation	Q5	British Helicopter Association	Q6	CEO	Q7	Strongly Support
Feedback	Q8	Nil												
Number	Q9	NA												
(FN) 1	Q10	You h	ave ca	atered	for eme	ergeno	cy helio	copter entry duri	ing act	ivation so the BHA is content				
	Q11	Nil												
	Spons	sor Cate	egoris	ation,	Asses	smen	t and	Response/Con	nment	S				
	Resp	onse M					sign	Response Do		Spon	sor Re	marks/Respon	se	
				Subr	nission			Not Impact A						
		Impac	t		No I	mpact						se does not imp		
								+		Respondent strongly supports access to the airspace, as use				
										be suitable for the new airspac				
										additional mitigations or chang			space	design – it is
										deemed that this response doe	es not i	mpact ACP.		



Unique ID 944890624	Q1		Q2	Q	13	Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Object		
	Q8	Nil													
FN 2	Q9	Lond	lon in o	order to be	e right nex	t door		l am n	and safety grounds. I live 6km fr ot convinced despite considera strophic failure.						
	Q10	Nil							.						
	Q11								⁻ carbon target, and war is in the km from where I live.	e air -	we have no crec	lible as	surances the		
	Spons						Response/Con								
	Resp			npact Pro	posed De	sign	Response Do Not Impact A		Spon	sor Re	marks/Respons	е			
		Impa			No Impac	t	Hot inputtion		Categorisation: R	espon	se does not imp	act AC	P		
		•			ľ		+		Respondent strongly objects to North Uist due to the proximity	the p	rinciple of a Spa eir home. The i	ceport espon	being developed at dents' comments at		
		North Uist due to the proximity to their home. The respondents' comments at Q9 and Q11 are noted but are not directly applicable to the ACP process, proposed airspace design and associated consultation. The respondent makes reference to the environmental impact which has been explored in some detail during the planning process and captured in the EIA and SEI document set available on the Council website; summaries of which are contained in the Consultation Document. The safety aspects of rocket launch and assurances that catastrophic failure will not pose a risk to those living close to the launch site, will be captured in the													
									licencing and/or approvals pro- operator. The respondent of airspace design should chang ACP.	cess fo fers n	or both the Spac o actionable fe	eport (edback	Dperator and the LV that suggests the		



Unique ID 608539646	Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4	Organisation	Q5	MET Office	Q6	Upper Air Observations	Q7	Neutral
	Q8	Nil						I						
FN 3	Q9	Nil												
	Q10	Nil												
	Q11									om 6 locations in the UK. None vices derived from them.	of the	se are in the vici	nity of	the spaceport and
	Spons	sor Ca	tegoris	sation,	Asses	ssmer	nt and	Response/Con	nment	ts				
	Resp		vight In nd ACF				sign	Response Do Not Impact A		Spon	sor Re	marks/Respons	е	
		Impa	ct		No	Impac	t			Categorisation: R	espon	se does not impa	act AC	Р
								+		Respondent is neutral as the p MET office radiosonds launche does not impact ACP.				

Page B-4



Unique ID 749185324	Q1		22	Q3		Q4	Individual	Q5	NATS	Q6	Safety Assurance Manager	Q7	Object
FN 4	Q8 Q9 Q10	include only aff may be My con flows. peak tra	s massi fect this <u>reache</u> ncerns a This is p affic, wh	ive re-route disruption ed. are to ensu particularly	es for c more. re we import eeping	retain tant w	ercial traffic durin ever that said th the necessary a hen the NAT tra	ng D7(rough access cks ar	rth Atlantic (Shanwick) I see I 01 activity. Therefore any add proper negotiation and consu to airspace we currently hav e northerly. The mitigation wo nically as small as safely poss	itional a Itation a e, parti uld invo	activations of the and with the corr cularly around th plve tightening th	e dange rect ass ne main ne activ	r area complex can surance, agreement n east & west traffic ation times to avoid
	Q11 Spons	Nil			•		Response/Con	nment	S				
	Resp			act Propos ubmission		Ũ	Response Do Not Impact A	CP	· .		emarks/Respons se does not imp		>
		Impact			mpact		+		The points raised by the resp acknowledged in detail within the process. It is recognised	ondent the AC	are widely unde P documentatior	rstood n conta	by the Sponsor and ined in all Stages of
									impact on the NAT ATM net afternoon (post 1400 where trajectories will be selected su and notification/agreement or Hebrides Range procedures operated at the MOD Hebrid network using the procedures an appendix to the existing Lu across the current agreements whom will be managing SP-1 with NATS, AirNav Ireland and suggested changes to the airs the ACP.	work at Ocea ch that use of - our les Ra contain oA that to a st activiti I the UI	nd for this reasonic Entry Point they minimise the airspace in accuration aim is to use the nge to minimise ned in the extan- includes rocket andalone LoA. Mes, have an exconst KAMC. The response	on laur s (OEI e numb ordanc his cu e the in t LoAs. launch MOD He ellent v ponder	ches will be in the Ps) are impacted), er of OEPs affected e with current MOD rrent 'best practice' mpact on the ATM We will either add from SP-1 or, map ebrides Range staff, working relationship tt does not offer any

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Unique ID 914225199	Q1		Q2	Q3	(Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Support
	Q8	Nil											
FN 5	Q9	Nil											
	Q10	Nil											
	Q11	Nil											
	Spons	sor Cat	egorisa	tion, Asse	ssment	and	Response/Con	nmen	ts				
	Resp	onse M	light Imp	act Propos	ed Desig	gn	Response Do	bes	Spon	sor Re	marks/Respon	se	
		an	d ACP	Submission			Not Impact A	CP					
		Impac	t	No	Impact						se does not imp		
							+		The respondent strongly supp				
									actionable feedback on the pro impact ACP.	posec	l airspace desig	gn. Thi	s response does not

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Unique ID 983238351	Q1	Q2		Q3	Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Object			
	Q8	Nil				•									
FN 6	Q9 Q10 Q11	CO ₂ emissi impact of re increase in 15% increa The enviror footprint as climate cha The airspac the ACP po Spaceport suborbital f in Item 11. No. The im the plannin PUBLIC SA proposal. F guided rock domestic p the develop permitted o	ons asso erouting the Wes se in the mental sociated ange as r ce impac ortal, airli 1. The S lights. W plication g stage t AFETY: 1 AA regu ket, or 1. roperty, a per states n the gro	ociated w high leve stern Isles westerr impact of I with our much as to of Space iner re-ro axaVord /hen envi s of SP-1 that I reco The impli- lations fo 8km (1.0 and there s the roaco ounds of	vith Space i air traffi s' CO ₂ re h Isles' re f Spacepo assets a possible. ceport 1 a uting for figure fun ronmenta i n regar ommend cations o or suborbi nautical e are sevend d will rem public sa	eport 1 are 50 tir c. Annual CO ₂ e duction targets. eduction targets. ort 1 is therefore and services to w also appears to b SaxaVord is esti- rthermore corres al impact is mone d to environmen the licensing pro- f a rocket malfur ital rocket launch mile) for an ungueral houses with nain open to traff fety.	mes hi missic The fig signif ork to pe muc pork to pe muc pork to por to por to pork t	immediately post-launch are no pulate a safety clearance radius one. In contrast the Spaceport cm of the site; in addition the dis ng launches. If FAA regulations	ed plar tonne nnes c CnES ³ tral Co Vord I 341 tor ches, v lue. I h uch gr ot adec s of 2. 1 laun stance	ning application s, equivalent to f CO ₂ , equivalent published aims omhairle and rec aunch facility. In anes/year, or les vhile the Spacep ave commented eater than those quately addresse 4km (8000ft) rou ch site is only 90 to the nearest p	, which 8 typic at to ov "to min luce ou docur s than port 1 fi d on the prese ed in the DOm fro public r	n neglected the al cars, or a 0.3% ver 400 cars, or a nimise the carbon ar contribution to nents elsewhere on half those at igure is based on 9 e safety case below nted to the public at ne Spaceport 1 launch point of a om the nearest oad is 750m, yet			
	Spons	or Categori	sation, /	Assessm	nent and	Response/Com	nment	S							
	Resp		nse Might Impact Proposed Design Response Does Sponsor Remarks/Response Not Impact ACP												
		Impact		No Imp	act					se does not imp					
		+ Respondent strongly objects to the principle of a Spaceport being developed at North Uist and raises concern regarding CO ₂ emissions figures that are different													

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to those in the EIA. The Sponsor would argue that at the time of the EIA
development the airspace options were not known or understood as the ACP
process followed the planning process and as such the EIA was based on the
best and most up to date information available at the time. Furthermore, there
are distinct licensing processes for spaceports, launch operators and range
operators under the SIA. Safety and environmental impact are fundamental
considerations in determining whether licences are granted and when assessing
environmental impact. In summary, the EIA and ACP environmental
assessments are just some of the building blocks, (with more to follow) needed
to satisfy the regulatory processes before the first launch can occur.
With regard to the concern relating to safety distances, it should be noted that
the ground safety footprint is not part of the airspace change requirements so is
not evidenced in the airspace change consultation documentation. However,
safety distances will form part of the LV operator's licencing/approval and that of
the Spaceport. It is however worth noting that the FAA and CAA approach to
safety distances is different. The UK regulator does not currently specify blanket
distances, preferring instead to licence launches and locations on the basis of
the data of each bespoke LV and propellant composition data. This is
considered a more accurate approach given the need to scrutinise every launch.
If the launch vehicle provider cannot adequately demonstrate that their LV (in a
worst-case catastrophic failure event), be contained within this ground (and sea)
and airspace safety areas, then they will not be permitted or licenced to operate
from the Spaceport-1 launch site. This response makes no reference to the
airspace design, instead focussing on concerns relating to the location of a
Spaceport on North Uist, it is therefore considered that this response does not
impact ACP.



Unique ID 984759435	Q1	Q2		Q3	Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Object
	Q8	Nil						1		I		I
FN 7	Q9 Q10	North Uist of the pro have beer application never bee The dama change, c year alone can be no	creatin bosals a consid a that w n a proj ge to t ponserva would justifica e propo	g unnece there is r dered. T vas appro per busin he wildlif ation and ensure t ation for s osals affe	essary traff no necess he newly oved by lo- ness plan o fe is unaco l sustainat hat most l such a poo	ic movement, roa ity for Scolpaig to revealed CO ₂ en cal Councillors an considering that to ceptable and out pility. The justification aunches take plator orly considered in	ad dam o be c nission nd the he Cou rageou ation fo ace in t nitiative	eve that this ill thought out pro- lage, pollution, noise and gener hosen as the most appropriate s associated with Spaceport 1 Scottish Government. This ind uncil is the lead applicant. Why us considering the so called p or additional jobs is highly spe he busy summer months, ruinite.	al distr site. are 5 dicates not? olicies culative ng the	urbance. Consid Proper, less dar 0 times higher t the true vision of They used our m that relevant pa e and very insul tourist industry	ering the maging han sta of the p noney t arties e ostantia and cr	alternatives should ated in the planning proposal. There has o purchase the site. exist around climate al. The weather this eating havoc. There
	Q11	See Q9. T only main impassabl special an	here an road ar e. Ther d uniqu	re serious nd to nea e could e le place f	arby prope asily be a or ever. P	rties. Rocket firin terrible accident. lease consign the	gs, by The pr ese pro	is a favourite place for recrea any measurements are unpre obability is that if this proposal pposals to where they belong,	dictabl	e. The site will b	e seal	ed off and the roads
	Spons	sor Categor	isation	, Assess	sment and	l Response/Con	nment	S				
	Resp	onse Might and A0		Propose mission	d Design	Response Do Not Impact A		Spor	isor Re	marks/Respons	е	
		Impact		No In	npact	_				se does not imp		
						+		The objections to the airspac process and associated enviro				



· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
rather than the airspace design. Concern is raised regarding environmental
impact on wildlife and potential impact on tourism in the area. These areas have
already been explored in some detail during the planning process and captured
in the EIA and SEI document set that are available on the Council web-site;
summaries of which are contained in the Consultation Documents. Furthermore,
tourism and job creation are contained within the Socioeconomic report also
available on the Council website and summarised in the Consultation Document.
Regarding the safety concerns of rocket operations, these do not appear to
include the airspace element, rather the ground/surface safety aspects.
Although not specifically part of the airspace change it should be noted that
safety will be an integral part of the Spaceport licence and the LV operator's
licence/approval; both of which must satisfy the civil regulator that their
respective operations are safe.
This response does not make any reference to the airspace design or change,
focussing instead on issues out with the ACP process such as the planning
process/consent, EIA/SEI and Socioeconomic report. Therefore it is determined
that this response does not impact the ACP.



Unique ID 495496083	Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4	Organisation	Q5	SaxaVord Spaceport	Q6	Operations Director	Q7	Neutral
	Q8	Nil								1		I		
FN 8	Q9	Nil												
	Q10	Nil												
	Q11 Spons	said " bounda 2. Doe 3. Has Will thi 4. Spa	he use of The air aries". as the s the im ts poten cehub	of the m was ls the sugges pact o ntially Suthe	s to a use o sted ai of the restric erland	imend if the a irspace activat ct activ is also	the D irspace conta- cion of ration of unde	A complex in (e by commercia ain all possible I other adjacent (of the suggested	order al rocke mpact dangei d airsp ace cha	ange, will there be any conflict	nt and purpos s that a Vrath A	future weapon se? are intended to l Air weapons ran	s syste launch ige are	ems tests within its from Spaceport 1?
	Resp	onse Mi					sign	Response Do		Spon	sor Re	marks/Respons	e	
		Impact	d ACP	<u>maue</u>		Impact		Not Impact A		Categorisation: R	00000	se does not imp	act AC	D
								+		Regarding the use of D701; of matter and they are satisfied t spaceport operations where th other activities. The use of a pr airspace management process ANSP staffs alike, is consider comparison to a new independ be found in the Options Apprai D701 will be contained in the stakeholders. It should be conducted in other MOD Dang It is confirmed that the propo Impact Dispersion Areas of the With regard to consideration of Danger Areas, e.g. D712 or the	QinetiC hat the ney do re-exis ses and red the ent be sal Ph appro noted er Area osed a procke of the	A have engage b D701 areas can not impact on ting airspace str d procedures ar e safest and mo spoke design (ju ase II (Full)). D priate LoAs as that commercian as so a precede irspace does in ts that are inten impact of the a	d with an be u MOD ucture ad fami ost cos ustifica etails c sanctic al acti at acti ant has ndeed ded to ctivatic	the MOD over this used for commercial test, evaluation and with tried and tested liarity by Range and it effective option in tion and rational can on the agreed use of oned by all relevant vities are currently already been set. contain all possible launch from SP-1. on of other adjacent

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Г	been considered SD 1 are cognised to adjacent Denger Areas and the impact
	been considered. SP-1 are cognisant of adjacent Danger Areas and the impact
	coincident activation could potentially have on the ATM network, for this reason
	we are keen to use the existing airspace procedures and protocols for D701 as
	they already have deconfliction considerations defined.
	With regard to Spacehub Sutherland, we do not envisage any direct conflict
	between these two ACPs as the airspace requirements, to the best of our
	knowledge, do not overlap. As with all airspace activity, including SaxaVord,
	Spaceport, operators will need to have a clear set of airspace protocols for the
	region defined and agreed by all parties – it is suggested that these protocols
	will need to be decided at governmental level.
	As there is no actionable feedback on the airspace design it is considered that
	this response does not impact on the ACP.



Unique ID 319129839	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Individual	Q5	CoDeL, Uist Beo, Chair of Scottish Rural Action	Q6	Chair Director	Q7	Strongly Object
FN 9	Q8 Q9	world's biodive The Gaels an islands under Community, w	ersity which d their stew mines that w /ho without e	is left, it is i ardship of hich is mos exception a	managed by 6% the land are the st precious. Furth e against any mo	of the close nermo ore mil	Scottish Languages Bill, Gaelic world's population, which are in st we have to indigenous cult re, managing Uist Beo, the onl itary presence, the platform list	ndigen ural pra ine pla s anyth	ous peoples- se actice. The incre tform delivered ning from 30 to 5	e OEC easing by you 0 jobs a	D. militarisation of the ng adults in the Uist across every sector,
	Q10	etc. Uist is on same people of Gaza. Uist o	e of 6 desigr who went on does not nee a more circ	nation population popu	Ilation zones, wh March and the le ou have the econo my and import su	iere we eaflets omic u	uitment gaps we have. From Gl e are working hard to attract a they had showed Uist with a b inderstanding and literacy of Ui tion.	young lood sj	er demographic plat because of a	to live	and work here. The in the killings fields
	Q11 Spons	I have already sor Categorisat	outlined the tion, Assess	sment and	Response/Com						
	Resp	onse Might Imp and ACP S	act Propose Submission	d Design	Response Do Not Impact A		Spon	sor Re	marks/Respons	e	
		Impact	1	npact	+		Categorisation: R Respondent strongly objects to North Uist and is concerned a would argue that SP-1 will be company/business manages th stated that this will be a wholly The other points raised are options presented or the prefe to the airspace change is focu of the respondent. Therefore impact the ACP.	the p about r a com ne site comm not sp rred fir sed on	militarisation of mercial run Spa The SP-1 Proj ercial operation ecifically releva al airspace desi wider socioeco	aceport the isla ceport ect Boa nt to t gn solu nomic	being developed at ands. The Sponsor regardless of which ard have repeatedly he airspace design ution. The objection issues and opinions

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Unique ID 1059437383	Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Support
	Q8	Nil												
FN 10	Q9	Nil												
	Q10	Nil												
	Q11	Nil												
	Spons	sor Ca	tegoris	sation,	Asses	smer	nt and	Response/Con	nment	S				
	Resp	onse N	/light In	npact F	Propose	ed De	sign	Response Do	bes	Spor	isor Re	marks/Respons	е	
		a	nd ACF	Subm	nission			Not Impact A	CP					
		Impac	ct		No I	mpact	t			Categorisation: F	lespon	se does not imp	act AC	Р
								+		Respondent strongly supports				
										feedback that suggests any ch		should be made	e to the	airspace proposal.
										This response does not impac	t ACP.			

Unique ID 134434350	Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4	Individual	Q5	Sollas Beach Fly-in Group	Q6	Organiser of the annual Sollas Beach Fly in	Q7	Support
	Q8	Nil												
FN 11	Q9	Nil												
	Q10	None												
	Q11	No												
	Spons	or Cat	egoris	sation,	Asses	ssmer	nt and	Response/Co	omment	S				
	Resp	onse M	ight In	npact F	ropose	ed De	sign	Response I	Does	Spc	nsor Re	emarks/Respons	е	
		an	d ACF	Subm	ission		-	Not Impact	ACP					
		Impac	t		No I	mpact	t			Categorisation:	Respon	se does not imp	act AC	P
								+		Respondent supports the airs suggests any changes should response does not impact AC	be ma			

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Unique ID 720073399	Q1	Q2		Q3	Q4	Organisation	Q5	HIAL		Q6	SATCO	Q7	Support		
FN 12	Q8	continue to The propos impacted b If the new s traffic would	be avail ed segre y activity egregate	able to c egated ai in those ed airspa	oordinate rspace b areas as ce was e	e air traffic again orders D701Y/C s well as D701A.	st Ran /E and	the rarely activa	nted D704. Mu	Iltiple I	nstrument Appro	bach P			
	Q9 Q10	Q10 Not opposed. Good communication and coordination is essential for the safe operation of air traffic at and in the vicinity of Benbecula Airport. Q11 Nil Sponsor Categorisation, Assessment and Response/Comments													
	Spons														
	Resp	onse Might I and AC			Design	Response Do Not Impact A			Spon	sor Re	marks/Respons	е			
		Impact		No Imp	act	+		areas can pote	ed in the ACF ntially impact	on c	ertain approach	activat nes to	ion of certain D701 Benbecula airport		
	however, this impact is greatly reduced and mitigated through existing procedures and agreements between MoD Hebrides Range and HIAL. The intention is to use these extant procedures for SP-1 use of D701 in exactly the same manner. As the feedback does not contain any suggestions to change the airspace design it is considered that this response does not impact the ACP.														



Unique ID 609581498	Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4	Organisation	Q5	HIAL	Q6	ATM Professional Support/ACP Authority	Q7	Support	
FN 13	Q8	contin The p by act If the	ue to l ropose ivity in	be ava ed seg i those	ilable t regate areas	to coor d airsp as we	dinate ace bo Il as D	air traffic again orders D701Y/C 0701A.	st Ran /E and	I lines of communication betw ge activity. the rarely activated D704. M on, Missed Approaches could	ultiple l	nstrument Appro	ach Pr	ocedures impacted	
	Q9 Q10	Q9 Nil Q10 Not opposed. Good communication and coordination is essential for the safe operation of air traffic at and in the vicinity of Benbecula Airport. Q11 Nil Sponsor Categorisation, Assessment and Response/Comments													
	Q11 Spons														
	Response Might Impact Proposed Design Response Does Sponsor Remarks/Response														
	and ACP Submission Not Impact ACP Impact No Impact Categorisation: Response does not impact ACP Impact No Impact + It is acknowledged in the ACP documentation that activation of certain D areas can potentially impact on certain approaches to Benbecula airport											n of certain D701 ecula airport			
	however, this impact is greatly reduced and mitigated through existing procedures and agreements between MoD Hebrides Range and HIAL. The intention is to use these extant procedures for SP-1 use of D701 in exactly the same manner. As there are no suggested changes to the airspace design it is determined that this response does not impact the ACP.														



Unique ID 276355460	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Organisation	Q5	Isavia ANS	Q6	Manager ATS Procedures	Q7	Neutral
	Q8	Nil	•						•		
FN 14	Q9	Nil									
	Q10	Nuuk (BGGL) a The area impac percentage of a impact 76 flights to fly south of th all cases, this w increase in fligh route. The impa levels align with Another item of aircraft on a bus October, are am Financial Implic For an average 49.500 GBP for For an industry proportionally m Recommendatio Further informat Within the impa upper flight leve this area are un	nd Reykjavik of ted within BIR rcraft entering a, and over 23 e launch posi- pould mean a no time and fue- act on increas current proje consideration y day. Howe ong the busic ations: Regard day in July, e- 3 days) depe that has suffe ore significan ons: Isavia AN ion: cted area ther l of 8500 feet. controlled airco	(BIRD) f D FIR i g the im 0 flights tion and reduction I burn a ed work ctions. is that wer, this est mon ding the stimated nding o red tren t to our IS recor	flight information s one of the most pacted area is 1 s over a 3-day per d to enter Reykja on in revenues for and greenhouse of cload for air traffic the traffic volume s number could b ths of the year w e financial part, ls d financial part, ls d financial impact n airlines decision nendous financial operations. As mmends that lau maller low-level rea is established t, nevertheless, f	region st frequ 6% of eriod. 1 vik CT r Isavia gas en c contr e depe be a gro- th reg savia A to on th ons on al losse a resul nch tim area, c d to se could b	NS service fees are calculated e company could be between where they would reroute their es due to the COVID pandemic t, this matter is of great concer nes be held from 22pm until 8a called the North Sea Area withi rve helicopters travelling to an	. Effect into th D FIR. route e ing so those ing to e ssed a inds. T winds H using 4,000 (fleet. , there n to us <u>m UT(</u> n both d from	ets on operations e Reykjavik CT/ On an average either north of th uth of Shetland FIR's taking on operate on a lon and could be cor These numbers a . The time perio flown kilometre GBP – 16.000 G fore, any negatires and viewed wit <u>C in order to min</u> the Reykjavik a oil rigs in the ar	s/traffic A. The day it c e impa and int the ext ger an nsidera are, on d in qu s withir BP (12 ve final h the u imise e nd Nor	estimated ean be expected to cted area or decide o another FIR. In ra traffic and an d less optimum ble should traffic average, over 400 estion, August to n Reykjavik CTA. 2,000 GBP – ncial impact will be tmost severity. effects on air traffic.

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Sponsor Categorisat	ion, Assessment and	Response/Commer	nts							
Response Might Impa and ACP S		Response Does Not Impact ACP	S	ponsor Remarks/Response						
Impact	No Impact		Categorisation:	Response does not impact ACP						
		+	The respondent makes several references to airspace that lies well of Spaceport-1 area of interest and upon further examination it is detern this response is exactly the same as the one sent to the SaxaVord							
			team during their Stage 3 f this response is relevant to Spaceport-1. Isavia were suggestion that they may declined to do so. Furtherr were clear that they did no their operations and stated we feel that we shouldn't has therefore assumes the response	e same as the one sent to the SaxaVord Spaceport formal consultation period. The wording contained in o SaxaVord however, it has little or no relevance to contacted and this error highlighted to them with a y need to resubmit their response however, they more, based on Stage 2 engagement with Isavia, they ot believe the SP-1 ACP would have any impact on d: <i>"The area doesn't affect the Reykjavik FIR/CTA so</i> <i>ave an opinion on the option to choose"</i> . The Sponsor ponse was mistakenly filed and it is does not provide the SP-1 final airspace proposal. This response does						



Unique ID 248555094	Q1		Q2		Q3	Q4	Organisation	Q5	Directflight Ltd T/A Airtask	Q6	Head of Flight Operations	Q7	Neutral			
	Q8	NA									•					
FN 15	Q9	NA														
	Q10	NA														
	Q11	NA														
	Spons	sor Ca	tegoris	ation, <i>I</i>	Assessm	ent and	Response/Con	nment	ls							
	Resp		Might Im nd ACP		roposed E ission	esign	Response Do Not Impact A		Sponsor Remarks/Response							
		Impac	ct		No Impa	act			Categorisation: R	espon	se does not imp	act AC	P			
	Impact No Impact						+ The respondent who now operates the recently introduced Hebridea services operating between Stornoway and Benbecula, has provided response without any feedback on the airspace design final proposa									
	I								therefore deemed that this res	ponse	does not impac	t ACP.				

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Unique ID 865601655	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Object			
	Q8	NA												
FN 16	Q9	never com of rocket fr activity, ho form of cro is less that fallout. The fallout from considerin inevitable museum a being deliv which are popular "H economy?	pletely safe. uel over land wever, let it b ofting. To me of 5 miles awa of UNESCO V of the spacepo g the spacepo disruption to bout Caledor vered for the hardly suitab ebridean Wa Where will th	Worldwide i and fire. Pro- be remember the risks of ay from the second vorld Herita bort. There is ort could be island life wo nian MacBra South Uist r le for transp y" when del ne necessal	news over the last esumably these and pred that people do contaminating this site, providing a sa ge Site of St Kilda also a threat to m come a target dur th the transportation ocket range for sa orting oversized v iveries are being r y personnel for th	year h re som o still li s fragile anctua , home harine l ring tim ion of r bes re fety re rehicles made t e proje	ation Authority website describe has seen rocket failures in Texa e of the reasons an area with leve nearby and some attempt to e landscape are too high to pur ry for rare birds like the corncra- to nearly 1 million seabirds an ife and the existing fish farms in res of war eg. Putin attacking U rocket fuel and rockets to the si sidents of Lochmaddy having to asons. North Uist has only sing s with dangerous loads. How w o the site and rocket launches ext be housed when housing is poposing. Perhaps try it in your of	as, US. ow pop o contil sue the sue the sue the d the f rocke kraine te. The o move gle-trace ill peop are un alread	A, and Japan lead pulation density nue an increasin is kind of activity it the area is at r UK's largest puff ets should fail. A and those who e current exhibit e out of their hor ck roads across ple continue their derway? How w y so tight on the	ad to ex is chos igly rar /. An R isk fror fin colo further assist at the nes wh the frag ir journ ill this a	xplosions, dispersal en for such an e lifestyle in the SPB nature reserve n rocket failure ny is also at risk of risk comes when her. There seems Lochmaddy en rocket fuel was gile peatlands, eys on the now affect the local			
	Q10		any rockets.											
	Q11		sue this proje		1.5. (2)									
	Spons	sor Categor	isation, Ass	essment ar	d Response/Cor	nment	S							
	Resp	sponse Might Impact Proposed Design and ACP Submission Response Does Not Impact ACP Sponsor Remarks/Response												
		Impact	No	lmpact					se does not imp					
		+ The respondent's objections to airspace change appear to be focused on wider issues of a Spaceport on North Uist rather than the airspace change and												



airspace design. Concern is raised regarding the safety aspects of rocket operations, these do not appear to include the airspace element, rather more generic ground/surface safety aspects. Again these elements are not
specifically part of the airspace change but will be an integral part of the Spaceport licence and the LV operator's licence; both of which must satisfy the
civil regulator that their respective operations are safe.
The respondent also has concern regarding local bird populations, impact on marine life and damage to roads. These wider issues are outside the ACP
process and have already been considered as part of the planning process.
As the respondent does not provide any actionable feedback on the airspace design then it is deemed that this response does not impact the ACP.



Unique ID 46170538	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Organisation	Q5	Northern Lighthouse Board	Q6	Navigation Officer	Q7	Neutral			
	Q8	Not applica	ble, as we are	e local Air Sp	ace users we ar	re con	tent to observe the proposed A	CP if a	and when imple	mented				
FN 17	Q9	NA												
	Q10	NA												
	Q11													
	Sponsor Categorisation, Assessment and Response/Comments Response Might Impact Proposed Design Response Does Sponsor Remarks/Response													
	Resp	onse Might I	mpact Propos	ed Design	Response Do	bes	Spon	sor Re	marks/Respon	se				
		and AC	P Submission	1	Not Impact A	CP								
		Impact	No	Impact			Categorisation: R	Response does not impact ACP						
					+		Respondent has a neutral position on the airspace change but offers							
					actionable feedback that suggests any changes should be made to									
						airspace proposal. Therefore, the response does not impact ACP.								

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Unique ID 34655990	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Organisation	Q5	Ministry of Defence (MOD)	Q6	DAATM SO2 Airspace Operations	Q7	Neutral			
	Q8	NA												
FN 18	Q9	NA												
	Q10	See Below												
	Q11	repeated he Use of D70 ⁻ the Sponso Access to th access agre	ere for ease a 1 would need r. Liaison with ne DAs for na eements. The	nd transpare to be negot the UK Spa tional securi MOD stand	ency. Activation of iated under a Lo ace Operations (ity reasons rema	of the ng Te Centre ins ex Spons	n military operations overall. P two proposed new Danger Are rm Partnering Agreement as d SpOC would be required for a tant, which has been suitably a or with any further information	as has iscusse iny spa address	been assessed ed and has alrea ice launch activit sed by the Spon	to hav dy bee ies.	e negligible impact. en acknowledged by			
	-	onse Might In		ed Design	Response Do	es		nsor Re	emarks/Respons	е				
		Impact	No	Impact	+		Categorisation: Response does not impact ACP Although the MOD are neutral in their support of the ACP they recognise that the ACP will have negligible impact on MOD operations. Work is well established to facilitate use of D701 under the LTPA process with a LoA							
					between stakeholders in draft continue to work with the MOI with other key aviation stakeh response does not impact AC	form re D to est olders.	eady for comme tablish the neces	nt. The ssary a	e Sponsor will greements along					



Unique ID 713239047	Q1		Q2	Q3		Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Object
FN 19		feel u intere I belie Nil sor Cat	ncertai ests. I de eve the egorisa light Im nd ACP	n that the C o not have project is b ation, Asse pact Propo Submissio	etter su essmer sed Des	who pr g belie uited to nt and sign	esently own the	e site a f the pr cation. nment Des CP	s Spon	sor Re espon st any ction fo	emarks/Respons se does not imp changes to the a ocusses on perc e socioeconomi	e act AC airspac eived g c bene	P P e or makes generic fits and the



Unique ID 390600567	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Object		
FN 20	Q8 Q9 Q10 Q11 Spons	 I am particularly concerned about the growing problems associated with the militarisation of space and the overcrowding of space object in Low Earth Orbit. Space has become essential for the US and UK military and the US has a stated aim of dominating the space environment. This space port is more than likely to become involved in launching military satellites associated with this aim and therefor contributing to what is effectively an arms race in outer space. In addition, launches of rockets have been shown to have detrimental effects on areas surrounding the launch sites and on the upper atmosphere, in particular on the ozone layer. There are also negative environmental effects on the atmosphere due to satellites burning up on re-entry at the end of their lifetime. No satellites with a military purpose should be launched. Any launches should not be made until sufficient scientific measurement have been made that allow realistic estimates of the environmental damage due to launches on the ground and upper atmosphere can be made. Any satellites launched should include an end of life plan that removes them from orbit without involving re-entry and burn-up through th Earth's atmosphere. 											
	Resp		mpact Propos P Submission No		Response Do Not Impact A +	<u>CP</u>	•	espon: the a and the onsor re ther the pro	e detrimental env would contest th e will not be any oject is for a com edback that sug	act AC based vironm nat SP- v satell mercia gests a	upon their objection ental impact upon 1 is only launching ites or other objects al Spaceport, not a any changes should		

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Unique ID 798539565	Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Object
	Q8	Nil												
FN 21	Q9	I oppo	ose the	e Spac	eport p	roposa	al.							
	Q10	Nil												
	Q11	Nil												
	-							Response/Com						
	Resp				Propose nission	ed Des	sign	Response Do Not Impact A		Spons	sor Re	marks/Respons	e	
		Impac	ct		No Ir	mpact				·		se does not imp		
								+		Respondent strongly objects to to a Spaceport at Scolpaig. Ho suggests any changes should be	weve	, they offer no a	actional	ble feedback that
										the response does not impact A	ACP.			



Unique ID 347977918	Q1		Q2		Q3	Q4	l Indiv	idual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Object
	Q8	Nil												
FN 22	Q9	l obj	ect to th	ne enab	oling of s	ub-orbit	al rocket	s in North	n Uist.					
	Q10	Nil												
	Q11	Nil												
	-				Proposed		<u> </u>	onse/Cor			sor Re	marks/Respor	ISE	
	ПСОр		nd ACF			Desigi		Impact A		Opon			100	
	Impact No Impact						se does not im							
								+		Respondent strongly objects to to a Spaceport at Scolpaig. He suggests any changes should	oweve	r, they offer no	actiona	ble feedback that
										the response does not impact				

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Unique ID 595527799	Q1	C	22	G	23	Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Neutral
	Q8	Nil											
FN 23	Q9	See Q1	10										
	Q10	10 I am totally opposed to there being a spaceport at Scolpaig both from an environmental and cost benefit to the local community standpoints.											
	Q11	Q11 See Q10											
	Spons	or Cate	gorisa	ation, A	ssessmei	nt and	Response/Con	nmen	ts				
	Resp	Response Might Impact Proposed Design and ACP Submission				sign	Response Does Sponsor Remarks/Response Not Impact ACP						
		Impact No Impact				Categorisation: Re	espon	se does not imp	act AC	Р			
							+		Respondent has a neutral po opposed to a Spaceport bein environmental impact and neg	t due to perceived			
									the respondent offers no action be made to the airspace prop ACP.	able fe	edback that sug	ggests	any changes should



Unique ID 739364149	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Organisation	Q5	Spacewatch UK	Q6	Nil	Q7	Object
FN 24	Q8 Q9	socioecono findings fro burn cause that launch emissions a order to pro we permit of The consul (9.2.14), at disturbance The consul recover sur pollution. The EIA str of objects a site, and th lifetime. Ro and on the end of thei limited und Each of thei We would a prepared b such as thi developer) We are also non-technic	mic issues as m the Environ d by air traffic es themselves associated witi event catastro developments tation docume nd potentially to protected tation docume ch debris, or i udy does not a and debris in e ere does not a cocket launches upper atmosp r lifetime resul erstanding. These factors on also like to exp y consultants is the EIA sho to address isso o disappointed cal summary to	sociated with mental Impa diversions r s will genera h this develo phic climate which furthe ent accepts t significant species (9.2 ent also state if so, how. appear to ac earth orbit is appear to be s have been ohere, with p lts in the ac he Spacepo its own repr ress concer to the remit ould be cond sues raised b I that the lice o guide the	the development of the development of Assessment (equired to accorn the additional carro- opment would be change we need a radd to net carlo- hat there will be effects on other .20). The devel es that rocket de As a result the dress space im a growing proble e any intention to shown to have of optential to dama cumulation of m rt 1 proposal wo esents strong gr n about the qual of the develope ducted by a trus by local commun-	nt. Env (EIA), a mmoda bon er highe ed to un con dic impac r impo opmen bris wi propos pacts, em. In premo detrime age the etal re uld add ounds ity of the r withous s for th gh key	ts on Special Protection Areas rtant ecological features, incl it will have a negative impact of ll be jettisoned into the sea (9 sed development can be expo- particularly cumulative effects in due course there are plans to ve these satellites from orbit if ental effects in terms of chemic e ozone layer. Re-entry and b sidues in the atmosphere with d to such impacts. for refusing to permit the prop ne Environmental Impact Asse but community input. We con eutral, third party (for example and environmentalists as well a his application did not appear to points of the application, and	nsultati nission: graph (opears other p s emis a intence uding on biod (2.22) a ected t , assoc o launce n a sus cal polle urn-up n envire osed d ssmen sider the e a loc s by th o incluce	on document for s will increases a 6.3.6). It is also to be some que roposed space la sions. We will r led to protect bir the degradation iversity. and it is unclear o have an impa- ciated with the p ch satellites into stainable manne- ution on areas su of space object onmental effects evelopment and t for the propose nat for potentiall al university, wi e developer and le an easily acce	the pro- tas a res- accept stion a: aunch s not suc d popu of val whether or val whether act on r roposa orbit fire r at the urround s in the for wh airspa d deve y signif th cost: regula	pposal, summarising sult of additional fuel ed by the developer s to whether carbon sites in Scotland. In ceed in doing this if lations and habitats luable habitats and er there are plans to marine ecology and I. The accumulation om the Spaceport 1 e end of their useful ling the launch sites e atmosphere at the nich we as yet have ce changes. lopment, which was icant developments s paid in full by the tors. and understandable

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Q10 Q11 Spons								
Resp	oonse Might Impa and ACP S	ct Proposed Design ubmission	Response Does Not Impact ACP	Sponsor Remarks/Response				
	Impact No Impact			Categorisation: Response does not impact ACP				
			+	Respondent objects to the airspace change based on a number of concerns not the least the environmental impact the Spaceport will have in particular the predicted increase in carbon emissions (due to redirection of some high level air traffic). It is accepted that these figures may appear higher than stated by other Spaceports however, the Sponsor would guard against making such like for like comparisons as the metrics used are often widely different especially when it comes to the duration that the airspace is required for. Unlike other Spaceports, the Sponsor has the knowledge and experience of launching similar rocket systems from the MOD QinetiQ managed Hebrides Range and it is from this data that the worst case scenarios have been assessed using a protracted three hour window for the launch. The Sponsor would suggest other Spaceports are being extremely optimistic in only considering a one hour launch window – this in isolation decreases their perceived impact by a third when compared to SP- 1. Regarding concern over items jettisoned into the sea; this will be covered by the Marine Management Organisation (MMO) who may decide the LV operator will				

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need to obtain a marine licence prior to launch, this is a requirement detailed in the Space Industry Act 2018 and in supporting guidance documentation. With regard to the safety concerns for local residents, the Sponsor would offer the following detail from the Consultation Document: "It is important to note that the process to determine the size of airspace necessary to ensure no additional risk to other airspace users is different to that regarding the 'land safety footprint' and risk to 3rd parties on the ground, and to the process used to establish the risk to maritime 3rd parties. The airspace safety requirements consider a large aircraft with a high number of passengers travelling at high speed therefore, to reach an acceptable level of risk, the segregated airspace area has to be significantly bigger than the land or sea space safety areas. The airspace area therefore does not denote an area of risk to personnel on the ground; there are many UK Danger Areas over land that are there to safeguard aviation and do not indicate that a threat to personnel on the ground exists. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd parties on the ground has to be contained well within the SP-1 site area. It should be further noted that the ground safety footprint (and that over the sea space) is not evaluated under the ACP process; this is addressed separately by the CAA through the Spaceport and Rocket/Launch Operators licences and approvals. Here both the Spaceport operator and the rocket launch provider will need to satisfactorily demonstrate to the CAA that they have a robust safety case, safety management processes and evidence to show the operation is safe and risk to 3rd Parties on the surface is tolerable and within the regulated safety margins – the CAA will only issue the respective licences when these strict safety criteria are met."
Other points regarding socioeconomic issues and concern over the EIA are noted and have been recorded but as they do not impact the airspace change proposal the Sponsor is unwilling to comment further on these matters. The responder does not offer any actionable feedback on the proposed airspace design therefore it is considered that this response will not impact the ACP.

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Unique ID 102197726 8 779096160	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Individual /Organisation	Q5	NA	Q6	masters in biology from Uiniversität Bern, Switzerland	Q7	Strongly Object	
	Q8	Nil							·			
FN 25 FN 26	 Q9 I know the location, have visited it a few times and found it rich in flora and fauna. North Uist, as our Hebridean Islands, attract many visitors over the year because of its still (relatively) beauty and wildness. Such visit meet don't come here to find a Spaceport area but almost desperately look for (relatively) untouched areas; they ask me where to find such and such plants, where they may see such and such birdthey leave crowded towns to find quiet, maybe even silence (very rar find nowadays!!), unspoilt beaches, natural heath, birds lost for ever in other places but still found on the islands I could name many such precious attributes, including heritage, traditional crofting etc. I personally am convinced that it is a great and irreparable mistake to bring Spaceport (and all the connected changes) into the Uists. if I understand that it would offer (a few!) new jobs to locals, long term it will be a big loss in and for tourism! The planning of a spaceport also shows a disrespect towards the life, traditions and uniqueness of this landscape and its people I support fully the opinion of shared in this consultations. Q10 Nil Q11 With the crisis and loss of habitats, species and crofting traditions with many much more important changes to be achieved in preparation for effects of climate change IT IS ABSOLUTELY NOT THE TIME for such a project Sponsor Categorisation, Assessment and Response/Comments 								e where to find ence (very rare to Ild name many into the Uists. Even			
	Resp	onse Might Imr	act Proposed [Desian	Response Do	es	Spon	sor Re	marks/Respons	e		
			Submission	ee.g.	Not Impact A					•		
		Impact	No Impa	act					se does not imp			
					+	This respondent provided the same response twice, once as an organ and secondly as an individual therefore, these two responses have be combined. Respondent strongly objects to the airspace change based primarily of concern that the Spaceport will adversely affect the current equilibrium Islands and deter visitors who seek tranquillity. However as the respon offers no actionable feedback that suggests any changes should be m the airspace proposal it is determined that this response does not imp						

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Unique ID 925933822	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Individual	Q5	Friends of Scolpaig	Q6	Member	Q7	Strongly Object
	Q8	NA					·				
FN 27	Q9	and safety (ENVIRONN endorse all Responses ANS) (neut already, "m and greenh considerabl Response 9 than that st of misinform and misinfor objective a experience requiremen information CONSULT organisatio will be invite The expect and the ma airspace ch SAFETY: T only cater f comment in ground is c progressing	grounds, and MENTAL: The of these. Plea 749185324 (tral) have put assive re-rou- nouse gas em le ", and or 983238351 (s ated in Space nation or error ormation giver s it should had d Planning C t only for so , nor included - CONSULT ns have been ed to provide tation of the D ajority, if not a nange were we he safety dis or risks in act nanswer to Q considered as g with airspac	on lack of a general en ase note sp object) from forward ve- tes for com issions", "T a very signif trongly obje port 1's En- in the deta within the ave been. Consultant. me addition d in the em TATION S ² engaged d further feed prop-in ever all, of the at ell covered tance giver ivities in re uestion 2 of part of the e change in	adequate public c nvironmental con ecifically; n NATS and 2763 ry strong argume mercial traffic dur The impact on inc icant financial imp ect) highlights in o vironmental impa il within the EIA a EIA which is not This is undoubte You appear, and al information. If vironmental and/o TRATEGY - 3.2 uring Stage 1 and back to the forma- tat Hosta Hall (thendees on the d there was no rep in the planning ation to preparat the Record of Ke licensing proces relation to a pro	consulta cerns a 355460 ents ag ing D7 creased plicatio detail th creased plicatio detail th ct Asse gainst only fa edly in d not Friends or cons .3 Env d Stage al cons 17/04/2 ay wer resenta applica ion for ey Airs s for th posal v	are already well articulated in from the Air Navigation Servic gainst rocket launch from Sco 01 activity", and Isavia ANS or d workload for air traffic contro- ns which are " viewed with the reality of CO2 emissions with essment (EIA) provided for pla which planning consent was gractually incorrect in places but part due to its preparation no unreasonably, to have gener s of Scolpaig have not, howe servation organisations invited vironmental Organisations - e 2 of the process as well as du	respor ce Prov lpaig; N the ba illers a the utm hich ar nning p anted, is subj ot havi ally ac ever, be to con A num iring th environ environ radius n relation he Dro ere se nces in	vider for the Rey NATS on the basis of, "increase asis of, "increase nd safety must nost severity." e now assessed but it is not the of ective in its con ing been manage cepted the EIA een party to the notribute against beer of enviror e planning activ mental issues a rest the former. Inmental impacts s around the ce on to early inflig ip-in event that, ems to be little relation to laund	bmitted kjavik (asis of f be asso d at a lef n itself only sig clusion ged by a in go e natur the fol menta ity. For as well Whilst	and I/we generally Control Area (Isavia further disruption to a time and fuel burn essed and could be evel 50 times higher is a staggering level nificant shortcoming s rather than wholly a professional and od faith with some te of this additional lowing: "Stage 3 – I and conservation completeness, they as airspace change the technicalities of the launch pad can re. Whilst noting the sk to persons on the purpose whatever in uborbital rockets (as

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	is to generally remain open under the consent granted. Against the FAA regulations, therefore, the reality must be that any launch from Scolpaig would pose very significant risk to third parties on the ground outside the launch area boundary, and is not, therefore, viable. The 430m maximum safety clearance (radius) around the launch pad is as given in the EIA for the sub-orbital launch proposal. That circumference, however, cuts through Loch Scolpaig, with the land to the south partly in separate ownership. Whilst riparion owners can control and restrict bank fishing on any body of water from the land in their ownership, both riparian owners here will have the legal right to fish the entire body of water from a boat. CnES, therefore, as the owner of Scolpaig Farm do not have full control over all of this particular safety area as part of the south western section of the loch falls within it. A 1.85km safety clearance radius is given in the FAA's 'Supplemental Application for Unguided Suborbital Launch Vehicles (USLV's)', (2001). (So, for unguided launch vehicles.) This area covers several residential properties as well as a significant section of the public road. A 2.4km safety clearance radius is given in the FAA's 'Licensing and Safety Requirements for Operation of a Launch Site', 14 CFR Parts 401,417, and 420 (2000). (For guided launch vehicles.). This area covers numerous residential properties as well as a greater section of the public road. In respect of current activity in the UK, and according to your website, Hylmpulse is currently applying for a launch license for the SR75 sub-orbital launch vehicle at Shetland Spaceport 1 for similar launches from Scolpaig. Hylmpulse are advising a 1.8km safety radius round the launch pad as part of their license application. I/we don't know whether they have used 1.8km because (a) it corresponds with the site ownership boundary at SaxaVord or (b) it corresponds generally with the FAA guidance for unguided suborbital rockets. Either way, it's 1.8km. Accepting also co
Q10	No. The implications of sub-orbital rocket launch from Scolpaig as regards safety and environmental impacts are so significantly greater than advised and considered at planning stage that the entire project should be scrapped. Safe launch of sub-orbital launch vehicles from Scolpaig simply cannot be achieved.
Q11	"Yes. 1) - In relation to the Record of Key Airspace Related Questions from the Drop-in event: Q &A - 1; At the particular presentation I attended, the answer given was that any proposed increase in launch numbers would require a new ACP, this without qualification. This is now qualified, but as drafted seems ambiguous? Q&A - 2; Covered above. Q&A - 7; You correctly note "own microclimate" which is particularly relevant around Scolpaig. MOD Hebrides Range staff will certainly have significant experience of wind issues around Range head and from the beaches and flat hinterland also sometimes utilised, but not at Scolpaig. Scolpaig has a particularly turbulent wind environment at times given the relationship of the hill with the open ocean, and this is a matter of concern that has been made known to CnES and its consortium from the very outset. Q&A - 15: The answer given does not reflect personal experience from living on Uist. (Refer also the response from Isavia ANS.)

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	 2) - In relation to a question other matters. I asked a question about why a specific trajectory to the north had been retained as the general launch trajectory would be westwards, with more than sufficient leeway within the western direction fan to accommodate adjustments on the day to cater for the likes of a fishing boat in the range area, etc. The answer given was that it may just be to cater for the possibility of something in the range area, weather, etc., but that answer is not credible given the extent of launch area and trajectories otherwise available. There has been a level of secrecy and an absence of adequate public consultation at appropriate time(s) surrounding this project from the very outset of the initial orbital launch project to the extent that it has led to significant suspicion amongst many people that there is some hidden agenda surrounding it, and driving it (vis-a-vis, for example, SaxaVord, who have undertaken significant PR and public engagement). When the initial project for orbital launch was being progressed, in respect of the required polar and sun-synchronous orbits launching to the north, this was against an appraisal of suitable sites in Scotland for such function (as reported in the Sceptre Report, 2017), as was essential to meet planning requirements. When that initial project was scrapped and the sub-orbital launch were no longer applicable and many more sites would be potentially available. This was not done. A reasonable conclusion, therefore, is that there is either a hidden agenda in respect of retaining a launch trajectory to the north, or that trajectory is simply there not for any physical purpose but as an excuse for not undertaking appropriate site selection for sub-orbital launch (which can be in any direction)." Sponsor Categorisation, Assessment and Response/Comments Sponsor Categorisation, Assessment and Response/Comments Sponsor C										
-	Response Might Impa and ACP S		Response Does Not Impact ACP	Sponsor Remarks/Response							
-	Impact	No Impact	Not impact Act	Categorisation: Response does not impact ACP							
	impaor		+	In reply to the Responders extensive feedback the Sponsor would offer the following: It should be noted that Response 749185324 (object) from NATS is from an							
				individual and this is NOT the NATS position, the latter is 'Neutral' and can be found at ID 115026295. With regard to response ID 276355460 from the Air Navigation Service Provider for the Reykjavik Control Area (Isavia ANS). The Isavia response is exactly the same as that sent to SaxaVord despite SP-1 operating in entirely different airspace and in airspace that does not encroach the Icelandic Flight Information Region (FIR); unlike the majority of saxaVord airspace change that is almost entirely within Iceland's FIR. Isavia have been contacted to highlight the error in their response but have declined to resubmit							

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an updated response therefore the points they highlight are not considered significant or relevant to the SP-1 ACP. Regarding the CO ₂ emissions being assessed as 50 times higher than those stated in the EIA, it is important to note that at the time of the EIA development the airspace options were not known or understood and as such the EIA was based on the best and most up to date information available at the time to inform the planning process. Furthermore, there are distinct licensing processes for spaceports, launch operators and range operators under the SIA. Safety and environmental impact are fundamental considerations in determining whether licences are granted and when assessing environmental impact. Regarding the additional environmental information requested by the CAA, this was around certain metrics used for noise modelling and an explanation on the use of different metrics for sonic boom. The former was evidenced through the rerunning of the original noise modelling programme and the latter was accepted by the CAA.
Considering the drop in event at Hosta Hall not covering the environmental issues; the Sponsor can confirm that the environmental impact associated with re-routing civil air traffic crossing the North Atlantic, was covered in some detail and this information can be found in the Consultation Documentation. The options appraisal phase II (full) contains a most detailed explanation of the methodology used and potential increase in CO ₂ emissions. It is acknowledged that the EIA and SEI commissioned by the Council in support of the planning process was not covered as this is not explicitly part of the ACP process as prescribed in in Civil Aviation Publication (CAP) 1616 (Ed 4). A summary of certain environmental elements of the EIA/SEI were included in the Consultation Document. The drop in event was clearly publicised as pertaining solely to the proposed Airspace Change.
With regard to the 'safety distances' in the context of the airspace change, it is important to note that the airspace change ONLY considers the risks to aviation and as previously stated, there are other regulatory bodies and licencing processes (which will be initiated at a future stage of development) that ensure the risk to 3 rd parties on the ground are minimised. Moreover, the regulations

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	used to determine safety distances are at the discretion of, and prescribed by, the CAA. The Sponsor is unable to comment on safety distances for specific LV types such as Hylmpulse however it should be noted that if the safety parameters for a particular LV cannot be contained within the SP-1 site and associated segregated airspace, then that LV operator will not receive the necessary licence/approval to operate from SP-1. Notes on the 'public drop in event' were provided on Citizen Space following the event. With reference to whether an increase in launch numbers would necessitate a new ACP, the Sponsor offers the following: An ACP is required if the use of the airspace is changed – whether an increase in numbers of launches would be deemed a 'change in airspace use' would be a matter for the CAA who may, if they wished, call for an ACP to be raised. The Sponsor offers no further comment regarding microclimate or the reference to the Isavia response that is not relevant to Spaceport-1. With regard to trajectories, the ACP Consultation documentation states that the trajectories will be contained within an arc of 225 to 315 degrees. Decision on trajectory for a particular launch will be subject to many elements not least environmental, impact on the air traffic network and the 'clear range' to name a few. The Sponsor is unable to comment on the other points raised regarding for rocket launch. As the respondent offers no actionable feedback on the airspace design it is determined that this response does not impact on the ACP.
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Unique ID 72918170	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Object
	Q8	Nil			•				·		•
FN 28	Q9	I have concerns about noise pollution and the impact on wildlife, not to mention nearby settlements. I have concerns about pollution from fuel emissions and its impact on the surrounding land and sea. This area is used for fishing and agriculture, and many people grow their own produce to consume as well as grains for animals. In the following article the reality of the dangerous pollutants is outlined: https://www.bbc.com/future/article/20220713-how-to-make-rocket-launches-less-polluting. The article refers to rockets launched in uninhabited wildernesses, but in North Uist some of the population lives within a mile of the site. Why doesn't this matter to the developers or the local council? Rockets emit a great deal of carcinogenic pollutants at ground level, as well as in the upper atmosphere. North Uist is unspoilt natural environment with clean air and seas which increasing numbers tourists travel far to experience, but it's much too small and populated to be considered a wilderness. I am also concerned about the debris from rockets breaking up and polluting a wide area of the ocean and possibly falling on the island. This is also a real hazard to life. I am concerned about the impact on our frail infrastructure, especially the roads which are single track, increasingly congested in the tourist season and in a poor state of repair in many places. I am concerned that the disruption and negative effects are what we, the islanders, will have to put up with with little or no material returns. The number of jobs this development will provide has previously been posited at around six. The income from the land sale benefits the council but it seems doubtful that any of it will trickle back to the communities in North Uist who will have to live right next to this development.									
	Q10	Nil									
	Q11						e spending is set to rise steadily reversed. While this could bring				
	Spons				Response/Com						
	Response Might Impact Proposed Design and ACP Submission Response Does Sponsor Remarks/Response										
		Impact	No Impa	act			Categorisation: Re	espon	se does not imp	act AC	Р
	+ Respondent is strongly opposed to the airspace change based main perceived environmental impact on the local area, pollution of the lan										



	areas around the launch site as well as a sensed safety hazard to residents living
	in close proximity. Moreover, the respondent expresses concern regarding local
	infrastructure, tourism and challenges the socioeconomic report findings
	(presented as part of the planning process). The Sponsor would suggest that
	these areas of concern have been thoroughly investigated as part of the planning
	process and details can be found in the EIA, SEI and Socioeconomic reports
	available on the Council web-site and as summarised in the Consultation
	documentation. Concern is raised regarding the safety aspects of rocket
	operations, these do not appear to include the airspace element, rather more
	generic ground/surface safety aspects. Again these elements are not
	specifically part of the airspace change but will be an integral part of the
	Spaceport licence and the LV operator's licence/approval; both of which must
	satisfy the civil regulator that their respective operations are safe.
	As the respondent does not offer any actionable feedback on the airspace
	proposal it is considered that this response does not impact the ACP.
	operations, these do not appear to include the airspace element, rather more generic ground/surface safety aspects. Again these elements are not specifically part of the airspace change but will be an integral part of the Spaceport licence and the LV operator's licence/approval; both of which must satisfy the civil regulator that their respective operations are safe. As the respondent does not offer any actionable feedback on the airspace



Unique ID 115026295	Q1	Q2Q3Q4OrganisationQ5NATS NERL plcQ6Manager NATS Operational PolicyQ7Neutral					
	Q8						
FN 29	Q9						
	Q10	ven the disruptive nature of D701 on the overall network, consideration should be given to establishing a common maximum usage of amework. While the proposal suggests a maximum of 10 launches per year, each with two contingency dates, this translates to 30 date at necessitate careful consideration, deconfliction and potential disruption.					
	Q11	that necessitate careful consideration, deconfliction and potential disruption.					

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will be There are also Section 6.3.3 h will take place, air traffic route every three. Air but nowadays 6.3.4 is also ina could be drawr Using the same impact, a total tracks (NATS of less than 30%	affected, are absent fr some assumptions ma ighlights the following, the air traffic impact w out over Scotland two r traffic will be impacte only 30% traffic operat accurate. Using the se that it is likely that the e process for winter the of 9 activations per yea cannot fully ascertain the traffic in Shanwick in a not entering Shanwick	om engagement effor ade that are incorrect , 'This means during vill only be felt one da days out of three.' T d on the vast majority tes on the core OTS, asonal variation data e 12 airspace activati en 5 activations from ar are used in the an hat without the full da a 24-hour period. The k via the NOTA or 10	erts. t, and highlighted below: the summer, where it is an ay in every three days. This his is inaccurate as it calls y of days (if not all), The as with the remainder operati that NAT air traffic will rou ons occurring in the summ the 8 will impact on the NA alysis. These assumptions at analysis). OTS tracks at e remainder of the traffic op W on random routes."	holder list, major US carriers, and notably IATA, who ticipated 60% of rocket launches (circa 6 launches) evariation reverses during the winter months meaning out that air traffic impact will only be felt one day in seessment has looked at where the core traffic flow is, ng random routes, including daily flights through 10W. Ite over Scotland one day from three, an assumption er will only affect the NAT air traffic on 4 occasions. AT air traffic. Therefore, when considering the annual s may be based on evidence on location of the OTS re only an indication of core traffic flows and capture perates on random routings, and it is rare to see days		
Response Might Impa and ACP So		Response Does Not Impact ACP	Sponsor Remarks/Response			
Impact	No Impact		Categorisation:	Response does not impact proposed airspace design or ACP submission		
	+		The Sponsor notes that several of the key points raised, although important, are out with the gift of the Sponsor to resolve these include: - The need for the CAA to determine the prioritisation of spaceflight and subsequent impact launches may have on the UK network.			
			 Appropriate gov commercial use policy such that airspace on beha Refinement in separation buffer a more collabora 	vernance and authority to segregate airspace for needs to be ratified and integrated into the UK ASM the UK AMC is appropriately resourced to manage		

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 is considered that a more dynamic approach could be achieved with improved co-operation. The need for NATS and the CAA to agree how increased 3Di scores or attributable delays will be applied against the already agreed NERL performance targets. The CAA to update the UK AIP to include commercial space launch and determine the appropriate FBZ to mitigate risk. Note: the Sponsor has identified this issue with the CAA and it is understood that until such descriptors are in place then rocket launch from SP-1 into the D701 areas will be carried out under the 'Other Munitions and Explosives (OME)' descriptor in the ENR 1.1.
The Sponsor acknowledges that there is a pressing requirement to update the existing LoA pertaining to D701 to include SP-1 activities and how the airspace will be activated/deactivated. This is considered a priority task by the Sponsor who is eager to engage with NATS, MOD and other signatories on this matter. The Sponsor further notes that not all North Atlantic operators had been given the opportunity to respond to the ACP at the beginning of the consultation period. However, the International Aviation Transport Association (IATA) were contacted later in the consultation window and were offered the opportunity to provide formal feedback – no feedback or comments have been received at time of writing. With regard to the assumptions that NATS consider are incorrect, the Sponsor would offer the following: It is recognised that some air traffic will be impacted on the vast majority of the days of the year and it is now more common for traffic to operate on random routings vice the Organised Track Structure (OTS). However, the Sponsor would argue that at the time of the data sample (2019), there were less 'random tracks' and the OTS was the most accurate indicator to assess peak traffic flows, especially during the period of expected rocket launch. Furthermore the comment that: "OTS tracks are only an indication of core traffic flows and capture less than 30% traffic in Shanwick in a 24-hour period", is considered misleading as the analysis conducted only focused on a 'worst case' three hour period, that is 12.5% of the Swanwick 24-hour

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period so the 'other' traffic is irrelevant. It should also be noted that the
methodology used considers the busiest day of the year (arguably all other
days' traffic levels will be less and in some cases, far less) and does not take
into account the ability to reroute traffic far earlier than the FIR boundary and
thus prevent/reduce any increase in fuel consumption. Furthermore, the
worst case scenario does not account for the later launches in the summer
that may be possible due to the longer days; it is widely accepted that a
launch after 1600 UTC will have far less impact on the network than the
predictions (using the core traffic flow) that the consultation report suggests.
Moreover there may be occasions where coincident activity might be
possible, i.e. where SP-1 activity can occur in D701 areas already active for
MOD use. Therefore, when all these factors are taken into consideration the
worst case estimate for the year is probably close to and certainly no worse
than, the actual impact once a full and accurate assessment can be made
following a realistic period of operations. It should be noted that the
Sponsor's analysis of traffic impact <u>does</u> consider lateral buffers/FBZs as
applied by ANSPs; these are detailed at paragraph 3.5.7 and Figure 22
(shaded red area outside the D701 areas) of the Options Appraisal Phase II
(full) report. Furthermore, it is also considered that a maximum of 20
airspace activations per year is an accurate assumption (rather than the 30
suggested by NATS); this is explained in the Options Appraisal Phase I
(Initial) at paragraph 3.4.4.1 and is based on experience of operating similar
systems from the MOD Hebrides Range.
It is accepted that there are several important areas that need further work
before the first rocket launch can take place however, several of these are
out with the gift of the Sponsor to resolve and require regulatory
input/decision making. The main areas to be addressed by the Sponsor
include the update of LoAs; formalising use of D701 under the LTPA; and,
working collaboratively with ANSPs, UK AMC, MOD and CAA to establish
airspace protocols.
As there are no suggested refinements to the proposed airspace design and
the majority of the points raise are known and in some cases partly
addressed, it is determined that this response does not impact the proposed
airspace design or ACP submission.

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Unique ID 44357788	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Object
	Q8	Nil									
FN 30	Q9	The proposed airspace change now covers a substantial residential area alongside areas significant to local wildlife, such as the RSPB reserve at Balranald, which have previously been identified in past consultations. I have grave environmental concerns for the impact of Spaceport-1 on the health and safety of said wildlife and the impact that this will have for future generations. It is indicative that unpredictable sonic disturbances can cause major impacts on birdlife. With the proposed Spaceport-1 this impact could have sever irreversible effects and it is my belief that the Environmental Impact Assessment of the proposal has not gone far enough to access and mitigate against any potential impact on species, which depend on our support to continue to survive and thrive. There has also not been enough done to address concerns on the impacts to marine life. In the recent consultation it was noted that some fallout material from the sub-orbital rockets may not be recoverable. Meaning that potential harmful materials could end up in our marine environment. There is also the continued question of access to the Scolpaig site for visitors (considering the potential 20 weeks that the site could be closed off to visitors due to launches i.e. 10 launches with 2 week site closures as previously proposed). With the extension of the airspace (I am aware that this has been slightly altered in response to some aircraft) this also inhibits the freedom of locals and visitors to pursue activities such as paragliding in the area, again this would be in the spring/summer months which are more suitable also for launches.									
	Q10	Re-site Space	eport-1.								
	Q11 Spons	Nil Sor Categorisa	tion, Assessme	ent and	Response/Com	nment	S				
	Response Might Impact Proposed Design and ACP Submission Response Does Not Impact ACP Impact No Impact Categorisation: Response does not impact ACP Impact No Impact + Categorisation: Response does not impact ACP Respondent strongly objects to the airspace change based the volume airspace coving residential areas and perceived environmental impact on log										
								nge ba	sed the volume of		



wildlife and marine life. the Sponsor would offer the following detail from the
Consultation Document:
"It is important to note that the process to determine the size of airspace
necessary to ensure no additional risk to other airspace users is different to that
regarding the 'land safety footprint' and risk to 3rd parties on the ground, and to
the process used to establish the risk to maritime 3rd parties. The airspace
safety requirements consider a large aircraft with a high number of passengers
travelling at high speed therefore, to reach an acceptable level of risk, the
segregated airspace area has to be significantly bigger than the land or sea
space safety areas. The airspace area therefore does not denote an area of risk
to personnel on the ground; there are many UK Danger Areas over land that are
there to safeguard aviation and do not indicate that a threat to personnel on the
ground exists. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This
airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd
parties on the ground is evaluated differently and restrictions/warnings are put
in place accordingly. In effect any additional risk caused by SP-1 activities to 3rd
parties on the ground has to be contained well within the SP-1 site area. It
should be further noted that the ground safety footprint (and that over the sea
space) is not evaluated under the ACP process; this is addressed separately by
the CAA through the Spaceport and Rocket/Launch Operators licences and
approvals. Here both the Spaceport operator and the rocket launch provider will
need to satisfactorily demonstrate to the CAA that they have a robust safety
case, safety management processes and evidence to show the operation is safe
and risk to 3rd Parties on the surface is tolerable and within the regulated safety
margins – the CAA will only issue the respective licences when these strict safety
criteria are met."
The respondent also questions the validity of the EIA associated with the
planning application and associated mitigations. It is recognised that any
changes to the airspace design will not influence or lessen these concerns
however, the Sponsor would highlight that there are distinct licensing processes
for Spaceports, LV Operators and Range Operators under the SIA. Safety and
environmental impact are fundamental considerations in determining whether
licences are granted and, when assessing environmental impact, there will be a

Page B-45



	period of public consultation. The Sponsor is unable to comment on public access to the Scolpaig site. As the respondent offers no actionable feedback to suggest that changes should be made to the airspace proposal, it is therefore considered that this response does not impact ACP.
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Page B-46



Unique ID 398842546	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Object
	Q8	Nil			•			•			
FN 31	Q9	 2. This is an unnecessary further intrusion on the lived environment of the Western Isles. 3. Adequate launch facilities are available as part of EU (relevant to a future independent Scotland) or in current situation as Brexited UK having been allowed to still be linked with ESA. 4. Noting that Scotland voted against Brexit. 5. Aware of important Scottish Satellite industry but adequate launch facilities are currently available. 6. Important (in a global sense) wildlife sanctuaries in the vicinity. 7. Risk to local human population when things go wrong - first and only UK launch lies on the seabed somewhere. 8. Disturbance to transport, fishing and other important island activities during construction, operation and in particular test and active launches. 									
	Q10		hould not go a	head.							
	Q11	Spaceport-1 s									
		onsor Categorisation, Assessment and Response/Comments esponse Might Impact Proposed Design Response Does Sponsor Remarks/Response									
		and ACP S	Submission		Not Impact A	CP					
		Impact	No Impa	act			Categorisation:	Respon	se does not imp	act AC	Р
					+		The respondent strongly object that, in their opinion, the SF needed in the Western Isles. the ACP process therefore adequate launch facilities in disturbance to transport, fis construction and operation. distinct licensing processes f under the SIA. Safety and en in determining whether licence impact, there will be a period	P-1 deve The po the S the EL hing an The Space or Space vironme ces are g	elopment should bints raised are in bonsor is unab l; BREXIT; the d other importa binsor would high eports, LV Opera- intal impact are figranted and whe	I not g mostly le to o first Ul ant isla nlight th ators an undam n asse	o ahead and is not outside the scope of comment on; other K rocket launch; or, and activities during the fact that there are and Range Operators ental considerations ssing environmental

Page B-47



	actionable feedback that suggests any changes should be made to the airspace proposal it is determined that the response does not impact ACP.

Page B-48



Unique ID 23026838	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Organisation	Q5	Scottish Fisherman's Federation	Q6	Offshore Energy Policy manager	Q7	Strongly Object	
	Q8 Nil											
FN 32	Q9	Firstly, the proposed 'potentially affect area' by the airspace is used by different types of fishing vessels therefore any launch of rocket from the proposed spaceport will disrupt the fishing activities in the area and results in loss of income to fishermen. Secondly, the rocket launch will deposit debris on the seabed that create snagging hazard to fishing gears as well as safety issues for fishers. In addition, the deposited debris destroy the catch in fishing gear if their size are not significant. Lastly, the rocket launch from the spaceport could pose some potential safety risk to the safety of fishers who operate out with the exclusion zone in case the debris/shrapnel of rackets lands outside of the exclusion borders due to wind or other factors.										
	Q10	Nil										
	Q11											
	Spons	Sponsor Categorisation, Assessment and Response/Comments										
	Resp	Response Might Impact Proposed Design			Response Do	Sponsor Remarks/Response						
	and ACP Submission			Not Impact A	CP							
	Impact		No Impac	t			Categorisation:Response does not impact ACPIt is recognised that airspace Danger Area is often superimposed over the sea as a maritime Danger Area and notified accordingly. However, dependant on the results of the safety analysis conducted for a particular LV, this safety area can					
					+							
							frequently be reduced in size; any reduction can normally be relayed to fishing vessels in the vicinity via marine radio. The Range operator will only clear the sea space necessary to ensure the rocket launch does not pose any additional risk to those operating in the vicinity. Such sea space safety areas will take into account all variables including environmental conditions such as wind and effect on debris. The other 'marine' concerns raised by the respondent will be covered under the MMO who may decide the LV operator will need to obtain a marine licence prior to launch, this is a requirement detailed in the SIA 2018 and in the supporting guidance documentation at Chapter 5. Although this respondent strongly objects to the airspace changes they do not offer any actionable feedback that suggests any changes should be made to the airspace proposal. Therefore, the response does not impact ACP.					

Page B-49



Unique ID 436985770	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Individual	Q5	NA	Q6	NA	Q7	Strongly Support	
FN 33	Q8	windows (which high as not	hether the la to make noti	unch goes a	ahead or not), me e on the islands.	eaning The sp	s. If anything the skies will fewer contrails and possibl aceport is a much needed arresting island de-populati	/ less nois	se, although tran it in hi-tech jobs	satlant and in	ic flights are so dustry on the Outer	
	Q9	NA										
	Q10	NA										
	Q11						that the Sponsor has taken craft.	into acco	unt all relevant c	onside	rations, including	
	Spons	emergency access for Coastguard and Air Sea Rescue aircraft. Sponsor Categorisation, Assessment and Response/Comments										
	Resp	onse Might In and ACF	pact Propose Submission		Response Do Not Impact A		S	ponsor Re	emarks/Respons	е		
		Impact	No	Impact			Categorisation:	Respon	se does not imp	act AC	Р	
				+		Respondent strongly support suggested changes to the ACP.						

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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C Appendix C – Stakeholder Engagement Record

A Stakeholder Feedback Form – ACP-2021-12

A.1 Do you assess that the presented design options achieve the Design Principles (DPs); please complete the Proforma below accordingly and consider if they are 'Met', 'Partially Met' or 'Not met' in your opinion. Add your rationale in free text as appropriate.

Name: Representing: Isavia ANS Address: <u>Nautholsvegi</u> 60-66, IS-102 Reykjavik, Iceland

A.1 Which design option do you believe best delivers the DPs?

The area doesn't affect the Reykjavik FIR/CTA so we feel that we shouldn't have an <u>oppinion</u> on the option to choose.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-1



Good Morning,

QinetiQ, as the airspace change Sponsor for Spaceport-1 (SP-1), has previously contacted you with regard to Airspace Change Proposal (ACP) pertaining to the sub-orbital rocket launch site at Scolpaig, North Uist on the Outer Hebrides. We are reaching out to you again as part of the formal consultation requirements.

Background - The ACP has successfully progressed through Stages 1 & 2 of the ACP process. You may recall that we asked you for feedback on the Design Principles (DPs) and later requested that you consider the six original airspace options, providing feedback on whether you thought they aligned to the DPs and met the statement of need. We also notified you that the airspace requirements had been significantly reduced following the decision to remove orbital rocket launch from the ACP design. SP-1 is therefore seeking only to establish sufficient segregated airspace to safely contain sub-orbital rocket operations.

CAP1616 Stage 3 'Consult' - Stage 3 of the ACP process is where formal consultation with stakeholders is undertaken. As part of its Stage 3 Consultation Strategy, SP-1 has planned its stakeholder consultation and developed a series of related documents and materials; these include: the Consultation Strategy; Consultation Document, and, Options Appraisal Phase II (Full). The CAA reviewed and approved the SP-1 consultation documents on 15th March 2024 and, accordingly, the consultation strategy is now being implemented. This strategy will enable all stakeholders (both aviation and non-aviation) to consider the preferred airspace design option and understand how it may affect them, and will provide a platform for timely feedback — this feedback will be accordingly, the ACP process.

Consultation Documents - All three consultation documents can be found on the CAA Airspace Portal at: <u>Airspace change proposal public view (caa.co.uk</u>). This link also provides access to all previous documents associated with this airspace change.

Feedback Survey Questionnaire - The preferred method of providing feedback is through the 'Airspace Change Citizen Space' platform. The Stage 3 questionnaire can be located here along with Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) and other consultation documentation. The link to 'Citizen Space' can be found at: https://consultations.airspacechange.co.uk/ginetig-td/spaceport-1-acp-stage-3-consultation or, scan the QR code attached.

Questionnaires may also be emailed to the Sponsor using SP1ACP@QinetiQ.com or hard copies sent to:

For attention of the: SP-1 Airspace Change Manager Comhairle nan Eilean Siar Balivanich Council Offices Isle of Benbecula HS7 5LA

Please note that a stamped addressed envelope should be attached if a response is required by post.

Your feedback is welcomed as it is considered an essential part of the ACP process in helping to develop the final airspace design and associated procedures. Furthermore, it enables the Sponsor to gain a better understanding of your operations and how they might be impacted by this airspace change. Any impact will be considered and appropriate militigations developed to minimise any identified adverse impact(s). Stakeholders should only consider the impact of the airspace design and feedback should be focused solely on this area, not on any wider aspects of rocket launch.

Timeline – The consultation period will commence on Wednesday 20th March 2024 and remain open for just over 9 weeks, concluding on Friday 24th May 2024 after which the survey questionnaire will no longer be available. This scaled consultation period is considered proportionate to the size of the airspace change and the engagement activities conducted to date.

Please Note:

1. Your response will be managed in the strictest confidence and in accordance with UK Data Protection guidance - the guestionnaire facilitates those who wish to keep their feedback private.

2. This consultation is purely for the permanent airspace solution and not the temporary airspace change contained in ACP-2021-37, which is currently paused.

Kind Regards





QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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Reply Reply All Forward IM





^

Hopefully you will have received notification this morning of the formal consultation for the SP-1 rocket launch site at Scolpaig with directions on how to provide feedback. I have tried to send the same email to previously liaised regarding Sollas, unfortunately the email I have no longer seems to work, do you have an alternative by chance?

with whom we

You will note from the Citizen Space platform (where the consultation documents, FAQs and questionnaire are facilitated), that there is a public drop in event to held at Hosta Hall North Uist on 17th Apr from 1pm until 7.30pm; I hope you ca make it.

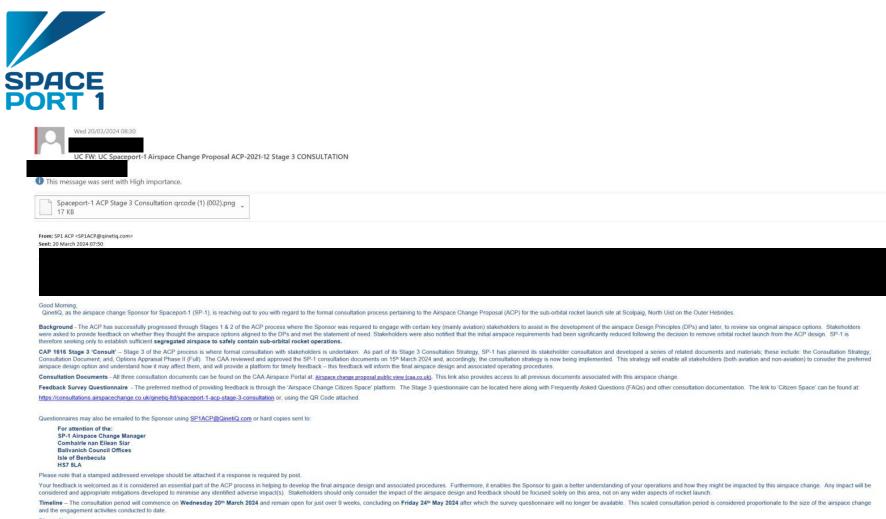
Kind Regards



Q 🖬 🖬 📑 😹

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-3



Please Note

1. Your response will be managed in the strictest confidence and in accordance with UK Data Protection guidance - the questionnaire facilitates those who wish to keep their feedback private.

2. This consultation is purely for the permanent airspace solution and not the temporary airspace change contained in ACP-2021-37, which is currently paused.

Kind Regards

QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:



QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

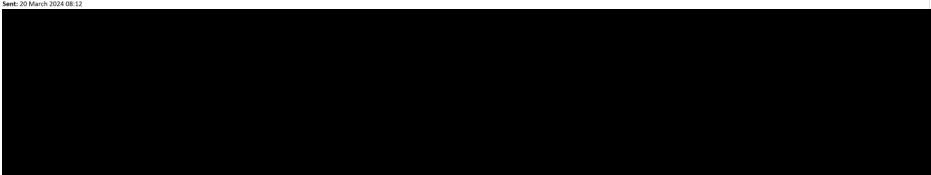
Page C-4





From: SP1 ACP





Importance: High

Good Morning,

QinetiQ, as the airspace change Sponsor for Spaceport-1 (SP-1), has previously contacted you with regard to Airspace Change Proposal (ACP) pertaining to the sub-orbital rocket launch site at Scolpaig, North Uist on the Outer Hebrides. We are reaching out to you again as part of the formal consultation requirements.

Background - The ACP has successfully progressed through Stages 1 & 2 of the ACP process. You may recall that we asked you for feedback on the Design Principles (DPs) and later requested that you consider the six original airspace options, providing feedback on whether you thought they aligned to the DPs and met the statement of need. We also notified you that the airspace requirements had been significantly reduced following the decision to remove orbital rocket launch from the ACP design. SP-1 is therefore seeking only to establish sufficient segregated airspace to safely contain sub-orbital rocket operations.

CAP1616 Stage 3 'Consult' - Stage 3 of the ACP process is where formal consultation with stakeholders is undertaken. As part of its Stage 3 Consultation Strategy, SP-1 has planned its stakeholder consultation and developed a series of related documents and materials; these include: the Consultation Strategy; Consultation Document; and, Options Appraisal Phase II (Full). The CAA reviewed and approved the SP-1 consultation documents on 15th March 2024 and, accordingly, the consultation strategy is now being implemented. This strategy will enable all stakeholders (both aviation and non-aviation) to consider the preferred airspace design option and understand how it may affect them, and will provide a platform for timely feedback – this feedback will inform the 'Final Options Appraisal' in Stage 4 of the ACP process.

Consultation Documents - All three consultation documents can be found on the CAA Airspace Portal at: Airspace change proposal public view (caa.co.uk). This link also provides access to all previous documents associated with this airspace change.

Feedback Survey Questionnaire - The preferred method of providing feedback is through the 'Airspace Change Citizen Space' platform. The Stage 3 questionnaire can be located here along with Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) and other consultation documentation. The link to 'Citizen Space' can be found at:

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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IC FW: UC FW: UC Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal ACP-2021-12 Stage 3 CONSULTATION

Follow up. Completed on 09 April 2024. You forwarded this message on 10/04/2024 08:10. This message was sent with High importance.

Spaceport-1 ACP Stage 3 Consultation qrcode (1) (002).png

From: SP1 ACP Sent: 20 March 2024 10:01

Subject: UC FW: UC Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal ACP-2021-12 Stage 3 CONSULTATION

From: SP1 ACP

17 KB

Sent: 20 March 2024 07:50



Good Morning,

QinetiQ, as the airspace change Proposal (ACP) for the sub-orbital rocket launch site at Scolpaig, North Uist on the Outer Hebrides.

Background - The ACP has successfully progressed through Stages 1 & 2 of the ACP process where the Sponsor was required to engage with certain key (mainly aviation) stakeholders to assist in the development of the airspace Design Principles (DPs) and later, to review six original airspace options. Stakeholders were also notified that the initial airspace requirements had been significantly reduced following the decision to remove orbital rocket launch from the ACP design. SP-1 is therefore seeking only to establish sufficient segregated airspace to safely contain sub-orbital rocket launch from the ACP design. SP-1 is therefore seeking only to establish sufficient segregated airspace to safely contain sub-orbital rocket operations.

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https://consultations.airspacechange.co.uk/ginetig-ltd/spaceport-1-acp-stage-3-consultation or, using the QR Code attached.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-6



Subject: UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal Stage 3 - Consultation Importance: High

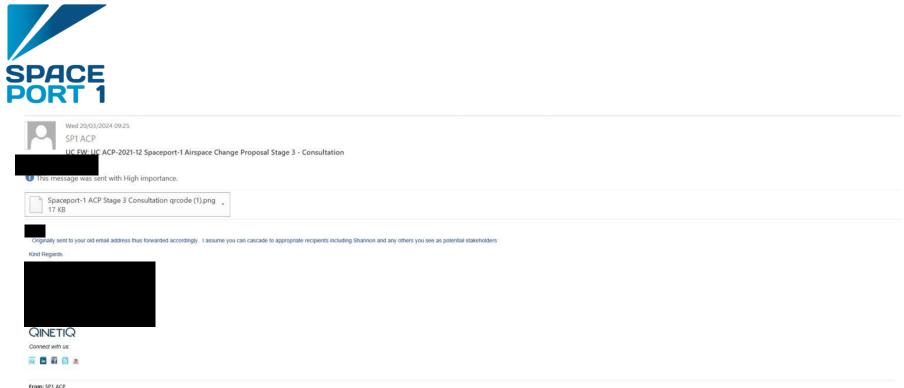
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QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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From: SP1 ACP Sent: 20 March 2024 08:12

cer Hah

Good Morning,

QinetiQ, as the airspace change Sponsor for Spaceport-1 (SP-1), has previously contacted you with regard to Airspace Change Proposal (ACP) pertaining to the sub-orbital rocket launch site at Scolpaig, North Uist on the Outer Hebrides. We are reaching out to you again as part of the formal consultation requirements.

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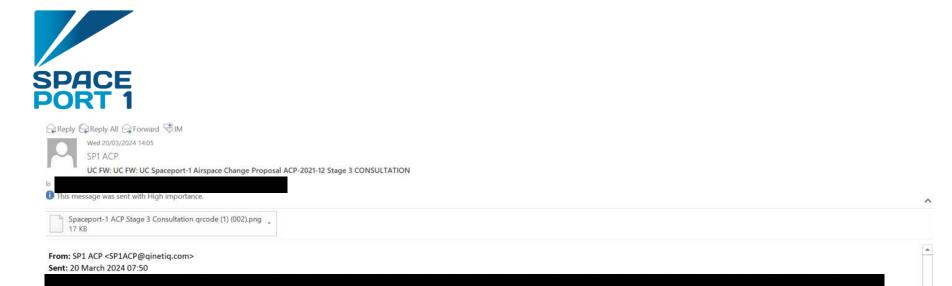
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Subject: LIC Spaceport-1	Airspace Change Proposal	ACP-2021-12 Stage 3	CONSULTATION
Jubject. OC Spaceport 1/	An space change rioposal	ACL TOTT TT Drage D	CONJOLIANON

Good Afternoon,

QinetiQ, as the airspace change Sponsor for Spaceport-1 (SP-1), is reaching out to you with regard to the formal consultation process pertaining to the Airspace Change Proposal (ACP) for the sub-orbital rocket launch site at Scolpaig, North Uist on the Outer Hebrides.

Background - The ACP has successfully progressed through Stages 1 & 2 of the ACP process where the Sponsor was required to engage with certain key (mainly aviation) stakeholders to assist in the development of the airspace Design Principles (DPs) and later, to review six original airspace options. Stakeholders were asked to provide feedback on whether they thought the airspace options aligned to the DPs and met the statement of need. Stakeholders were also notified that the initial airspace requirements had been significantly reduced following the decision to remove orbital rocket launch from the ACP design. SP-1 is therefore seeking only to establish sufficient segregated airspace to safely contain sub-orbital rocket operations.

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Questionnaires may also be emailed to the Sponsor using SP1ACP@QinetiQ.com or hard copies sent to:

For attention of the: SP-1 Airspace Change Manager

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QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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Thu 21/03/2024 10:53 SP1 ACP RE: UC Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal ACP-2021-12 Stage 3 CONSULTATION To O'North Uist Community Coundif O Follow up. Start by 29 May 2024. Due by 29 May 2024.

Kind Regards

QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:



Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

From: North Uist Community Council <northuistcommunitycouncil@gmail.com> Sent: 21 March 2024 10:02 To: SP1 ACP <SP1ACP@qinetiq.com> Subject: Re: UC Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal ACP-2021-12 Stage 3 CONSULTATION

Good morning.

The North Uist Comminity Council have noticed that there may have been some stakeholders omitted from your previous email.

Can we suggest that you share this with the following, if you haven't already done so:

- Berneray Community council: berneraycommunitycouncil@gmail.com

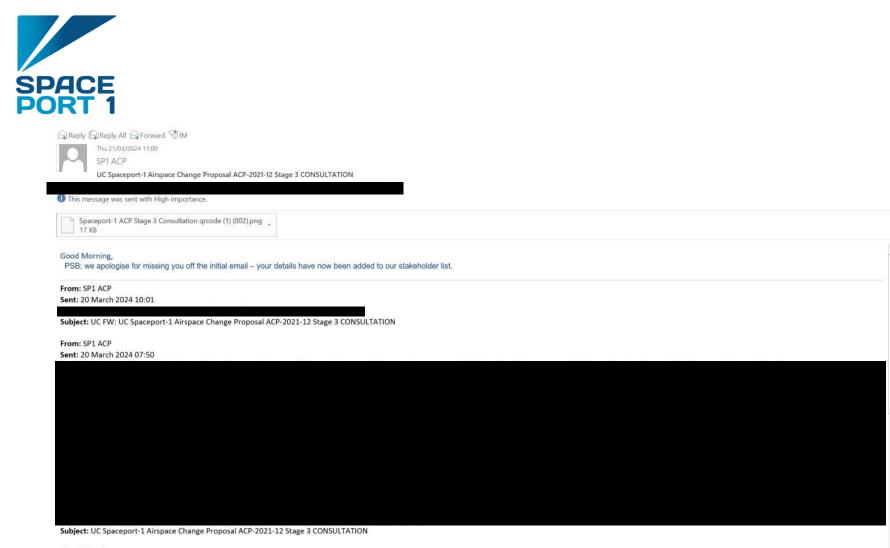


Kind regards,

Secretary North Uist Community Council Visit our <u>facebook page</u> for updates

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-10



Good Morning,

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QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-11



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QinetiQ, as the airspace change Sponsor for Spaceport-1 (SP-1), has previously contacted you with regard to Airspace Change Proposal (ACP) pertaining to the sub-orbital rocket launch site at Scolpaig, North Uist on the Outer Hebrides. We are reaching out to you again as part of the formal consultation requirements.

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For attention of the: SP-1 Airspace Change Manager Comhairle nan Eilean Siar Balivanich Council Offices Isle of Benbecula HS7 5LA

Please note that a stamped addressed envelope should be attached if a response is required by post.

Your feedback is welcomed as it is considered an essential part of the ACP process in helping to develop the final airspace design and associated procedures. Furthermore, it enables the Sponsor to gain a better understanding of your operations and how they might be impacted by this airspace change. Any impact will be considered and appropriate mitigations developed to minimise any identified adverse impact(s). Stakeholders should only consider the impact of the airspace design and feedback should be focused solely on this area, not on any wider aspects of rocket launch.

Timeline – The consultation period will commence on Wednesday 20th March 2024 and remain open for just over 9 weeks, concluding on Friday 24th May 2024 after which the survey questionnaire will no longer be available. This scaled consultation period is considered proportionate to the size of the airspace change and the engagement activities conducted to date.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-12



Thank you for contacting us. We will reply to you as soon as we can, this will normally be within 20 working days.

Our listing, scheduling and their associated consents have their own response times and you can find more details about this on our website here in our Planning Service Standard.

Heritage Directorate

Historic Environment Scotland - Scottish Charity No. SC045925 Registered office: Longmore House, Salisbury Place, Edinburgh, EH9 1SH Historic Environment Scotland Enterprises Ltd – Company No. SC510997 Registered office: Longmore House, Salisbury Place, Edinburgh, EH9 1SH Scran Ltd – Company No. SC163518 Registered office: John Sinclair House, 16 Bernard Terrace, Edinburgh, EH8 9NX

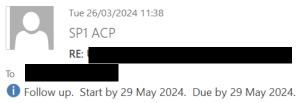
This e-mail does not form part of any contract unless specifically stated and is solely for the intended recipient. Please inform the sender if received in error.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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Reply Reply All Groward The IM

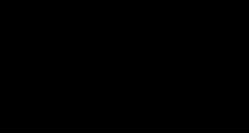


Good Morning

Thank you for your email and confirming the demail. Unfortunately this is the same one I have and the emails repeatedly come back as undeliverable. If you could source an alternative for them that would be very much appreciated.

We will look forward to receiving details of this year's 'Sollas fly in event and thank you for your ongoing engagement and support.

Kind Regards





QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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	Wed 27/03/2024 12:23	
\sim	SP1 ACP	
	RE: UC Spaceport-1 ACP Stage 3 Consultation	
	o. Start by 29 May 2024. Due by 29 May 2024. sage was sent with High importance.	
THIS THE	under Haussenk Hiter High Importance.	^
ood Mo	ning	*
Thank y	u for your interest in the Spaceport-1 airspace change proposal, I hope you can find time to provide feedback through the questionnaire on the	
	en Space platform. I am pleased to say that hard copies of the documents you have requested have been printed and will be shipped today. I ted on how long delivery may take especially with the Easter weekend looming. If you could let me know when you receive them that would	
be most		
Kind Reg	rds	
Snacono	ETIQ	
Spacepo	-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:	
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QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-15



Wed 27/03/2024 13:12

UC Spaceport-1 Scolpaig North Uist Airspace Change Proposal - Formal Consultation

 To 'marinescotland@gov.scot'; MarinePlanning@gov.scot'
 Follow up. Start by 29 May 2024. Due by 29 May 2024. This message was sent with High importance.

Good Afternoon,

QinetiQ, as the airspace change Sponsor for Spaceport-1 (SP-1), is reaching out to you with regard to the formal consultation process pertaining to the Airspace Change Proposal (ACP) for the sub-orbital rocket launch site at Scolpaig, North Uist on the Outer Hebrides.

Background - The ACP has successfully progressed through Stages 1 & 2 of the ACP process where the Sponsor was required to engage with certain key (mainly aviation) stakeholders to assist in the development of the airspace Design Principles (DPs) and later, to review six original airspace options. Stakeholders were alsked to provide feedback on whether they though the airspace options aligned to the DPs and met the statement of need. Stakeholders were also notified that the initial airspace requirements had been significantly reduced following the decision to remove orbital rocket launch from the ACP design. SP-1 is therefore seeking only to establish sufficient segregated airspace to safely contain sub-orbital rocket operations.

CAP 1616 Stage 3 ("Consult" – Stage 3 of the ACP process is where formal consultation with stakeholders is undertaken. As part of its Stage 3 Consultation Strategy, SP-1 has planned its stakeholder consultation and developed a series of related documents and materials; these include: the Consultation Strategy; Consultation Document; and, Options Appraisal Phase II (Full). The CAA reviewed and approved the SP-1 consultation documents on 15th March 2024 and, accordingly, the consultation strategy is in ow being implemented. This stakeholder is a platform for timely feedback – this feedback will inform the final airspace design and associated operating procedures.

Consultation Documents - All three consultation documents can be found on the CAA Airspace Portal at: Airspace change proposal public view (caa.co.uk). This link also provides access to all previous documents associated with this airspace change.

Feedback Survey Questionnaire - The preferred method of providing feedback is through the 'Airspace Change Citizen Space' platform. The Stage 3 questionnaire can be located here along with Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) and other consultation documentation. The link to 'Citizen Space' can be found at:

https://consultations.airspacechange.co.uk/ginetig-ltd/spaceport-1-acp-stage-3-consultation or, using the QR Code attached

Questionnaires may also be emailed to the Sponsor using SP1ACP@QinetiQ.com or hard copies sent to:

For attention of the: SP-1 Airspace Change Manager Comhairle nan Eilean Siar Balivanich Council Offices Isle of Benbecula HS7 5LA

Please note that a stamped addressed envelope should be attached if a response is required by post.

Your feedback is welcomed as it is considered an essential part of the ACP process in helping to develop the final airspace design and associated procedures. Furthermore, it enables the Sponsor to gain a better understanding of your operations and how they might be impacted by this airspace change. Any impact will be considered and appropriate mitigations developed to minimise any identified adverse impact(s). Stakeholders should only consider the impact of the airspace design and feedback should be focused solely on this area, not on any wider aspects of rocket launch.

Timeline – The consultation period will commence on Wednesday 20th March 2024 and remain open for just over 9 weeks, concluding on Friday 24th May 2024 after which the survey questionnaire will no longer be available. This scaled consultation period is considered proportionate to the size of the airspace change and the engagement activities conducted to date.

Please Note:

- 1. Your response will be managed in the strictest confidence and in accordance with UK Data Protection guidance the questionnaire facilitates those who wish to keep their feedback private.
- 2. This consultation is purely for the permanent airspace solution and not the temporary airspace change contained in ACP-2021-37, which is currently paused.

Kind Regards

QINETIQ

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-16





Follow up. Start by 29 May 2024. Due by 29 May 2024. This message was sent with High importance.

Spaceport-1 ACP Stage 3 Consultation grcode (1).png

Good Morning,

Your email has been returned as undeliverable so resending.

QinetiQ, as the airspace change Sponsor for Spaceport-1 (SP-1), has previously contacted you with regard to Airspace Change Proposal (ACP) pertaining to the sub-orbital rocket launch site at Scolpaig, North Uist on the Outer Hebrides. We are reaching out to you again as part of the formal consultation requirements.

Background - The ACP has successfully progressed through Stages 1 & 2 of the ACP process. You may recall that we asked you for feedback on the Design Principles (DPs) and later requested that you consider the six original airspace options, providing feedback on whether you though they aligned to the DPs and mat the statement of need. We also notified you that the airspace requirements had been significantly reduced following the decision to remove orbital rocket launch from the ACP design. SP-1 is therefore seeking only to establish sufficient segregated airspace to safely contain sub-orbital rocket operations.

CAP1616 Stage 3 'consult' - Stage 3 of the ACP process is where formal consultation with stakeholders is undertaken. As part of its Stage 3 Consultation Strategy, SP-1 has planned its stakeholder consultation and developed a series of related documents and materials; these include: the Consultation Strategy consultation Document; and, Options Appraisal Phase II (Full). The CAA reviewed and approved the SP-1 consultation documents on 15th March 2024 and, accordingly, the consultation strategy is now being implemented. This strategy will enable all stakeholders (both aviation) to consultation and non-aviation) to consider the preferred airspace design option and understand how it may affect them, and will provide a platform for timely feedback will inform the 'Final Options Appraisal' in Stage 4 of the ACP process.

Consultation Documents - All three consultation documents can be found on the CAA Airspace Portal at: <u>Airspace change proposal public view (caa.co.uk</u>). This link also provides access to all previous documents associated with this airspace change.

Feedback Survey Questionnaire - The preferred method of providing feedback is through the 'Airspace Change Citizen Space' platform. The Stage 3 questionnaire can be located here along with Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) and other consultation documentation. The link to 'Citizen Space' can be found at:

https://consultations.airspacechange.co.uk/ginetig-ltd/spaceport-1-acp-stage-3-consultation or, scan the QR code attached.

Questionnaires may also be emailed to the Sponsor using SP1ACP@QinetiQ.com or hard copies sent to:

For attention of the: SP-1 Airspace Change Manager Comhairle nan Eilean Siar Balivanich Council Offices Isle of Benbecula HS7 5LA

Please note that a stamped addressed envelope should be attached if a response is required by post.

Your feedback is welcomed as it is considered an essential part of the ACP process in helping to develop the final airspace design and associated procedures. Furthermore, it enables the Sponsor to gain a better understanding of your operations and how they might be impacted by this airspace change. Any impact will be considered and appropriate mitigations developed to minimise any identified adverse impact(s). Stakeholders should only consider the impact of the airspace design and feedback should be focused solely on this area, not on any wider aspects of rocket launch.

Timeline – The consultation period will commence on Wednesday 20th March 2024 and remain open for just over 9 weeks, concluding on Friday 24th May 2024 after which the survey questionnaire will no longer be available. This scaled consultation period is considered proportionate to the size of the airspace change and the engagement activities conducted to date.

Please Note:

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-17



Reply Reply All Groward Star



Tue 02/04/2024 12:49

UC Contact for Logan Air - SP-1 ACP consultation

To BenbATC'

1 This message was sent with High importance.

Good Afternoon,

Hopefully you have received my invitation to provide feedback on the SP-1 ACP as part of the consultation process. You will note that we are holding a public drop in event at Hosta Hall North Uist on 17th May 1300-1930. As I will be travelling to the Hebs' for this event and arriving the previous day I wondered if there would be any value in meeting beforehand in case you have any questions or issues you would like to raise? I fully understand if you do not consider this necessary but just thought I would mention it as I am in the area. I wonder if you would also be kind enough to confirm the best correct contact for Logan Air; is it still

Kind Regards



Email: SP1ACP@QinetiQ.com



- ...

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-18



Mon 08/04/2024 11:41
RE: UC Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal ACP-2021-12 Stage 3 CONSULTATION
To SP1 ACP
Follow up. Start by 09 April 2024. Due by 09 April 2024. You replied to this message on 09/04/2024 09:26.
Hi,
Following on from your email to RYA Scotland Planning and Environment Officer, as this application only relates to
airspace, Royal Yachting Association Scotland has no comment to make on the proposal.
Kind Regards
Senior Administrator Mob:
Royal Yachting Association Scotland
Royal Lachung Association Scotland

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-19





RE: UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal Stage 3 - Consultation Reminder

The BGA has no comment to make as this ACP as described does not impact gliding operations. Kind regards

BGA

From: SP1 ACP <SP1ACP@qinetiq.com> Sent: Wednesday, April 10, 2024 10:16 AM

Subject: UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal Stage 3 - Consultation Reminder

Good Morning,

Thank you to those whom have already responded and completed the questionnaire relating to the Spaceport-1 airspace change proposal. Stakeholders are politely reminded that the consultation window for this airspace change proposal will close on Friday 24th May 2024 and we would appreciate your feedback. Details on how to respond are contained in the original email below.

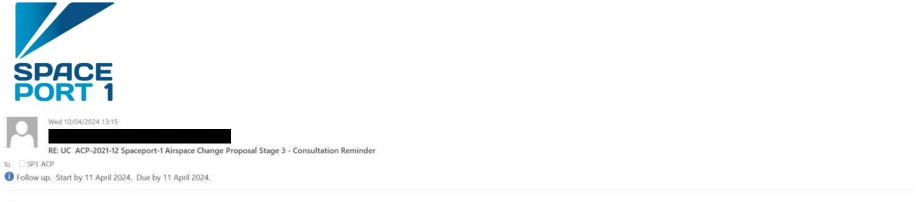
Please further note that there will be a 'public drop in event' held at Hosta Hall, North Uist from 1300 to 1930 on Wednesday 17th April 2024 where there will be the opportunity to ask questions and discuss the airspace change proposal; all are welcome to attend.

Thanking you in anticipation.

QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:



Page C-20



Hi

The MCA has no concerns relating to this airspace change. As noted in the document, SAR is difficult to predict but we will have contact numbers available for the spaceport and any concerns of active launches will be discussed at the time.

^

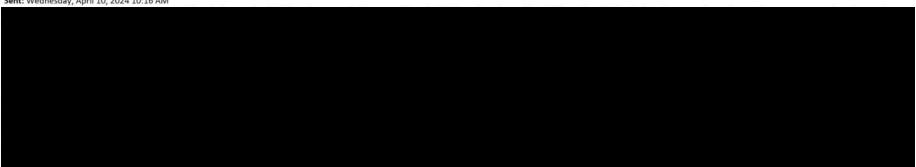
Cheers



Offshore Energy Lead HM Coastguard Governance, Policy, Standards and International



From: SP1 ACP <SP1ACP@qinetiq.com> Sent: Wednesday, April 10, 2024 10:16 AM



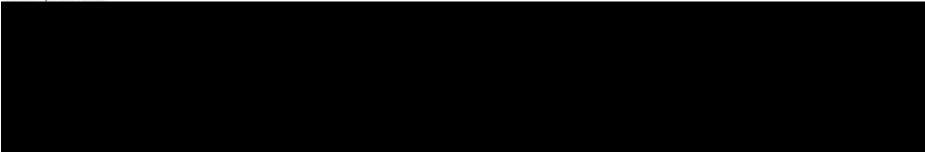
Subject: UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal Stage 3 - Consultation Reminder

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-21



From: SP1 ACP Sent: 10 April 2024 11:12



Subject: UC Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal ACP-2021-12 Stage 3 CONSULTATION Reminder Importance: High

Good Morning,

Thank you to everyone who has already responded and completed the questionnaire relating to the airspace change proposal for Spaceport-1. For those whom have not yet responded but wish to do so, you are politely reminded that the formal consultation period ends on Friday 24th May 2024. Details on how to respond are contained in the original email below.

There will be a 'public drop in event' held at Hosta Hall, North Uist from 1300 to 1930 on Wednesday 17th April 2024 where there will be the opportunity to ask questions and discuss the airspace change proposal; all are welcome to attend.

Thanking you in anticipation.

Kind Regards

QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:

SPACE PORT 1

Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

Original Email:

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-22



Wed 10/04/2024 10:16 SP1 ACP

UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal Stage 3 - Consultation Reminder

I Follow up. Start by 29 May 2024. Due by 29 May 2024. You replied to this message on 08/05/2024 09:16.

Good Marring. Thank you to hose whom have already responded and completed the questionnaire relating to the Spaceport-1 airspace change proposal. Stakeholders are politely reminded that the consultation window for this airspace change proposal will dose on Friday 24th May 2024 and we would appreciate your feetback. Details on how to respond are contained in the original email below

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Thanking you in anticipation.

QINETIQ hange Sponsor on behalf of



Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

Good Moming_ Ginet(0, as the singuace change Sponsor for Spaceport 1 (SP-1), has previously contacted you with regard to Airspace Change Proposal (ACP) pertaining to the sub-orbital rocket launch site at Scolpaig, North Uist on the Outer Hebrides. We are reaching out to you again as part of the formal consultation requirements.

Background - The ACP has successfully progressed through Stages 1 & 2 of the ACP process. You may recall that we asked you for feedback on the Design Principles (DPs) and later requested that you consider the six original airspace options, providing feedback on whether you thought they aligned to the DPs and met the statement of need. We also notified you that the airspace requirements had been significantly reduced following the decision to remove orbital rocket launch from the ACP design. SP-1 is therefore seeking only to establish sufficient segregated airspace to safely contain sub-orbital rocket operations. CAP1616 Stage 3 'Consult' - Stage 3 of the ACP process is where formal consultation with stakeholders is undertaken. As part of its Stage 3 Consultation Strategy, SP-1 has planned its stakeholder consultation and developed a series of related documents and materials; these include: the Consultation Strategy

Consultation Document, and, Options Appraisal Phase II (Full). The CAA reviewed and approved the SP-1 consultation documents on 15th March 2024 and, accordingly, the consultation strategy is now being implemented. This strategy will enable all stakeholders (both aviation and non-aviation) to consider the preferred airspace design option and understand how it may affect them, and will provide a platform for timely feedback will inform the 'Final Options Appraisal' in Stage 4 of the ACP process.

Consultation Documents - All three consultation documents can be found on the CAA Airspace Portal at: Airspace change proposal public view (caa.co.uk). This link also provides access to all previous documents associated with this airspace change

Feedback Survey Questionnaire - The preferred method of providing feedback is through the 'Airspace Change Citizen Space' can be found at: https://consultations.airspacechange.co.uk/qinetiq-ltd/spaceport-1-acp-stage-3-consultation or, scan the QR code attached.

Questionnaires may also be emailed to the Sponsor using SP1ACP@QinetiQ.com or hard copies sent to

For attention of the: SP-1 Airspace Change Manager Comhairle nan Eilean Siar Balivanich Council Offices Isle of Benbecula HS7 5LA

Please note that a stamped addressed envelope should be attached if a response is required by post.

Your feedback is welcomed as it is considered an essential part of the ACP process in helping to develop the final airspace design and associated procedures. Furthermore, it enables the Sponsor to gain a better understanding of your operations and how they might be impacted by this airspace change. Any impact will be considered and appropriate mitigations developed to minimise any identified adverse impact(s). Stakeholders should only consider the impact of the airspace design and feedback should be focused solely on this area, not on any wider aspects of rocket launch.

Timeline - The consultation period will commence on Wednesday 20th March 2024 and remain open for just over 9 weeks, concluding on Friday 24th May 2024 after which the survey questionnaire will no longer be available. This scaled consultation period is considered proportionate to the size of the airspace change and the engagement activities conducted to date.

Please Note:

1. Your response will be managed in the strictest confidence and in accordance with UK Data Protection guidance - the questionnaire facilitates those who wish to keep their feedback private.

2. This consultation is purely for the permanent airspace solution and not the temporary airspace change contained in ACP-2021-37, which is currently paused.

Kind Regards QINETIQ

Change Sponsor on behalf of



Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-23



	Wed 10/04/2024 11:12
	SP1 ACP
	UC Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal ACP-2021-12 Stage 3 CONSULTATION Reminder
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cc	
Follow	p. Start by 29 May 2024. Due by 29 May 2024.
	ied to this message on 08/05/2024 09:01.
	ssage was sent with High importance.
	rou to everyone who has already responded and completed the questionnaire relating to the airspace change proposal for Spaceport-
	ose whom have not yet responded but wish to do so, you are politely reminded that the formal consultation period ends on Friday 24th I. Details on how to respond are contained in the original email below.
There	
	ill be a 'public drop in event' held at Hosta Hall, North Uist from 1300 to 1930 on Wednesday 17th April 2024 where there will be the ty to ask guestions and discuss the airspace change proposal; all are welcome to attend.
Thankin	g you in anticipation.
Kind Reg	gards
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Spacepo	rt-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:
SPAC	
Jomnair	le nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.
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Good Af	ternoon.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-24





QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-25





Hi

PSB email sent out at the beginning of the consultation last month – the consultation runs until 24 May. You may be interested to know that we have engaged with Loganair and other operators in the local Uist area and during the earlier stages of the ACP process they were content that the extant procedures with the MOD Hebs Range (whom will be controlling authority for this new small airspace 'fillet'), when read across to the new airspace will enable the appropriate access (when safe) and notification. Any questions please drop me a line

Sent: 20 March 2024 08:12



Subject: UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal Stage 3 - Consultation Importance: High

Good Morning,

QinetiQ, as the airspace change Sponsor for Spaceport-1 (SP-1), has previously contacted you with regard to Airspace Change Proposal (ACP) pertaining to the sub-orbital rocket launch site at Scolpaig, North Uist on the Outer Hebrides. We are reaching out to you again as part of the formal consultation requirements.

Background - The ACP has successfully progressed through Stages 1 & 2 of the ACP process. You may recall that we asked you for feedback on the Design Principles (DPs) and later requested that

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-26



	Wed 08/05/2024 09:02 SP1 ACP UC Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal ACP-2021-12 Stage 3 CONSULTATION Reminder Consultation Closes 24 May	
То		*
You for	up. Completed on 27 June 2024. warded this message on 08/05/2024 09:09.	^
Spa	ceport-1 ACP Stage 3 Consultation grcode (5).png 8	

Good Morning,

Thank you to everyone who has already responded and completed the questionnaire relating to the airspace change proposal for Spaceport-1. For those whom have not yet responded but wish to do so, you are politely reminded that the formal consultation period ends on Friday 24th May 2024. Responses can be made via the Citizen Space questionnaire located at: https://consultation.airspacechange.co.uk/ginetig-ltd/spaceport-1-acp-stage-3-consultation or scan the QR code attached.

Thanking you in anticipation.

Kind Regards

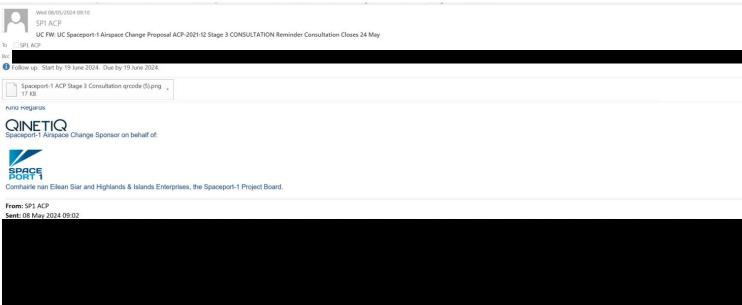
QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:

SPACE Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-27





Good Morning,

Thank you to everyone who has already responded and completed the questionnaire relating to the airspace change proposal for Spaceport-1. For those whom have not yet responded but wish to do so, you are politely reminded that the formal consultation period ends on Friday 24th May 2024. Responses can be made via the Citizen Space questionnaire located at:

https://consultations.airspacechange.co.uk/qinetiq-ltd/spaceport-1-acp-stage-3-consultation or scan the QR code attached.

Thanking you in anticipation.

Kind Regards

QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:



QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-28



	Wed 08/05/2024 09:17 SP1 ACP UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal Stage 3 - Consultation Reminder
	To I Follow up. Start by 19 June 2024. Due by 19 June 2024.
	Spaceport-1 ACP Stage 3 Consultation qrcode (6).png 17 KB
	Good Morning, Thank you to everyone who has already responded and completed the questionnaire relating to the airspace change proposal for Spaceport-1. For those whom have not yet responded but wish to do so, you are politely reminded that the formal consultation period ends on Friday 24th May 2024. Responses can be made via the Citizen Space questionnaire located at: <u>https://consultations.airspacechange.co.uk/qinetiq-ltd/spaceport-1-acp-stage-3-consultation</u> or scan the QR code attached. Thanking you in anticipation.
	Kind Regards QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:
	SPREE Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.
QINETIQ/UK	D/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-29





Bcc Bradley, Tracey S

Follow up. Start by 19 June 2024. Due by 19 June 2024.

Dear

Thank you kindly for your email below that my colleague kindly responded to in my absence. The incorrect date on Citizen Space has now been rectified (thank you for your observation) and I can confirm the consultation period extends until 24th May 2024. With regard to your question regarding commercial flights over North Uist during Spaceport-1 rocket launch periods, you are correct insomuch that such flights will deviate from their normal flight path directly over North Uist during Spaceport-1 rocket launch periods, you are correct insomuch that such flights will deviate from their normal flight path directly over North Uist during to sent are activated. Given the altitude of their space (the) were someone on the ground that the flights are continuing to flight should not be seen <u>flight</u>, normal flight may still appear to someone on the ground that the flights should not be seen <u>flight</u>, werehead during the airspace activation periods they may still appear to someone on the ground that the flights should not be seen <u>flight</u>, werehead during the may still appear clight are activation periods.

If you have any further questions please do not hesitate to contact me.

Kind Regards



QINETIQ

Connect with us:

Q 🖬 🖬 🚺 😹



To: SP1 ACP <SP1ACP@qinetiq.com> Subject: Scolpaig

Hello,

I have two small queries regarding the air-space consultation in relation to Scolpaig spaceport.

Firstly, would I be right in thinking that, when the proposed air-space segments are closed for the resultant diversions will mean marginally less commercial flight activity over North Uist than normal (excepting the rocket)?

Secondly, in the last paragraph of the blurb on page 2 of the online consultation it says "The consultation period is from 4th December 2023 to 12th February 2024" (see also attached screenshot). Assuming this is erroneous (it says it closes 24th May in the top left of the page), could this be corrected or removed so as not to potentially put people off completing the survey if they think it is already over?

Many thanks,

Best wishes,



Why not plan your visit in advance: order "A Guided Tour of Uist" from Amazon today.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-30



Reply	Reply All G Forward	ō اM
	Tue 14/05/2024 08:46	
\sim		
	UC: FW: UC ACP-2021-1	12 Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal Stage 3 - Consultation Reminder

Spaceport-1 ACP Stage 3 Consultation qrcode (6).png 10 KB

PSB link to the Spaceport -1 airspace change (at bottom of email) or via QR code attached here you can access all the necessary documents I highlighted yesterday. There is also a consultation questionnaire that you can complete if you desire. Please note the consultation and access to this site ends on Friday 24th May

Kind Regards



From: SP1 ACP <<u>SP1ACP@qinetiq.com</u>> Date: Wednesday 08 May 2024 at 10:16 AM



QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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		-	-
Wed 15/05/2024 12:57			
SP1 ACP			
UC SP-1 ACP Consultation	Response		
То			
Boc			
This message was sent with High imp	portance.		
1. Is the use of the D701 complex in aim was to amend the DA complex airspace by commercial rocket oper in essence this is a mal Management (DAATM) organisation currently conducted in other MOD D 2. Does the suggested airspace cor 3. Has the impact of the activation of potentially restrict activation of the s potentially have on the Air Traffic M they have deconfliction consideratio 4. Spacehub Sutherland is also und conflict between these two ACPs as	n accordance with its original purpose? In Oc in order to safely accommodate current and rators allowed under this purpose? Although itter for the MOD and we suggest you contact n and/or MOD Danger Area Airspace Manage Danger Areas so a precedent has already been ntain all possible Impact Dispersion Areas of of other adjacent danger areas, eg D712 or th suggested airspace? Yes, we are cognisant of tanagement network, for this reason we are k ons defined. dertaking an airspace change, will there be ar is the airspace requirements, to the best of ou I need to have a clear set of airspace protoco	them with your question through the Defence A er (DAAM). You may also wish to note that com	ries,"". Is the use of the irrspace and Air Traffic imercial activities are aceport 1? Yes. Insidered? Will this lent activation could d protocols for D701 as build not be any direct activity, including
Kind Regards			
QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Spor	nsor on behalf of:		
Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and High	hlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-	1 Project Board.	

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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SP1 ACP	
UC SP-1 response to consultation feedback questionnaire	
	UC SP-1 response to consultation feedback questionnaire

Thank you for completing the online airspace change response questionnaire where you raise a number of concerns several of which, not the least the CO2 emissions figures, were raised at the public drop in event. These issues and other points have been captured in the attached which summarises the key questions asked along with the airspace Sponsors response.

With regard to you concern relating to safety distances it should be noted that the ground safety footprint is not part of the airspace change requirements so is not evidenced in the airspace change consultation documentation. However, safety distances will form part of the Launch Vehicle (LV) operator's licencing and that of the Spaceport. It is however worth noting that the FAA and CAA approach to safety distances is subtly different. The UK regulator does not currently specify blanket distances, preferring instead to licence launches and locations on the basis of the data bespoke vehicle and propellant composition data. This is considered a more accurate approach given the need to scrutinise every launch. If the launch vehicle provider cannot adequately demonstrate that their LV (in a worst-case catastrophic failure event), be contained within this ground (and sea) and airspace safety areas, then they will not be permitted or licenced to operate from the Spaceport-1 launch site.

We do hope this helps provide you with some clarification on the points your raise.

Kind Regards

Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:

SPACE Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-33



Reply Reply All Groward SIM

Tue 21/05/2024 15:50 SP1 ACP

UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Stage 3 Consultation - Sponsor response to Isavia feedback on CAA Citizen Space Questionnaire

To 🗌 'acc.office@isavia.is'

This message was sent with High importance.

To Whom it May Concern,

Thank you for completing the UK CAA Citizen Space platform questionnaire relating to the proposed airspace change necessary to support a vertical launch Spaceport-1) on North Uist, Outer Hebrides, Scotland. We note from your response that you make several references to airspace that lies well outside the Spaceport-1 area of interest and upon further examination we have determined that your response is exactly the same as you sent to the SaxaVord Spaceport team during their Stage 3 formal consultation period. The wording contained in your response is relevant to SaxaVord however, we do not see any relevance to Spaceport-1. You may wish to amend your response or email us if you do indeed have any concerns relating to the Spaceport-1 airspace change proposal. Please note the formal consultation and the Citizen Space site will close on Friday 24th May 2024.

Kind Regards





Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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Reply Reply All Groward SIM



To

Tue 21/05/2024 14:55 SP1 ACP

UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Stage 3 Consultation - Sponsor response to Citizen Space feedback

Dear

Thank you for finding the time to complete the questionnaire on the CAA Citizen Space platform regarding the airspace change proposal for the Spaceport-1 launch site at Scolpaig North Uist. Having considered you response we have determined that the points you raise are not specifically relevant to the airspace design options presented or the preferred final airspace design solution. Your objections to the airspace change appear to be focused on wider issues of a Spaceport on North Uist rather than the airspace change and airspace design; as airspace Sponsor we are therefore unable to comment further on these aspects. Although you also refer to the safety aspects of rocket operations, these do not appear to include the airspace change but will be an integral part of the Spaceport licence and the Launch vehicle (LV) operator's licence; both of which must satisfy the civil regulator that their respective operations are safe.

Kind Regards

QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:



Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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Reply Reply All Groward 5 IM



Tue 21/05/2024 14:45 SP1 ACP

UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Stage 3 Consultation - Sponsor response to Citizen Space feedback

Dear

Thank you for finding the time to complete the questionnaire on the CAA Citizen Space platform regarding the airspace change proposal for the Spaceport-1 launch site at Scolpaig North Uist. Having considered you response we have determined that the points you raise are not specifically relevant to the airspace design options presented or the preferred final airspace design solution. Your objections to the airspace change appear to be focused on wider issues of a Spaceport on North Uist rather than the airspace change and airspace design; as airspace Sponsor we are therefore unable to comment further on these aspects.

1

Kind Regards





Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-36



Reply Reply All Forward SIM



Dear

Thank you for finding the time to complete the questionnaire on the CAA Citizen Space platform regarding the airspace change proposal for the Spaceport-1 launch site at Scolpaig North Uist. Having considered you response we have determined that the points you raise are not specifically relevant to the airspace design options presented or the preferred final airspace design solution. Your objections to the airspace change appear to be focused on the planning process and associated environmental assessments and socioeconomic reports rather than the airspace design; as airspace Sponsor we are therefore unable to comment further on these aspects. Although you also refer to the safety aspects of rocket operations, these do not appear to include the airspace element, rather the ground/surface safety aspects. Again these elements are not specifically part of the airspace change but will be an integral part of the Spaceport licence and the Launch vehicle (LV) operator's licence; both of which must satisfy the civil regulator that their respective operations are safe.

Kind Regards

JINFTIC Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:



Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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	Tue 21/05/20	24 12:30									
	SP1 ACP										
	UC ACP-202	21-12 Spaceport 1 S	tage 3 Consultati	on - Citizen Space Qu	uestionnaire respo	onse					
То											
Cc											^

Thank you for your response to the Spaceport-1 ACP Stage 3 consultation, your points are duly noted and we offer the following in way of a response.

Points you raise are widely understood by the Sponsor and acknowledged in detail within the ACP documentation contained in all Stages of the process. It is recognised that it is the activation of D701 that will cause the impact on the NAT ATM network and for this reason launches will be in the afternoon (post 1400 where OEPs are impacted), trajectories will be selected such that they minimise the number of OEPs affected and notification/agreement on use of airspace in accordance with current MOD Hebrides Range procedures - our aim is to use this current 'best practice' operated at the MOD Hebrides Range to minimise the impact on the ATM network using the procedures contained in the extant LoAs. We will either add an appendix to the existing LoA that includes rocket launch from SP-1 or, map across the current agreements to a standalone LoA. MOD Hebrides Range staff, whom will be managing SP-1 activities, have an excellent working relationship with NATS, AirNav Ireland and the UK AMC.

Thank you again for taking time to complete the questionnaire.

Kind Regards

Mr

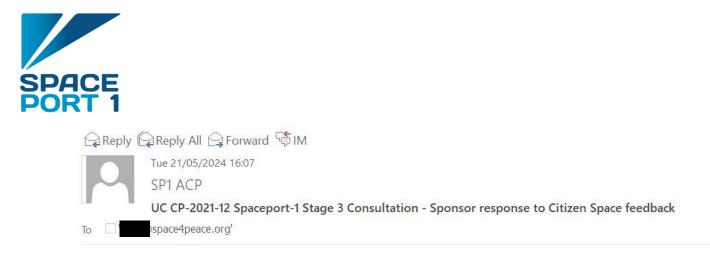
QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:



Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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Thank you for finding the time to complete the questionnaire on the CAA Citizen Space platform regarding the airspace change proposal for the Spaceport-1 launch site at Scolpaig North Uist. Having considered you response we have determined that the points you raise are not specifically relevant to the airspace design options presented or the preferred final airspace design solution. Your objections to the airspace change appear to be focused on wider issues of militarisation of space, the more generic environmental effects in the immediate vicinity of the launch site and upper atmosphere, and orbital launch (satellites), rather than the airspace design. As the points you raise fall outside the airspace change process we, as airspace change Sponsor, are unable to comment further on these aspects.

Kind Regards

QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:



Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Stage 3 Consultation - Sponsor response to Citizen Space feedback

To us@mediahebrides.co.uk'

Dear

Thank you for finding the time to complete the questionnaire on the CAA Citizen Space platform regarding the airspace change proposal for the Spaceport-1 launch site at Scolpaig North Uist. Having considered you response we have determined that the points you raise are not specifically relevant to the airspace design options presented or the preferred final airspace design solution. Your objections to the airspace change appear to be focused on wider issues of a Spaceport on North Uist rather than the airspace change and airspace design; as airspace Sponsor we are therefore unable to comment further on these aspects.

Kind Regards

QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:



Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-40



Reply Reply All Sorward SIM



RE: UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Stage 3 Consultation - Sponsor response to Citizen Space feedback

To Theona Morrison'

Dear

We regret that you feel we have dismissed your comments, I can assure you they have been recorded and will feature in the airspace Consultation Response Report that will be available to the public on the CAA airspace portal in about a month. However, we must stress that the airspace change consultation is exactly that, a consultation on the proposed airspace design. As the airspace subject matter experts we are only really qualified to comment on airspace related issues not the wider impact a Spaceport might have on communities or the planning processes involved. We apologise if the airspace consultation has failed to meet your expectations but reiterate the fact your response will be formally recorded and included in the Consultation Report.

Kind Regards





Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

From: Sent: 21 May 2024 14:58 To: SP1 ACP <SP1ACP@qinetiq.com> Subject: Re: UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Stage 3 Consultation - Sponsor response to Citizen Space feedback

Dear nameless person at Qinetiq

Thank you for you email which acknowledges that you have at least read the comments on the questionnaire.

Your dismissal of them so that you mindlessly persue your own agenda irrespective of the wider indigenous community in which you propose locating the space port. A place with no underemployment, a place of deep culture legacy, environmental custodianship.

How else is the community going to share its voice. The questionnaire was a vehicle. Your so called 'consultation' at Hosta, in a dimmly lit room, overload of scientific jargon - hardly a meaningful engagement.

Look to your plan and think of those who are deeply unhappy with what you propose.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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Wed 29/05/2024 17:17 SP1 ACP	
RE: UC CP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Stage 3 Consultation - Sponsor response to Citizen Space feedback	
ipace4peace.org'	
Follow up. Start by 29 May 2024. Due by 29 May 2024. This message was sent with High importance.	
Dear The second se	
consultation process the airspace change Sponsor (QinetiQ) is encouraged to respond to feedback received especially where the feedback the proposed airspace design. As your response did not impact the airspace design then our response was limited in content however, you have been recorded and will form part of the 'Consultation Assessment' report that will be available to view on the CAA airspace portal in du course. The CAA will only approve publication of this document once satisfied the content meets their requirements as detailed in CAP 1610 this approval process will be scrutiny of feedback received, like yours and the Sponsor response and categorisation.	comments
I hope this clarifies the situation.	
Kind Regards	
QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:	
Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of: Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of: Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board. From: Space4peace.org Space4peace.org Space4peace.org Space4peace.org Space4peace.org	
Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of: Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board. From:pace4peace.org pace4peace.org Space4peace.org> Sent: 29 May 2024 16:53 To: SP1 ACP <sp1acp@qinetiq.com></sp1acp@qinetiq.com>	
Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of: Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board. From: The pace4peace.org space4peace.org> Sent: 29 May 2024 16:53 To: SP1 ACP <sp1acp@qinetiq.com> Subject: RE: UC CP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Stage 3 Consultation - Sponsor response to Citizen Space feedback</sp1acp@qinetiq.com>	
Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of: Space	ot be handled
Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of: Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board. From: Dace4peace.org space4peace.org Space4peace.org Sent: 29 May 2024 16:53 To: SP1 ACP <sp1acp@qinetiq.com> Subject: RE: UC CP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Stage 3 Consultation - Sponsor response to Citizen Space feedback Dear QINETIQ Thank you for your message. Could you please let me know the relationship that QINETIQ has with this consultation exercise? Should it no</sp1acp@qinetiq.com>	ot be handled
Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of: Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board. From: Deace4peace.org Space4peace.org> Sent: 29 May 2024 16:53 To: SP1 ACP <sp1acp@qinetiq.com> Subject: RE: UC CP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Stage 3 Consultation - Sponsor response to Citizen Space feedback Dear QINETIQ Thank you for your message. Could you please let me know the relationship that QINETIQ has with this consultation exercise? Should it no independently by the CAA?</sp1acp@qinetiq.com>	ot be handled

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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Thu 30/05/2024 08:26

SP1 ACP

UC ACP-2021-12_Spaceport-1_Stage_3_Consultation - Sponsor Response to Feedback Received

1 Follow up. Start by 30 May 2024. Due by 30 May 2024.

Dear .

Thank you for finding the time to complete the questionnaire on the CAA Citizen Space platform regarding the airspace change proposal for the Spaceport-1 launch site at Scolpaig North Uist. Having considered you response we have determined that the points you raise are not specifically relevant to the airspace design options presented or the preferred final airspace design solution. As they do not offer any actionable feedback on the airspace design, we as the airspace Sponsor and airspace subject matter experts, are unable to provide any further comments. However, your feedback will be recorded in the Consultation Review Document that will be available on the CAA airspace portal in due course.

1

Kind Regards





QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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Thu 30/05/2024 08:27

SP1 ACP

UC SP-1 ACP Consultation - Sponsor Response

1 Follow up. Start by 30 May 2024. Due by 30 May 2024.

Dear

То

Thank you for finding the time to complete the questionnaire on the CAA Citizen Space platform regarding the airspace change proposal for the Spaceport-1 launch site at Scolpaig North Uist. Having considered the three points you raise we have determined that these are not specifically relevant to the airspace design options presented or the preferred final airspace design solution. The concerns you raise will be covered under the marine licence that the Launch vehicle (LV) operator will need to obtain as detailed in the Space Industry Act 2018 and in the supporting guidance documentation at Chapter 5. Furthermore, the holder of the Space Range licence will need to ensure the appropriate marine safety areas are clear of vessels before launch can occur, such safety areas will take into account all variables including environmental conditions such as wind and effect on debris. Your objections to the airspace change have however been noted and will be included in the Consultation Review Document that will be available on the CAA airspace portal in due course.

Kind Regards

QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:



Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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	Thu 30/05/2024 08:45 SP1 ACP UC ACP-2021-12_Spaceport-1_Stage_3_Consultation - Sponsor Response to Feedback Received	
To i Follow u	up. Start by 30 May 2024. Due by 30 May 2024.	^
Dear		

Thank you for finding the time to complete the questionnaire on the CAA Citizen Space platform regarding the airspace change proposal for the Spaceport-1 launch site at Scolpaig North Uist. With regard to your concern over the size of the airspace and the fact it sits above residential properties and areas of significant wild life habitats, we would wish to reiterate the fact that this does not mean there is a risk to persons or wild life in this area, this is explained in the Consultation Document as follows:

"It is important to note that the process to determine the size of airspace necessary to ensure no additional risk to other airspace users is different to that regarding the 'land safety footprint' and risk to 3rd parties on the ground, and to the process used to establish the risk to maritime 3rd parties. The airspace safety requirements consider a large aircraft with a high number of passengers travelling at high speed therefore, to reach an acceptable level of risk, the segregated airspace area has to be significantly bigger than the land or sea space safety areas. The airspace area therefore does not denote an area of risk to personnel on the ground; there are many UK Danger Areas over land that are there to safeguard aviation and do not indicate that a threat to personnel on the ground exists. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd parties on the ground has to be contained well within the SP-1 site area. It should be further noted that the ground safety footprint (and that over the sea space) is not evaluated under the ACP process; this is addressed separately by the CAA through the Spaceport and Rocket/Launch Operators licences and approvals. Here both the Spaceport operator and the rocket launch provider will need to satisfactorily demonstrate to the CAA that they have a robust safety case, safety management processes and evidence to show the operation is safe and risk to 3rd Parties on the surface is tolerable and within the regulated safety management processes and evidence to show the operation is safe and risk to 3rd Parties on the surface is tolerable and within the regulated safety management processes and evidence to show the operation is safe and risk to 3rd Parties on the surface is tolerable and within the regulated safety management processes and evidence to show the operation is safe and risk to 3rd Parties on the surface is tolerable and within the regulated safety management processes a

Your additional points have also been noted and recorded, these anonymous comments will be included in the Consultation Review Document that will be available on the CAA airspace portal in due course. As these additional points do not offer any actionable feedback on the airspace design, we as the airspace Sponsor and airspace subject matter experts, are unable to provide any further comments.

Kind Regards





QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

Page C-45





Dear

Thank you for finding the time to complete the questionnaire on the CAA Citizen Space platform regarding the airspace change proposal for the Spaceport-1 launch site at Scolpaig North Uist. We note that you do not offer any actionable feedback on the proposed airspace design but do raise other points and concerns.

With regard to the predicted increase in carbon emissions (due to redirection of some high level air traffic), it is accepted that these figures may appear higher than stated by other Spaceports however, we would guard against making such like for like comparisons as the metrics used are often widely different especially when it comes to the duration that the airspace is required for. Unlike other Spaceports, we have the knowledge and experience of launching similar systems from the MOD QinetiQ managed Hebrides Range and it is from this data that we have calculated our worst case scenarios using a protracted three hour window for the launch. We would suggest other Spaceports are being extremely optimistic in only considering a one hour launch window – this in isolation decreases their perceived impact by a third when compared to Spaceport-1.

The concern you raise regarding items jettisoned into the sea will be covered by the Marine management Organisation (MMO) who may decide the Launch vehicle (LV) operator will need to obtain a marine licence prior to launch, this is a requirement detailed in the Space Industry Act 2018 and in supporting guidance documentation.

With regard to your safety concerns for local residents, we offer the following detail from the Consultation Document:

"It is important to note that the process to determine the size of airspace necessary to ensure no additional risk to other airspace users is different to that regarding the 'land safety footprint' and risk to 3rd parties on the ground, and to the process used to establish the risk to maritime 3rd parties. The airspace safety requirements consider a large aircraft with a high number of passengers travelling at high speed therefore, to reach an acceptable level of risk, the segregated airspace area has to be significantly bigger than the land or sea space safety areas. The airspace area therefore does not denote an area of risk to personnel on the ground; there are many UK Danger Areas over land that are there to safeguard aviation and do not indicate that a threat to personnel on the ground exists. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd parties on the ground has to be contained well within the SP-1 site area. It should be further noted that the ground safety footprint (and that over the sea space) is not evaluated under the ACP process; this is addressed separately by the CAA through the Spaceport and Rocket/Launch Operators licences and approvals. Here both the Spaceport operator and the rocket launch provider will need to satisfactorily demonstrate to the CAA that they have a robust safety case, safety management processes and evidence to show the operation is safe and risk to 3rd Parties on the surface is tolerable and within the regulated safety rmargins – the CAA will only issue the respective licences when these strict safety criteria are met."

Your other points regarding socioeconomic issues and concern over the EIA are noted and have been recorded but as they do not impact the airspace change proposal we are unable to comment further on these matters. However, they are noted, along with your objection to the airspace change and will be captured in the Consultation Review Document that will be available on the CAA airspace portal in due course.

Kind Regards



QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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Dear

We would like to thank you for taking the time to complete the online questionnaire regarding the proposed airspace change in support of the Spaceport-1 project. You objection and comments have been noted; these will be included anonymously in the Consultation Assessment Report that will be published on the CAA airspace portal in due course. With regard to your safety concerns, we would like to offer the fact that the airspace change process is just one element of the safety process; here the CAA are primarily focused on aviation safety. There are other elements to rocket launch that will provide the necessary assurances that catastrophic failure will not pose a risk to those living close to the launch site. These will be captured in the licencing and/or approvals process for both the Spaceport Operator and the Launch Vehicle (LV) operator. Both will need to meet strict safety criteria to satisfy the regulator before licences/approvals are forthcoming. Furthermore, these licencing processes will also include further environmental assessments.

Kind Regards

QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:

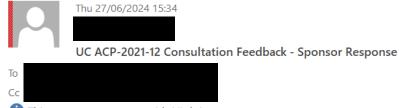


QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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Reply Reply All Groward Star



1 This message was sent with High importance.

Thank you for your response to the Spaceport-1 ACP consultation. Your points are noted regarding potential impact on certain approaches to the airport in particular when D701Y/C and/or E are activated, and the need for close coordination between Range and airport. These points, identified earlier in the process, have been captured in the Stage 2 documentation. As previously discussed, our mitigation to reduce any potential impact on Benbecula operations, is to extend the current airspace management procedures for MOD Hebrides Range so they include the new SP-1 airspace fillet and use of D701 for SP-1 use. Ideally we would like to amend the current LoA to satisfy this requirement and a meeting in the near future to discuss this way ahead would be welcomed.

Kind Regards



QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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Reply Reply All Sorward The IM



UC ACP-2021-12 Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Proposal Stage 3 - Consultation Feedback

This message was sent with High importance

Thank you for the NATS feedback on the above titled, as Sponsor we offer the following in response:

It is noted that several of the key points raised, although important, are out with the gift of the Sponsor to resolve these include:

1. The need for the CAA to determine the prioritisation of spaceflight and subsequent impact launches may have on the UK network.

2. Appropriate governance and authority to segregate airspace for commercial use needs to be ratified and integrated into the UK ASM policy such that the UK AMC is appropriately resourced to manage airspace on behalf of Spaceports. 3. Refinement in tactical management of airspace where time and separation buffers are imposed. The Sponsor would however suggest a more collaborative approach to the application of buffers both time and airspace volume to improve the efficiency of airspace management. It is considered that a more dynamic approach could be achieved with improved co-operation.

4. The need for NATS and the CAA to agree how increased 3Di scores or attributable delays will be applied against the already agreed NERL performance targets.

5. The CAA to update the UK AIP to include commercial space launch and determine the appropriate FBZ to mitigate risk. Note: the Sponsor has identified this issue with the CAA and it is understood that until such descriptors are in place then rocket launch from SP-1 into the D701 areas will be carried out under the 'Other Munitions and Explosives (OME)' descriptor in the ENR 1.1.

The Sponsor acknowledges that there is a pressing requirement to update the existing LoA pertaining to D701 to include SP-1 activities and how the airspace will be activated/deactivated. This is considered a priority task by the Sponsor whom is eager to engage with NATS, MOD and other signatories on this matter.

The Sponsor further notes that not all North Atlantic operators had been given the opportunity to respond to the ACP at the beginning of the consultation period. However, the International Aviation Transport Association (IATA) were contacted later in the consultation window and were offered the opportunity to provide formal feedback – no feedback or comments have been received at time of writing.

With regard to the assumptions that NATS consider are incorrect, the Sponsor would offer the following:

- It is recognised that some air traffic will be impacted on the vast majority of the days of the year and it is now more common for traffic to operate on random routings vice the Organised Track Structure (OTS). However, the Sponsor would argue that at the time of the data sample (2019), there were less 'random tracks' and the OTS was the most accurate indicator to assess peak traffic flows, especially during the period of expected rocket launch.
- The comment that: "OTS tracks are only an indication of core traffic flows and capture less than 30% traffic in Shanwick in a 24-hour period", is considered slightly misleading as the analysis conducted only focused on a 'worst case' three hour period, that is 12.5% of the Swanwick 24-hour period so the 'other' traffic is irrelevant. It should also be noted that the methodology used considers the busiest day of the year (arguably all other days' traffic levels will be less and in some cases, far less) and does not take into account the ability to reroute traffic far earlier than the FIR boundary and thus prevent/reduce any increase in fuel consumption. Furthermore, the worst case scenario does not account for the later launches in the summer that may be possible due to the longer days; it is widely accepted that a launch after 1600 UTC will have far less impact on the network than the predictions (using the consultation report suggests. Moreover there may be occasions where coincident activity might be possible, i.e. where SP-1 activity can occur in D701 areas already active for MOD use. Therefore, when all these factors are taken into consideration the worst case estimate for the year is probably close to and certainly no worse than, the actual impact once a full an accurate assessment can be made following a realistic period of operations.
- It should be noted that the Sponsor's analysis of traffic impact does consider lateral buffers/FBZs as applied by ANSPs; these are detailed at paragraph 3.5.7 and Figure 22 (shaded red area outside the D701 areas) of the Options Appraisal Phase II (full) report. Furthermore, it is also considered that a maximum of 20 airspace activations per year is an accurate worst case assumption (rather than the 30 suggested by NATS); this is explained in the Options Appraisal Phase I (Initial) at paragraph 3.4.4.1 and is based on experience of operating similar systems from the MOD Hebrides Range.

Thanks again for your response. Although we recognise that there are important factors to be considered by the CAA before the first launch next year, we would nonetheless wish to actively pursue agreeing and updating the current LoA to reflect SP-1 operations. Therefore, a meeting to discuss this with the appropriate NATS SMEs would be most welcome. Thereafter it is assumed the UK Ireland Airspace Management Operations Group (ASMOG) might be the best forum to advance this work.

We look forward to your response.

Kind Regards



QINETIQ/UKD/EMEA/AS/TR240045

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We would like to thank you for finding the time to complete the questionnaire on the CAA Citizen Space platform regarding the airspace change proposal for the Spaceport-1 launch site at Scolpaig North Uist. We note that you do not offer any actionable feedback on the proposed airspace design but do raise other points and concerns. Unfortunately the majority of the points raised are outside the scope of the Airspace Change Proposal (ACP) process therefore the Sponsor is unable to comment on; other adequate launch facilities in the EU; BREXIT; the first UK rocket launch; or, disturbance to transport, fishing and other important island activities during construction and operation. With regard to safety concerns we offer the following as described in the Consultation Documentation:

"It is important to note that the process to determine the size of airspace necessary to ensure no additional risk to other airspace users is different to that regarding the 'land safety footprint' and risk to 3rd parties on the ground, and to the process used to establish the risk to maritime 3rd parties. The airspace asfety requirements consider a large aircraft with a high number of passengers travelling at high speed therefore, to reach an acceptable level of risk, the segregated airspace area has to be significantly bigger than the land or sea space safety areas. The airspace area therefore does not denote an area of risk to personnel on the ground, exists. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd parties on the ground exists. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd parties on the ground aviation and do not indicate that a threat to personnel on the ground exists. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd parties on the ground aviation and do not indicate that a threat to personnel on the ground exists. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd parties on the ground aviation and to not indicate that a threat to personnel on the ground exist. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace area therefore does not the ground is evaluated differently and restrictions/warnings are put in place accordingly. In effect any additional risk caused by SP-1 activities to 3rd parties on the ground has to be contained well within the SP-1 site area. It should be further noted that the ground safety footprint (and that over the sea space) is not evaluated under the ACP process; this is addre

Please note that all the points you raised have been recorded and will feature in the Consultation Assessment Report that will be available to view on the CAA Airspace Portal in due course.

Kind Regards



SPACE Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

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Page C-50



We would like to thank you for finding the time to complete the questionnaire on the CAA Citizen Space platform regarding the airspace change proposal for the Spaceport-1 launch site at Scolpaig North Uist. We note that you do not offer any actionable feedback on the proposed airspace design but do raise other points and concerns. With regard to your environmental concerns, these have been covered extensively in the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and Supplementary Environmental Instructions (SEI) developed as part of the planning process for the Spaceport-1 site and are available on the Council web-site to view. Furthermore, there are distinct licensing processes for spaceports, launch operators and range operators under the Space Industry Act (SIA) 2018. Safety and environmental impact are fundamental considerations in determining whether licences are granted and when assessing environmental impact.

Regarding your concern over items jettisoned into the sea; this will be covered by the Marine Management Organisation (MMO) who may decide the LV operator will need to obtain a marine licence prior to launch, this is also a requirement detailed in the SIA 2018 and in supporting guidance documentation.

With regard to the safety concerns for local residents, the Sponsor would offer the following detail from the Consultation Document:

"It is important to note that the process to determine the size of airspace necessary to ensure no additional risk to other airspace users is different to that regarding the 'land safety footprint' and risk to 3rd parties on the ground, and to the process used to establish the risk to maritime 3rd parties. The airspace safety requirements consider a large aircraft with a high number of passengers travelling at high speed therefore, to reach an acceptable level of risk, the segregated airspace area has to be significantly bigger than the land or sea space safety areas. The airspace area therefore does not denote an area of risk to personnel on the ground exists. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd parties on the ground exists. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd parties on the ground exists. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd parties on the ground at the ground exist. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd parties on the ground at the ground set to personnel on the ground exist. EG D704 over Benbecula airport is a good local example. This airspace is activated when there is a risk to other airspace users; the risk to 3rd parties on the ground at the ground set of the ground safety footprint (and that over the sea space) is not evaluated under the ACP process; this is addressed separately by the CAA through the Spaceport and Rocket/Launch Operators licences and approvals. Here both the Spaceport and the rocket launch provider will need to satisfactorily demonstrate to the CAA that they have a robust safety criteria are met."

Other points regarding socioeconomic issues, impact on tourism, fragile infrastructure and other non-airspace related concerns are noted and have been recorded and will feature in the 'Consultation Assessment Report' that will be available on the CAA Airspace Portal in due course.

Kind Regards

QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:



Comhairle nan Eilean Siar and Highlands & Islands Enterprises, the Spaceport-1 Project Board.

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Thank you for completing the online questionnaire and providing comprehensive feedback in relation to the proposed airspace change pertaining to the Spaceport-1 project. Your points have been recorded and will feature in the 'Consultation Assessment Report' that will be available on the CAA Airspace Portal in due course. In the meantime, as the airspace change Sponsor, we would offer the following in response to your feedback:

- It should be noted that Response 749185324 (object) from NATS is from an individual and this is NOT the NATS position, the latter is 'Neutral' and can be found at ID 115026295.
- With regard to response ID 276355460 from the Air Navigation Service Provider for the Reykjavik Control Area (Isavia ANS). The Isavia response is exactly the same as that sent to SaxaVord despite SP-1 operating in entirely different airspace and in airspace that does not encroach the Icelandic Flight Information Region (FIR); unlike the majority of saxaVord airspace change that is almost entirely within Iceland's FIR. Isavia have been contacted to highlight the error in their response but have declined to resubmit an updated response however, during Stage 2 of the ACP process they did state that the SP-1 ACP was 'outside their area of interest and therefore did NOT impact them'.
- Regarding the CO2 emissions being assessed as 50 times higher than those stated in the EIA, it is important to note that at the time of the EIA development the airspace options were not known or understood and as such the EIA was based on the best and most up to date information available at the time to inform the planning process. Furthermore, there are distinct licensing processes for spaceports, launch operators and range operators under the SIA. Safety and environmental impact are fundamental considerations in determining whether licences are granted and when assessing environmental impact.
- Regarding the additional environmental information requested by the CAA, this was around certain metrics used for noise modelling and an explanation on the use of different metrics for sonic boom. The former was evidenced through the rerunning of the original noise modelling programme and the latter was accepted by the CAA.
- Considering the drop in event at Hosta Hall not covering the environmental issues; the Sponsor can confirm that the environmental impact associated with re-routing civil air traffic crossing the North Atlantic, was covered in some detail and this information can be found in the Consultation Documentation. The options appraisal phase II (full) contains a most detailed explanation of the methodology used and potential increase in CO2 emissions. It is acknowledged that the EIA and SEI commissioned by the Council in support of the planning process was not covered at the event and this is because they are not explicitly part of the ACP process as prescribed in Civil Aviation Publication (CAP) 1616 (Ed 4). The drop in event was clearly publicised as pertaining solely to the proposed Airspace Change.
- With regard to the 'safety distances' in the context of the airspace change, it is important to note that the airspace change only considers the risks to aviation and as previously stated, there are other regulatory bodies and licencing processes (which will be initiated at a future stage of development) that ensure the risk to 3rd parties on the ground are minimised. Moreover, the regulations used to determine safety distances are at the discretion of, and prescribed by, the CAA.
- Notes on the 'public drop in event' were provided on Citizen Space following the event. With reference to whether an increase in launch numbers would necessitate a new ACP, the Sponsor offers the following: An ACP is required if the use of the airspace is changed whether an increase in numbers of launches would be deemed a 'change in airspace use' would be a matter for the CAA who may, if they wished, call for an ACP to be raised.
- The Sponsor offers no further comment regarding microclimate or the reference to the Isavia response that is not relevant to Spaceport-1. With regard to trajectories, the ACP Consultation documentation states that the trajectories will be contained within an arc of 225 to 315 degrees. Decision on trajectory for a particular launch will be subject to many elements not least environmental, impact on the air traffic network and the 'clear range' to name a few.
- The Sponsor is unable to comment on the other points raised that are not directly related to the airspace change.

Again, thank you for your most detailed feedback.

Kind Regards

QINETIQ Spaceport-1 Airspace Change Sponsor on behalf of:



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D Appendix D – Media Record

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Sent: Wednesday, May 22, 2024 4:10:42 PM

Subject: FW: PRESS RELEASE: Spaceport 1 Airspace Change Consultation

Distribution list that the below email was sent to.



From: Sent: Wednesday, March 20, 2024 4:31 PM

Subject: PRESS RELEASE: Spaceport 1 Airspace Change Consultation

Press Release Comhairle nan Eilean Siar 20 March 2024

Spaceport 1 Airspace Change Consultation

Formal consultation on the proposed airspace change associated with Spaceport 1, Scolpaig, North Uist will commence on 20 March and close on 24 May 2024. The airspace change application is being managed by 'change sponsor' QinetiQ on behalf of Comhairle nan Eilean Siar.

As rocket launch poses a risk to aviation, it is necessary to separate launch from all other aviation activity, through the establishment of Special Use Airspace in the form of a Danger Area. The new Danger Area will be activated around the time of launch with other airspace users notified to ensure that they remain clear of the area for their own safety and the safety of others. The airspace change process is the mechanism through with Danger Areas can be established.

All documents associated with the airspace change application can be viewed on the Civil Aviation Authority's airspace portal.

A drop-in event will be held at Hosta Hall, North Uist on Wednesday 17 April from 1pm to 7.30pm. All are welcome to attend and members of the QinetiQ team will be there to answer any queries on the proposal.

Feedback is welcomed and is an essential part of the airspace change process, as it helps to develop the final airspace design and associated procedures. It also enables the Sponsor to gain a better understanding of stakeholders' operations and how they might be impacted by the proposed airspace change. Any impacts will be considered and mitigations developed as appropriate to minimize any identified adverse impact(s).

The CAA's preferred method of providing feedback on airspace change proposals is via the Citizen Space platform. Interested parties can ask questions and provide feedback via the 'feedback questionnaire'.

Hard copies of the consultation documents and the feedback questionnaire may be requested from the Airspace Change Manager - SP1ACP@QinetiQ.com. Copies are also available for collection from Comhairle nan Eilean Siar, Balivanich Council Offices, Isle of Benbecula, HS7 SLA.

Completed questionnaires may be returned by email or post to the Spaceport 1 Airspace Change Manager at the Comhairle Offices in Balivanich.

ENDS.

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Press Release Comhairle nan Eilean Siar 16 April 2024

Spaceport 1 Airspace Change Consultation Reminder

Comhairle nan Eilean Siar is reminding members of the public that the Spaceport 1 Airspace Change Consultation remains open until 24 May 2024.

As part of the consultation a drop-in event will be held at Hosta Hall, North Uist tomorrow, Wednesday 17 April from 1pm to 7.30pm. All are welcome to attend and members of the QinetiQ team will be there to answer any queries on the proposal.

Feedback is welcomed and is an essential part of the airspace change process, as it helps to develop the final airspace design and associated procedures. It also enables the Sponsor to gain a better understanding of stakeholders' operations and how they might be impacted by the proposed airspace change. Any impacts will be considered and mitigations developed as appropriate to minimise any identified adverse impact(s).

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Completed questionnaires may be returned by email or post to the Spaceport 1 Airspace Change Manager at the Comhairle Offices in Balivanich.

All documents associated with the airspace change application can be viewed on the Civil Aviation Authority's airspace portal.

ENDS.

British Sign Language (BSL) users can contact us directly by using contactSCOTLAND-BSL

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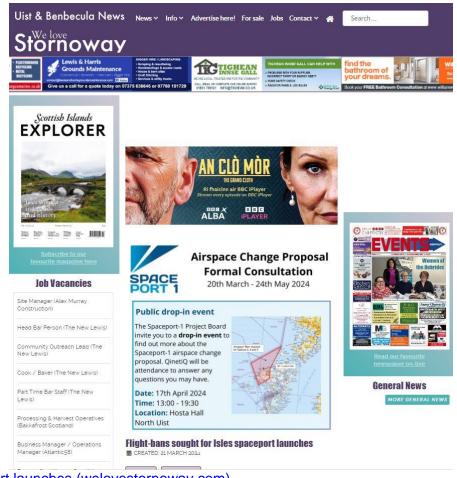




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Flight-bans sought for Isles spaceport launches (welovestornoway.com)

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Appendix E – Public Drop in Event

E.1 Drop in Event Q&A





Spaceport-1 (SP-1) Airspace Change Consultation - Public Drop in Event Hosta Hall North Uist 17th April 2024

Record of Key Airspace Related Questions & Answers

The above titled event was open from 1300 until 1930. A total of 22 individuals attended over the course of the day with a late flurry of individuals (6) arriving around 1845. A short power point presentation was provided, a copy of which has been uploaded to the Citizen Space Platform. Airspace Related Questions:

1. If planning was reviewed and an increase in launch numbers beyond the current 10 was approved would the airspace change process have to be reviewed or will the current Airspace Change Proposal (ACP) be adequate.

ANS: A new ACP is required where there is any change to the airspace design/volume or the activities that are notified as occurring within them; in principle the number of launches should be able to be increased without necessitating an ACP however, the Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) would have a view on this and would need to be notified accordingly.

2. The boundary of the new Danger Area covers a number of dwellings why does this therefore not pose a risk to people living beneath the Danger Area.

ANS: Please see FAQs – In sum, the metrics used to calculate the risk to aviation are different to those ascertaining the risk to individuals/dwellings on the ground. The aviation risk considers a large number of people within a commercial airliner travelling at high speed therefore the consequence is far higher thus the parameters also has be far higher. The risk to persons on the ground is defined through a different safety process and will come within the licencing process for the Spaceport operator whom will need to demonstrate to the regulator (CAA Space Team) that there is no risk to third parties on the ground outside the SP-1 launch area/boundary. Moreover, the Launch Vehicle (LV) operator will also have to demonstrate to the regulator through modelling, evidence and safety assessments, that their LV will not pose a risk to 3rd parties on the ground.

3. What if the airspace is found to be of insufficient volume to contain a specific type of rocket?

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ANS: If the safety trace of the LV cannot be contained within the new proposed airspace then the LV will not be permitted to launch.

4. How long will the airspace remain in place, is it time limited or forever?

ANS: The airspace will only be put in place once approved by the CAA during Stage 5 of the ACP process and then there will be constant monitoring of the use of the airspace and data collected. Following a typical 12 month period of operation of the new airspace, the Sponsor is required to conduct a Post Implantation Review (Stage 7 of the ACP process). If it is discovered that unforeseen issues have arisen and/or the airspace is not meeting the requirements of the statement of need (SoN), then the CAA may ask for the airspace design to be reconfigured and if this still does not meet the objectives then the airspace may have to be reverted to its original status. Providing the airspace does meet the SoN and no new significant issue have arisen, then the airspace change will remain in place for as long as it is needed for the purpose of launching sub-orbital rockets.

5. While considering the need of 'other airspace users' does the CAA include birds? ANS: While the CAA do not directly consider birds during the ACP process, they do, as part of this process, require environmental evidence that may include any potential impact on birds. For the SP-1 ACP elements of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) used during the planning process have been referenced/replicated to provide the necessary evidence to the CAA.

6. Is there potential for an extension to the 3-hour window on the day, i.e. could 3 hours become 9 hours because of delays?

ANS: Because of the potential impact on transatlantic air traffic it is unlikely that an extension on the day will be granted (as airlines will have already planned the day before to route through the area post activation). However, where the SP-1 airspace requirements do not impact on transatlantic air traffic, such as for a short range rocket launch using only a few of the 'inner D701 Danger Areas', then it may be possible to extend the airspace period on the day. This will be subject to agreement and approval by the necessary organisations and authorities. Where a launch is unsuccessful/delayed, for whatever reason, then a spare/contingency day will be planned for and normally used.

7. Have we considered the weather and particularly, the wind at Scolpaig?

ANS: Yes, although different areas of the islands have their own microclimate the Outer Hebrides wind issues are well understood by Ministry of Defence (MOD) Hebrides Range staff – wind limitations will be placed on all launches but these will vary significantly between LVs.

8. The worst-case-scenario CO₂ emissions figure in the ACP documents is being read as the actual figure, is this correct?

ANS: This is not an actual figure but is what is perceived to be a worst possible case scenario figure where we have assumed: all aircraft are the higher fuel burn type (Boeing 777); majority of launches are long range immature rockets that require the maximum number of D701 areas to be activated; and, transatlantic civil air traffic levels are consistent as for the busiest day of the year. It is highly anticipated that the actual figure following 12 month period of operation will be significantly less than that quoted. As there are so many variables, it is not possible to quote an exact figure but we are confident it will not be worse than that quoted.



9. Will there be any impact on new Stornoway flight by 'Hebridean Air Services' (operated by Airtask).

ANS: The routes flown between Benbecula and Stornoway will not alter regardless of aircraft operator and we have already confirmed with Loganair that the Stornoway route will not be impacted by the SP-1 operation and activation of the new proposed airspace fillet. It is acknowledged and captured in the ACP reports that certain approaches to Benbecula airport could potentially be impacted by the subsequent activation of specific D701 areas however, procedures are already in place to mitigate and minimise any such impact. Furthermore, Hebridean Air Services (through Airtask) have been asked for comment on the ACP.

10. 'Who owns the airspace?'

ANS: Airspace is a national asset not owned by any one organisation; it is regulated by the CAA who in turn delegate different authorities to 'manage' the airspace accordingly to meet user's needs. In essence, airspace need/requirements are arbitrated by the CAA through the UKs Airspace Management Cell (AMC) which is a joint civil military airspace management organisation.

11. How do we coordinate with international airlines?

ANS: This is done through the International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO) sponsored North Atlantic Operators user group. The majority of airlines are represented, this may be through the International Aviation Transport Association (IATA) who work on their behalf.

- 12. How will SP-1 operations interact/deconflict with Shetland Space Centre activity? ANS: It is anticipated that the airspace protocols and letters of agreement between spaceport operators, air navigation service providers and the UK AMC will define how deconfliction between different spaceports and MOD activity will be managed. These protocols are still to be designed and agreed at Governmental level.
- 13. Shetland only have 1 hour airspace closure for orbital launch why is SP-1 so much 'worse' and requiring 3 hours.

ANS: With many years of experience launching similar type systems from the MOD Hebrides Range we (QinetiQ) fully understand the challenges of achieving a successful launch. Our familiarity with launching rockets enables us to probably judge with more accuracy the required time windows as we know many things can delay a launch (examples; a fishing boat in the range area; minor malfunction of the LV; and, environmental issues such as wind speed and direction). We therefore are proposing a 3 hour window as this is probably realistic; our worst case scenario is based on this assumption. Adopting a one hour window will inevitably reduce the 'apparent' impact the launch has on air traffic (and associated fuel burn CO2 emissions by a factor of 3) however, limiting a LV operator to such a small time window will, in our view, place an unacceptable risk on the ability to launch. We therefore consider this unrealistic and as such these figures should be treated with caution.

14. Does use of MoD D701 complex mean that SP1 is actually to be used for military / defence activity?

ANS: No, SP-1 activity is strictly a commercial operation, it will be run and managed by a commercial entity.



15. It is assumed that there are more transatlantic flights crossing the area in the summer as this is when flights are often observed overhead so won't we disrupting more flights by launching in the summer?

ANS: It is anticipated that there will be more launches in the summer due mainly to the weather factor but also because in reality there are less commercial flights over Scotland in the summer months than in winter months. Following a study of 12 months flight details (as captured in the Options Appraisal Phase II (FULL) report), it is evident that during a 3 day period in the summer, flights only route over Scotland on one day; the other two days they route south over southern UK and Ireland.

16. For SP-1 rocket launches will this necessitate closure of whole of D701?

ANS: No. Only those areas necessary to contain all hazards associated with rocket launch are activated; this could be a few as two or three for short range launches with the maximum or 8-10 anticipated for longer range rockets.

17. What is a 'fillet'?

ANS: The new proposed airspace volume between the existing Danger Areas D701 and D704 (over Benbecula airport) is being referred to as a 'fillet' of airspace as it fills the gap between the two existing Danger Areas thereby providing connectivity to this existing airspace structure.

- 18. Is there a body that takes a holistic view of space activity? ANS: Yes, the UK government through the Department for Transport (Dft).
- 19. Why is space regulated in silos / by layers of regulation?

ANS: In the first instance planning is required and this has a very particular and complex process. Beyond this the CAA on behalf of the Dft provide the regulation oversight and approval of the associated airspace change process as well as the Space element of the CAA providing regulation and inspection of spaceport and LV operators through their newly created licensing processes as determined by the Space Industry Act (SIA) 2018 and subsequent space regulations.

- 20. With regard to the number of launches per annum, could all 10 be launched in a day? ANS: The number of launches is restricted to 10 per year; it is highly unlikely (virtually impossible to have more than one launch in a day) therefore, 10 launches in one day simply would not happen.
- 21. Will we be launching at night? ANS: No.
- 22. What is the ACP timeline?

ANS: ACP timeline governed by CAA and ACP process. At the moment, and if remaining on track, the airspace should be in place by late April 2025. The first launches might not take place immediately due to a number of factors not least the licensing requirements for both Spaceport and LV operator.

There was a general consensus from the majority of attendees that they were comfortable with the airspace change process and the ACP was being handled well/thoroughly.

There were a number of other questions and discussion points that were not airspace related, these largely related to the planning process and were directed to the SP-1 Project Board representative.

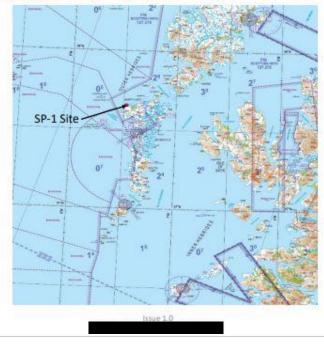


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Public Drop in Event Presentation



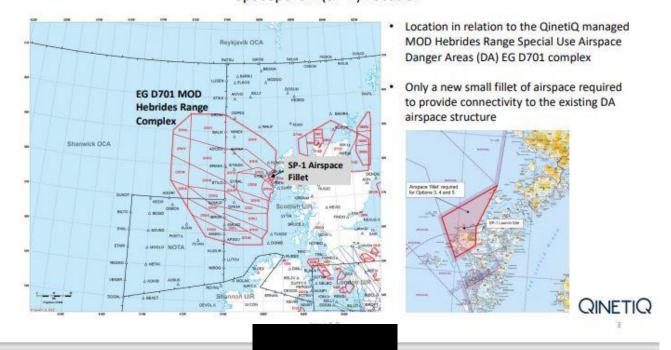
Spaceport-1 (SP-1) Location - Outer Hebrides



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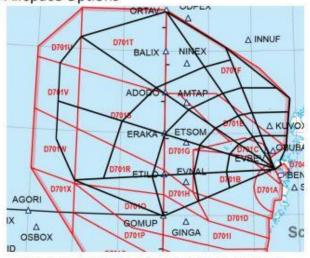
Spaceport-1 (SP-1) Location



Short Listed Airspace Options



Option 3 – (Preferred Option) New Airspace Fillet Providing Connectivity to EG D701 Complex, Maximising use of Existing Airspace Structure & ASM Procedures



Option 4 – Design New Bespoke Airspace Structure including Airspace Fillet

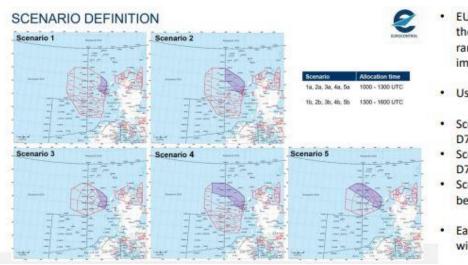
...and overlaid on existing EG D701 QINETIQ





Option 5 – New Airspace Fillet Providing Connectivity to EG D701 'Modified' with either New Sub-Divisions or Reconfiguration of Inner Areas (potentially benefits short range rocket launch as uses less airspace)





- EUROCONTROL were tasked to consider the 3 Options for both short and long range rocket launch, providing traffic impact assessment for each.
- Using 2023 data for busiest day 11th Jan
- Scenario 1 is Option 5 (re-profiling EG D701)
- Scenario 2 & 4 is Option 3 (use EG D701)
- Scenario 3 & 5 is Option 4 (new bespoke)
- Each scenario considered for two windows 1000-1300 and 1300-1600

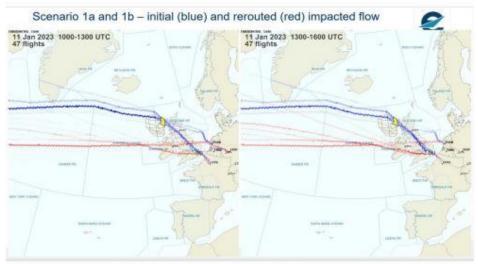


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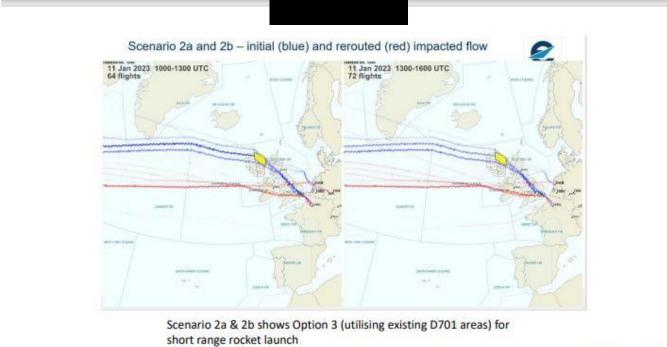
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EUROCONTROL Analysis of Short Listed Airspace Options



Scenario 1a & 1b shows Option 5 (EG D701 'Modified' with either New Sub-Divisions or Reconfiguration of Inner Areas) short range rocket launch





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EUROCONTROL Findings

	Total	Length	(NM)	Fuel (kg)		
Scenario	number of flights	Nb flights	Total	Nb flights	Total	
1a	47	45	1751.921	20	9992.51	
1b	47	37	1007.908	12	6023.64	
2a	64	45	1784.305	20	9992.51	
2b	72	37	1007.908	12	6023.64	
3a	48	46	1786.479	20	9992.51	
3b	48	37	1007.908	12	6023.64	
4a	69	45	1784.305	20	9992.51	
4b	83	42	1435.055	16	8968.93	
5a	73	49	2027.348	23	12401.91	
5b	89	52	1880.241	19	11346.03	

Evident that north/south expansion of D701 or bespoke areas has far greater impact than any westerly extension

For Short Range Rocket Launch:

- Despite scenario 1a & 1b (Option 5 modification D701) affecting less flights than scenario 2a & 2b (use existing D701), the number of flights required to fly additional miles is the same for both
- The same applies for scenario 3a & 3b (Option 4 new bespoke areas)

For Long Range Rocket Launch:

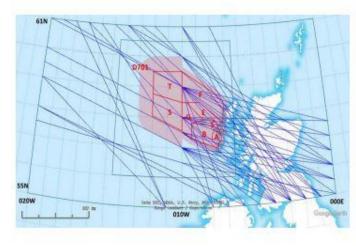
 Scenario 4a & 4b (Option 3 – use existing D701) and scenario 5a & 5b (Option 4 – new bespoke areas), the number of flights required to fly additional track miles largely the same – no advantage to use Option 4

Conclusion:

- Option 3 preferred option as:
- Smallest change, to maps, charts, equipment, training, processes and procedures. Known, understood, tired & tested. Considered the safest option

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Traffic Impact Analysis – Option 3



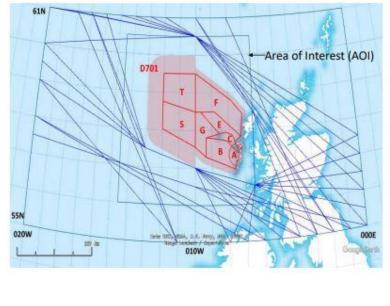
Assumptions:

- SP-1 limited to a maximum of 10 launches per year
- One contingency day per launch = 20 airspace activations
- Jetstream in summer favours NAT track southerly flow circa 2 days every 3. Reversed in winter months
- 6 launches expected in summer (12 activations) of which a third likely to impact NAT tracks = 4 airspace activations
- 4 launches in winter (8 airspace activations) of which 5 airspace activations likely to impact NAT tracks
- Circa 9 airspace activations will impact NAT tracks per annum
- Activations likely to consist of 6 long range rockets & 3 short range rockets (based on a ration 2:1 in favour of long range)
- Most common aircraft type B777 all variants burns
 9.61kg per km flown





Traffic Impact Analysis



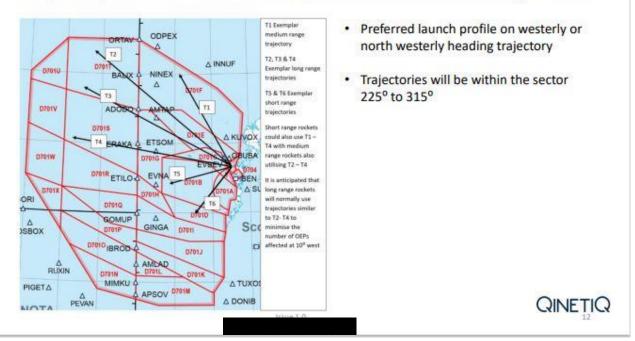
Findings:

Analysing 12 months data (2019) of actual tracks across the AOI (green outline) gave following:

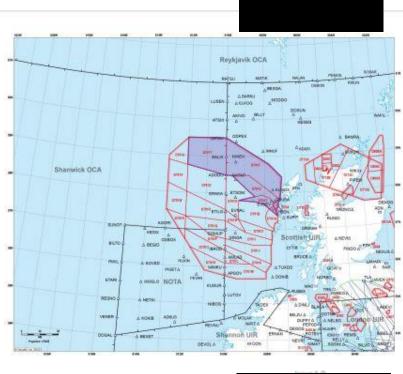
- Using the busiest day 29th Sep 2019
- Period 1300-1600 (launch window) 113 flights affected for long range rocket, average flight deviation 22.8 km
- 71 flights affected for short range (same deviation used)
- (6x113)+(3x71) = 1011 affected flight = 23,052km extra/year
- Equates to an additional 221.5 tonnes of fuel burn
- Consider B777 Dubai to Houston flight, extra fuel burn about 0.17% of total
- NOTE: Analysis assumed track deviations at Scottish FIR boundary – in reality deviations can be made much earlier



Exemplar Trajectories – All Contained Within EG D701 MOD Hebrides Danger Areas







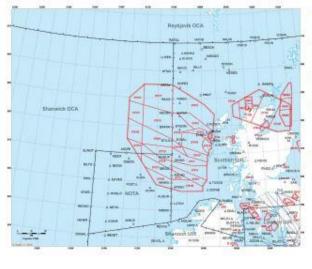
Exemplar Long Range Rocket Launch

- An example of the EG D701 areas needed for a long range rocket launch at steady state (not immature system) using Option 3 (preferred option)
- Might use more airspace than the other two options but as EUROCONTROL analysis shows, there is little or no difference on impact to NAT traffic
- Analysis suggests extension to the west has little impact on NAT traffic while expansion north/south has a significant impact

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Preferred option is Option 3 - only new airspace is a small fillet around launch site providing connectivity to EG D701 All sub-achital launches can be contained within switting EG

- All sub-orbital launches can be contained within existing EG D701 complex
- Expansion west/north west has less impact on NAT than north/south expansion of areas.
- Max 10 launches per year (roughly 20 airspace activations), estimate only 9 activations will impact NAT traffic due Jetstream, time of year/day
- Launch window circa 3 hrs in the afternoon affecting circa 184 flights on busiest day of the year using worst case launch scenario – immature long range rocket system





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Any Questions?



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Appendix F Stakeholder List & Media Contacts

Aviation Stakeholders	Other Stakeholders
2Excel Aviation Aircraft Owners and Pilots Association (AOPA) Airfield Operators Group (AOG) Airport Operators Association (AOA) Airspace Change Organising Group (ACOG) Airspace4All Association of Remotely Piloted Aircraft Systems UK (ARPAS-UK) Aviation Environment Federation (AEF) Babcock Aviation BAe Systems Benbecula and Barra Airport ATC Bristow Helicopters British Airline Pilots Association (BALPA) British Airline Pilots Association (BALPA) British Balloon and Airship Club British Business and General Aviation Association (BBGA) British Helicopter Association (BGA) British Hang Gliding and Paragliding Association (BHPA) British Helicopter Association (BHA) British Helicopter Association (BMAA) British Microlight Aircraft Association (BMAA) British Skydiving Drone Major Gama Aviation Alliance (GAA) General Aviation Alliance (GAA) General Aviation Alliance (GAA) General Aviation Alliance (GAA) General Aviation Safety Council (GASCo) Guild of Air Traffic Control Officers (GATCO) Heavy Airlines Helicopter Club of Great Britain (HCGB) Highlands and Islands Airports Ltd (HIAL) HM Maritime Coastguard Agency (MCA) Honourable Company of Air Pilots (HCAP) Iprosurv Irish Aviation Authority (IAA) Isle of Man CAA Light Aircraft Association (LAA) LAA Highlands Strut Loganair Low Fare Airlines MCA Met Office Military Aviation Authority (MAA)	Potentially Impacted: CnES Planning CnES Emergency Planning Group Community Land Outer Hebrides Fisheries Management Scotland Friends of Scolpaig Highlands & Islands Enterprise Innse Gall (HIE) Historic Environment Scotland Marine Fisheries & Seal Licensing Scotland Marine Scotland Compliance (local fisheries office) Marine Scotland MSLOT National Trust for Scotland Western Isles Nature Scotland Outer Hebrides IFG Outer Hebrides Natural History Society RSPB Scottish Creel Fishermen's Federation Scottish Government Rural Payments & Inspectorate Division (SGRPID) Scottish Water Sealladh Hiort/St Kilda view point centre SEPA Sollas Fly In Coordinator Sporsnis Storas Uibhist Uist Council of Voluntary Organisations UKHO Western Isles Fishermen's Association Interested Parties: Alasdair Allan MSP All community Councils, Outer Hebrides Am Paipear Angus Brendan Macneil MP North Uist Development Company North Uist Development Company North Uist Estate RYA Western Isles Constituency Labour Party Western isles Liberal Democrats



